THE RACINE JOURNAL

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WILLIAM L. UTLEY.

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TERMS OF THE JOURNAL.

The JOURNAL is furnished at *Two Dollars* per annum, in advance.

Any person sending us a Club of ten subscribers will be entitled to an extra copy.

Money in Registered Letters may be sent at our risk.

RACINE JOURNAL.

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RATES OF ADVERTISING.

ADVERTISING	3 w	5 w	8 w	3 m	6 m	1 y
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U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

The sale of the first series of $800,000,000 of the 7-30 Loan was completed on the 31st of March, 1865. The sale of the second series of Three Hundred Millions, payable three years from the 15th day of June, 1865, was begun on the 1st of April. *In the short space of thirty days, over One Hundred Millions of this series have been sold*—leaving this day less than Two Hundred Millions to be disposed of. The interest is payable semi-annually in currency on the 15th of December and 15th of June by Coupons attached to each note, which are readily cashed anywhere. It amounts to

One cent per day on a $50 note.
Two cents " " " $100 "
Ten " " " " $500 "
20 " " " " $1000 "
21 " " " " $5000 "

More and More Desirable,

The Rebellion is suppressed, and the Government has already adopted measures to reduce expenditures as rapidly as possible to a peace footing, thus withdrawing from market as borrower and purchaser.

This is the ONLY LOAN IN MARKET now offered by the Government, and constitutes the GREAT POPULAR LOAN OF THE PEOPLE.

The Seven-Thirty Notes are convertible on their maturity, at the option of the holder, into

U. S. 5-20 Six per cent.

GOLD-BEARING BONDS.

Which are always worth a premium.

Free from Taxation.

The 7-30 Notes cannot be taxed by Towns, Cities, Counties or States, and the interest is not taxed unless on a surplus of the owner's income exceeding six hundred dollars a year. This fact increases their value from one to three per cent. per annum, according to the rate levied on other property.

Subscribe Quickly.

Less than $200,000,000 of the Loan authorized by the last Congress, are now on the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within two months, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as has uniformly been the case in closing the subscription to other Loans. *It may seem probable that no considerable amount beyond the present series will be offered to the public.*

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE,
Subscription Agent, PHILADELPHIA.

☞ Subscriptions will be received by the FIRST NATIONAL BANK, RACINE.

may

PRESERVE YOUR BEAUTY, SYMMETRY of Form, your health and mental powers, by using that Safe, Pleasant, Popular and Specific Remedy known as

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

Read the advertisement in another column, and prove it.—

Diseases and Symptoms Enumerated,
Cut it out and Preserve it. You may not now require it, but may at some future day.

"It gives health and vigor to the frame,
And bloom to the pallid cheek."

It saves long suffering and exposure.
Beware of Counterfeits. Cures Guaranteed.

Jan6-2m

BRANDRETH'S PILLS.

They expel the poisons which threaten life. Every time a sick person is purged by this vegetable remedy, he has less vitiated humors and more life and vigor, as any one can prove by taking a single dose. Persons of spare habits gain flesh and strength while using them. Every time we rest a few days or weeks from the purgation, we make new fluids from our food, which replace the unsound ones that the Pills have caused to be evacuated.—Each time we repeat this process, we expel further quantities of impurities, which are again replaced by fluids less at fault in impure, so that in a short time, by continuing the treatment, we bring back the whole mass of fluids or humors to that state of purity which constitutes health, for Brandreth's Pills only take away humors which are unsound.

Sold by Geo. Gorton and H. Stone, Racine, and by all respectable dealers in medicines. Ask for new style.

Editor of Journal.

DEAR SIR: With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send by return mail, to all who wish it, *free*, a Recipe, with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads, or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
581 Broadway, New York.

july26-3m

DO YOU WISH TO BE CURED!

DR. BUCHAN'S ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS cure, in less than thirty days, the worst cases of NERVOUSNESS, Impotency, Premature Decay, Seminal Weakness, Insanity, and all Urinary, Sexual and Nervous Affections, no matter from what cause produced. Price, One Dollar per box. Sent, post paid, by mail, on receipt of an order. One box will perfect the cure in most cases. Address JAMES S. BUTLER,

july26-3m General Agent, 427 Broadway, N. Y.

THE MYSTERIES OF THE TOILET

Are often exposed in consequence of the inefficiency of (so-called) beautifying preparations; but all who use CRISTADORO'S INCELSIOR HAIR DYE know and feel that their secrets secure.

NO MORTAL EYE

can distinguish the blacks and Browns produced by this dye from those imparted by the Creator.

NO DESTRUCTIVE INGREDIENT,

nothing that can shrivel up or in any way injure the hair, mingles with the preservative vegetable elements of this wonderful preparation.

Manufactured by J. CRISTODORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair Dressers.

Price $1, $1 50 and $2 per box, according to size.

Cristodoro's Hair Preservative

Is invaluable with his Dye, as it imparts the utmost softness, the most beautiful gloss, and great vitality to the Hair.

Price, 50 cents, $1, and per bottle, according to size. apr13-1m

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

Consumptive sufferers will receive a valuable prescription for the cure of Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all throat and Lung affections, (free of charge,) by sending their address to Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York. sep28,3m.

My Destiny—What is it?

PROFFESSOR EUSTIS LARRARD, (pupil of Raphael, the London Astrologer,) will write out, scientifically and correctly, the FUTURE FAMILY DESTINY of any Man, Woman or Child. No Cards or Fortune Telling Trickery resorted to. These Life Charts point out particularly the FUTURE in regard to Health, Money, Absent Friends, Love and Marriage. Full Charts, $5; ten years, $3; five questions, $1. Satisfaction guaranteed. Send day of month and year of birth, whether single or married, and sex. Address EUSTIS LARRARD, Camden, New Jersey. may*

CHEROKEE CURE.

WHO TO KNOW, BUT WHAT TO DO.—There is no more pitiable sight than that of a young man stricken by weakness of will, yet possessed of sufficient knowledge to feel the loss. Wishing to do, but too enervated in will and in body to act. Heavy eyed when he should possess the eye of an eagle, listless when every nerve should tingle with energy, dreaming in lieu of doing, fearing marriage instead of seeking it, and fast sinking into a drivelling and a warning to others, and all through seminal weakness, due to over-indulgence, natural or unnatural, displayed, in loathsome emissions that humiliate and disgust him. To such we say, take the CHEROKEE CURE, observe the directions that accompany it faithfully, and it will infallibly bestow what nature meant you to possess: strength, energy, health, and, in lieu of impotency, manly power.—Read the advertisement. Sold by Geo. Gorton. jan

Poetry.

THE COMMON SOLDIER.

Nobody cared when he went to war,
But the woman who cried on his shoulder;
Nobody decked him with immortelles—
He was only a common soldier.

Nobody packed in a dainty trunk
Folded raiment and officer's fare—
A knapsack held all, the new recruit
Might own, or love, or eat, or wear.

Nobody gave him a good-bye face—
With sparkling jest and flower-crowned wine.
Two or three friends on the sidewalk stood
Watching for Jones, the fourth in line.

Nobody cared how the battle went
With the man who fought till the bullet sped
Through the coat undecked with leaf or star
On a common soldier left for dead.

The cool rain bathed the fevered wound,
And the kind clouds wept the livelong night—
A pitying lotion Nature gave,
Till help might come with morning light.

Such help as the knife of the surgeon gives,
Cleaving the gallant arm from the shoulder;
And another name swells the pension-list
For the menger pay of a common soldier.

See, over yonder, all day he stands—
An empty sleeve in the soft wind sways,
As he holds his lonely left hand out
For charity at the crossing ways.

And this is how, with bitter shame,
He begs his bread and hardly lives;
So wearily eks out the sum
A proud and grateful country gives.

What matter how he served the guns
When plume and sash were over yonder?
What matter though he bore the flag
Through blinding smoke and battle thunder?

What matter that a wife and child
Cry softly for that good arm rent?
And wonder what that random shot
To him, their own beloved, was sent?

Oh, patriot hearts, wipe out this stain:
Give jeweled cup and sword no more;
But let no common soldier blush
To own that loyal blue he wore.

Shout long and loud for victory won
By chief and leader staunch and true;
But don't forget the boys that fought—
Shout for the common soldier too.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

Celebrated Female Pills.

PROTECTED LETTERS BY ROYAL PATENT.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clark, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES.

It is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price One Dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

CAUTION.

These Pills should not be taken by Females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on Slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS,
Sole Agent for the United States and Canada,
JOB MOSES, 27 Cortlandt St., New York.

N. B.—$1 00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing 50 Pills, by return mail. sept28

THE YOUNG MAN'S FRIEND

Let every man be his own Doctor. This is the name of a Box of Medicines prepared by an eminent physician in Cincinnati, it contains a preventative and cure for all private diseases, with directions how to treat each case, therefore with the Young Man's Friend in your possession you have the full directions and medicine for the treatment of yourself and friends. It is for sale by Druggists everywhere. Ask for the Young Man's Friend. For sale by the Druggists of Racine. may31-6m

HOBACK'S STOMACH BITTERS.

It has long been the aim of physicians to find a combination of medicines having the requisite stimulating and tonic properties to relieve and cure the common complaints of biliousness, Liver disorders, Languor Headache, Lowness of Spirits, Indigestion, Jaundice, Fever and Ague, &c., which are the diseases incident to this climate. The remedy has been discovered by Dr. Hoback, and in thousands of cases the merits of his Bitters have been tested to the above complaints, and there is but one voice from the people, and that is in favor of these truly wonderful Stomach Bitters. We advise all who are afflicted and need anurrivalled tonic for the troubles above indicated, to commence at once using these Bitters. See advertisement.

SAFE

FIRE AND MARINE

INSURANCE.

RISKS TAKEN

ON ALL INSURABLE PROPERTY

BY ELDAD SMITH,

AGENT.

Office in Titus' Hall Block.

UNDERWRITER'S AGENCY,
CITY OF NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus.....$2,000,000

SECURITY INSURANCE CO.,
CITY OF NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus.....$1,467,000

LORILLARD INSURANCE CO.,
CITY OF NEW YORK
Capital and Surplus.....$751,000

METROPOLITAN INSURANCE CO.,
CITY OF NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus.....$750,000

CHOTON INSURANCE CO.,
CITY OF NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus.....$320,000

CITY FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital and Surplus.....$400,000

NORTH AMERICAN INSURANCE CO.
HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital and Surplus.....$872,000

NORTHWESTERN INS. CO.,
Capital and Surplus.....$850,000

WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS,
Capital and Surplus.....$240,000

MORRIS INSURANCE CO.,
NEW YORK.
Capital.....$200,000

COLUMBIAN MARINE INS. CO.
CITY OF NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus.....$2,500,000

Representing near

Nine Millions of Capital,

Affording ample security to the assured. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. Several of the above companies DIVIDE SEVENTY-FIVE PER CENT OF THE PROFITS with the assured.

Please call at my office for information and terms of Insurance.

july5-65-1y ELDAD SMITH, Agent.

THE PETROLEUM

COOKING STOVE,

For all kinds of Cooking, Heating Flat or Sad Irons, &c., without heating the room, and

WITHOUT COAL OR WOOD,

BY THIS GREAT INVENTION WE are enabled with

Two Cents' worth of Oil or 'Naptha,'

To do all the cooking ordinarily required for a meal in a family of six or eight, and with the greatest dispatch and perfect cleanliness, and a great saving also in time, as these Stoves can be heated as well as extinguished in a few moments. They are perfectly safe, do not get out of order, and can be managed by any one; are portable; can be used in any part of the house, as they make

No Dirt, Need no Pipe,

and will not heat a room. Heretofore no Stove has been constructed where the amount of heat could be instantly controlled and regulated to any degree desired. This, in

Baking, Broiling, Boiling, &c.,

is especially one of the features of the PETROLEUM COOK STOVE.

COME AND SEE IT.

☞ The Ladies are invited to examine this Stove.

Now on exhibition at the Rooms in the rear of Bank of Racine.

All orders promptly attended to by addressing
GEO. S. WRIGHT, Agent.

Racine, May 24, 1865.

Notice.

THE "FIRM OF TERRUSH & VAN Valkenburg" is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due said firm to be paid to John P. Van Valkenburg, and all debts against said firm to be paid by said Van Valkenburg.

JOHN P. VAN VALKENBURG,
M. TERRUSH.

Racine, July 19th, 1865—3w.

An Eastern Juggler.

While traveling through India, between Surat and Nagpore, my body servant one day informed me that a great juggler and snake-charmer wished to have the honor of showing me something of his wonderful skill.

"What can he do?" I asked.

"Almost everything that is marvelous, I've been told," was the answer I received.

"Admit him."

My servent withdrew, and returned with a small, withered old man, about whom I saw nothing very remarkable, except his eyes, which were small, black and piercing, and seemed to have lightning imprisoned in them. I do not know that the man could see in the dark, like a cat; but there was at times that peculiar fiery appearance of the balls which is so often observed in the night-prowling animals. He wore a white vest, Turkish trowsers, a sort of crimson petticoat worked with strange devices, a turban of many colors, and red moroco shoes, pointed and turned up at the toes. His arms and neck were bare, and, with the exception of a couple of heavy gold rings in his ears, he displayed no extraneous ornaments. His age I judged to be rising of sixty, and his short mustache was almost white. He made a low salaam, and then appeared to wait to be addressed.

"Your name?" said I, in Hindostanee.

"Pannjar, your excellency."

"I am told that you wish to show me some wonders?"

"If your excellency wills."

"Well, what can you do?"

He suddenly produced—from where I did not see and cannot tell—a large ball of twine, which he appered to toss into my lap keeping hold of one end so that it unrolled the whole distance between him and me, at least ten feet, saying, ashe did so—

"Will your excellency please examine what you see?"

Now, I honestly aver that I saw that ball of twine when he threw it as plainly as I ever saw anything in my life—saw it come towards me, saw it unroll, and apparently drop into my lap, so that I caught my knees quickly together to catch it—and yet, when I put my hand down to take it and looked for it, it was not there—nothing was there—and at the same time I perceived the juggler balancing it on the end of his finger.

"Pshaw!" said I; "you deceived me by making me believe you threw it towards me."

Does your excellency think I have it?" he asked; and before I could answer, I saw, in place of the ball, a large, beautiful rose, which he was balancing by the stem, and yet, he had not altered his position, and had scarcely stirred his finger.

I began to be astonished.

While yet I looked, I saw in his right hand a large cup, and in his left the rose. He stepped forward a few feet, laid the rose down on the ground and placed the cup over it. Here, it will be observed, there was no machinery to assist him—no table with its false top, concealed apartments, and confederate, perhaps, to effect the change, as we see similar tricks performed in a place fitted up by the magician for the purpose—but only my own own quarters, in the full, bright light of day, with myself sharply watching him within five feet, and my attendants grouped around almost as near. I would be willing to make oath—for I saw the rose distinctly, as the hollow vessel, held by the top, went slowly down over it—the conjurer resumed his former place, and said—

"Will your excellency be kind enough to lift the cup and see what is under it?"

Of coure I would have wagered a heavy sum that the rose was still there, for one thing, because, expecting some trick, I had kept my eye on it to the last moment, and was certain there was no possibility of its being removed after the hand had let go of the top. I complied with his request, stepped forward and raised the cup; but instantly dropped it with a cry of terror—for there, instead of the red rose, was one of the little, green, deadly serpents of India, coiled up and ready for a spring, with its small glittering eys fixed intently on mine. Snakes of any kind are my horror; and this one not only horrified me, but all my attendants, who, with cries of alarm, enlarged the circle very rapidly, for they knew its bite to be fatal.

"No more such tricks as these, conjuror," said I, sternly.

"It is perfectly harmless, your excellency," grinned the old man, walking up to it, lifting it up by the neck, putting its head into his mouth, and allowing it to run down his throat.

I shuddered, and half believed the juggler possessed of a devil, if not a devil himself.

He next produced a tube that looked like brass, about two feet long and half an inch in diameter, and next, the ball of twine again. Where these things came from, or went to, I could not tell. They seemed to be in his hands when he wanted them; but I never observed his hands passing near his dress, either when they appeared or disappeared. When I looked for the cup that I had lifted from the snake, it was gone, and yet neither myself or any of my attendants had seen this wonderful man pick it up! It was indeed jugglery, if not magic, of the most unquestionable kind.

Through the brass tube the conjurer now passed one end of the twine, which he put between his lips, threw back his head, and held it perpendicularly, with the ball of twine on the upper end. Then suddenly the ball began to turn, and turn rapidly, and evidently grow smaller, until it entirely disappeared, as if the twine had been run off on a reel. What turned it, or where it went to, no one could see. The juggler then set the tube the other end up, and a new ball began to form on the top, but apparently from ribbon, of half an inch in width and of different colors. This rolled up, as if on a bobin, till it formed a wheel of two or three inches in diameter, when the performer seemed to toss ribbon and tube over his shoulder, and that was the last I saw of either.

He next reproduced what appeared to be the same cup I had lifted from the snake, showed something that looked like an egg, advanced the same as before, placed the latter on the ground and the former over it, and again requested me to raise it, which I declined to do, fearing I should see another serpent, or something equally horrifying.

"Will any one lift the cup?" he said, turning to the others.

No one volunteered to do so, but all rather drew back.

At this he took up the cup himself, and appeared to throw it into the air, and there sat in its place a beautiful dove, which flew up and alighted on his shoulder. He took it in his hand, muttered over some unintelligible words, seemed to cram it into his mouth, and that was the last I saw of that also.

He performed some other tricks similar to these, and concluded with the mysterious bag. This bag—which somehow came into his hand as did all other things he used, in a manner unknown to myself—was from two to three feet long and about a foot wide. It looked as if it had been used to hold some kind of flour, and I certainly saw something like the dust of flour fly from it when he turned it inside out and beat it across his hands. He turned it back again, and tied up the mouth of it with a string, muttering a low incantation all the time. This done, he threw it on the ground and stamped on it, treading it all out flat with his feet. He then stepped back a few paces and requested us all to fix our eyes upon it. We did so; and after a lapse of perhaps thirty seconds, we saw it begin to swell up, like a blubber when being expanded with wind. It continued to swell till every part became distended, and it appeared as round and as solid as if filled with sand. Its solidity, however, was only apparent—for when the juggler went up and placed his feet on it, it yielded to the pressure, but immediately sprung back, or rounded out, as soon as that was removed. He then jumped on it with both feet and flattened it all out as at first. He then went away again; and the bag, being left to itself as before, again began to rise or inflate, but this time as if some animal like a cat were inside it. In fact I could see where they appeared to be legs; and then, to my utter amazement, I may almost say horror; it began to move toward me, as if impelled by the unknown something in it.

I do not think I am a coward—my worst enemy has never accused me of being one, at least—but I confess that on this occasion my nerves would not let me remain passive, and I retreated from the advancing mystery, and informed the magician that I had seen enough to satisfy me of his wonderful occult powers. At this he smiled grimly, walked up to the bag and trod it down again, picked it up and beat it with his right hand across his left, caused it to unaccountably disappear from my sight, and then made his concluding salaam.

"If your excellency wills, I shall now have the honor of showing you how I can charm wild serpents," said the necromancer.

I had heard something of this wonderful power, and was desirous of seeing it displayed. Accordingly myself and attendants all repaired to an open field at no great distance, where, after some search, Pannjar discovered a hole, in which he said he doubted not there was a snake.

"But before I call him forth," he proceeded, "I must be assured that some one of sufficient courage will stand ready to cut him down when I give the signal; otherwise, should he prove to be a cobra capella, my life may be sacrificed."

"I will myself undertake that business," said I, drawing my sword.

The man hesitated, evidently fearing to insult me by a doubt, and yet not eager to risk his life on the strength of my nerves, after the display of timidity I had already made. I thought I read all this in the man's face, and I said very positively:

"Never fear, good sir! I will cut down whatever you bring up this time, be it snake or devil."

"My life is at your excellency's mercy," bowed the man, with a show of humility. "Remember the signal. When I raise my hand above my head may the blow be swift, sure and deadly."

He then gave his whole attention to the business before him. Putting an instrument, not unlike a small flageolet to his lips, he began to play a shrill, monotonous, disagreeable sort of tune, keeping his eyes rivetted upon the hole in the ground; and soon after, to my utter astonishment, though I should have been prepared for anything, I saw the ugly neck of the hooded snake, the dread cobra di capella, the most poisonous of all the deadly reptiles, came slowly forth, with its spectacled eyes fixed steadily upon the strange musician, who began to retreat backward slowly, a step at a time, the snake following him.

When at length, in this manner, he had drawn the hideous creature some ten or fifteen feet from its hole, he suddenly squatted down and began to play more loudly and shrilly. At this the serpent raised itself on its tail, as when about to make its deadly spring, and actually commenced a dancing motion, in time with the music, which was continued for about a minute, when the charmer gave me the signal to strike. Guarded and stealthily I advanced near enough for the blow, and then struck, cutting the reptile in two, and sending its head flying to some distance. I never took life with better satisfaction.

Whatever deception there might have been about the juggler's tricks, there was certainly none about the snake, for I have its skill still in my possession. I gave the man a couple of gold mohurs and he went away perfectly satisfied, wishing my excellency any quantity of good luck. I was perfectly satisfied too, and would not have missed seeing what I did that day for ten times the amount paid.

Look Out for De Sauty.

Some years ago, during the latter part of the month of August, the most prominent name before the public was "De Sauty." Who De Sauty was, what he was like, where he came from, or whether he went, no one knew at the time, nor has been able to discover since. We use the pronoun "he" in speaking of the owner of the name, but might, with as much propriety use "she," or "it," for all that was known in relation to the gender of the mysterious one. There were some, and those men of deep learning in occult matters, who insisted on the alleged identity being a myth, and that "De Sauty" was merely an arbitrary sign used by the telegraph operators instead of "30," to designate the end of a despatch, or like the algebraical sign x, to represent an "unknown quantity," the latter theory being circumstantially, if not philosophically correct, for De Sauty was unmistakably an "unknown quantity." Even the name was the subject of dispute, for whilst one day it appeared as De Sauty, it would frequently be given on the next as De Santy.

All that is known of the individual supposed to be connected with the name, was that his presumed existence was first manifest about the time of the landing of the Atlantic cable on the Newfoundland coast, and that when the cable fell into a dangerous illness he sent out daily bulletins from Bull's Bay of the state of the patient, until all was over, when De Sauty also disappeared, no one knew where.

The theory put forth by O. W. Holmes was that De Sauty was a product of the electric current, drawing nourishment from it, and depending on it for his existence. As long as the cable was full of electrical life, its creation was blooming and vigorous, but,—

"When the current slackened, dropped the mystic stranger—
Faded, faded, faded, as the stream grew weaker—
Wasted to a shadow, with a breathless born odor
Of disintegration.

"Drops of deliquescence glistened on his forehead.
Whitened around his feet the dust of efflorescence.
Till one Monday morning, when the flow suspended,
There was no De Sauty.

"Born of stream galvanic, with it he had perished!
There is no De Sauty now, there is no current!
Give us a new cable, then again we'll hear him
Cry, 'All right! De Sauty.'"

Holmes was right. Another cable has been produced, and behold—De Sauty! As mysterious as ever, and with the old uncertainty as to his correct name, for while one account says, "Mr. De Sauty is in charge of the electrical condition of the cable for the makers," another says it is "Mr. De Santy." Where he has been during the past seven years is as much a mystery to the public as what becomes of flies in winter. It is enough that he is again on earth, after his long hibernation, ready to proclaim as of old, "All right! De Sauty."

[From a London Paper.]

A NOVEL.

TO BE READ IN FIVE MINUTES.

VOL. I.

Moonlight evening—shady grove—
Two young people much in love;
Heroine with great wealth endowed,
Hero handsome, poor and proud;
Truth eternal—hearts united—
Vows of changeless passion plighted;
Kisses—quarrels—sighs—caresses,
Maiden yields one of her tresses,
Obstacle to be surmounted,
Happy hours pass by uncounted,
Ugly rival, old and stale,
Overheard the tender tale.

VOL. II.

Morning in the East looks ruddy;
Scene—Young lady's father's study,
Hero, with his hat in hand,
Comes her ditto to demand;
Angry parents storms—abuses—
And at once consent refuses;
Maiden faints beneath the blow—
Mother intercedes—no go;
Shrieks—hysterics—protestations,
Mixed with old man's execrations.
Exit lover midst the din—
Ugly rival enters in.

VOL. III.

Time—A moonlight night once more,
Scene—Outside the lady's door,
Lover, with half-broken heart,
Swears he'd rather die than part.
Garden—flowers—umbrageous shade—
Manly accents—serenade.
Chamber window open wide—
Debut of expectant bride;
Little dog most kindly mute—
Tears—rope-ladder—flight—pursuit—
Gallant steeds—too late—night's screen—
Triumph—marriage—Gretna Green.
Old man's rage—disowns forever—
Ugly rival!—scarlet fever.

VOL. IV.

Old man sickly—sends for child—
All forgiven—reconciled;
Young man making money fast—
Old man's blessing—dies at last.
Youthful couple prove probate—
Get the money—live in state—
Family mansion—jewels, plate,
Mother's wishes crowned with joy—
Doctors—nurses—little boy.
Time proceeds—hair ties endear—
Olive branches year by year.
Blessings on the good attend—
General gladness—moral end.

Reading for the Young.

How do You Treat It?

"This Bible must not be on the floor," said a little boy, seven years old, as he carefully took up the sacred volume which some one had laid on the carpet.

"How *could* anybody put the Bible there?" he exclaimed with a look of astonishment.

Edward always treated the Bible with reverence; and even when he grew up, and was for a time a worldly man, he could not bear to see it abused or handled with disrespect.

I remember, one day after his return from an absence in far-distant lands, as he came into the room where we were sitting, he saw that the open window—the spring of which was broken—was supported by a Bible. I was but a little girl then; yet I remember, as if it were yesterday, how expressive his fine dark eyes were of pain and amazement as he went to the window and removed the Bible. Said he, "Allow me to put another book in place of this Bible. I do not like to see it used for any common purpose."

As years passed on Edward learned to love as well as reverence the word of God. A small copy of it, given to him by an older sister, was the companion of his wanderings about the world. Edward died a year ago, far from home and friends. It was a sad day when the trunks containing his clothing and books were brought to us. We felt that his Bible would be the most precious thing of all, and at last we found it. There it was; worn indeed, but it had been handled so carefully through the long years that not a leaf was loose, not a stain was upon its sacred pages. In these we found his favorite verses marked; and they spoke to us of his love for God and his word, and of his penitent humble spirit.

I have seen Bibles with covers scratched by pins and cut by pen-knives. I have seen Bibles in which people have ciphered or scribbled nonsense, to while away idle moments. I have seen Bibles thrown away into boxes of rubbish, while their leaves are falling out; and I have seen them lying among the crickets on the floors of church pews. I have seen them upon tables and bureaus shamefully covered with dust. Is not this treatment of the Bible displeasing to God? Is it not almost profanity? How do *you* treat your Bible? Is it in dust? Go right away and wipe off the dust from the holy volume! Beware of defacing in any way the holy Word of God, lest the Lord hold you "not guiltless."

GREAT OR GOOD.

"Oh, how I wish I were a man!
What wondrous things I'd do!
I'd write such books that all the world
Would read them through and through."
The fire flashed from his eyes, as if
He thought it hard to wait;
His mother whispered, "First be good,
Then, if you will, be great."

The boy sprang from his mother's side
With footstep light and gay.
But dreams of fame were with him still
Amid his childish play.
Years passed away, and he had grown
At length to man's estate;
Alas! he cared not to be good,
But only to be great.

He wrote; men read; the world around
Was ringing with his name;
His early dreams had never reached
To such a height of fame.
Yet would he sigh as if within
His heart felt desolate,
As if it were a weary thing
To walk among the great.

"Ye humble ones," he cried, "who tread
The path of duty well,
The peace of mind I may not find
Stoops down with you to dwell.
I would that I had lived like you,
Content in low estate,
Oh, could I have my life again,
I would be good, not great."

An Ugly Fellow.

Nobody could say that Impatience makes little show, or keeps himself in the background—nobody ever accused him of speaking softly. Don't know how to slam the door? And can anybody fling things about with more success when he has a mind? And as for seeing the best side—he hardly ever left a best side to see. Impatience could bring a cloud over everything, and generally got hold of the thorns instead of the rose. Indeed his bushes rarely had roses at all, for he picked the green buds rather than wait for them to open, and ate his fruit half ripe.

Impatience had two moods: in the one he was angry with everything of to-day, and in the other he wanted everything that belonged to-morrow and couldn't wait. He had a strange way, too, of misnaming things. It was "cruel" to make Grace learn her lessons, instead of playing all day; it was "cross" not to give her cake between breakfast and dinner; a rainy day was always "provoking." He told her to-morrow was "an age" off; he made her think to-day not worth the having.

Impatience always gave selfish counsel. How could Grace finish her doll's dress, if she had to play with the baby, or run up stairs to get her sister's thimble? And when she had sharpened her pencil for herself, of course she did not want to lend it—just to have the point worn off again. And then the dinner bell must always ring just when she was in the midst of an interesting book; and it was tiresome to run all the way up stairs to brush her hair before she went to the table. But if dinner was delayed a little too long, no interesting book could keep Impatience quiet then. What he liked, was anything but what he had—what he wanted was anything but what he could get.

One day Harry's mamma was very busy "picking a chicken" for dinner, and Harry was much interested in the process. The next morning while his mamma was busily engaged up stairs, Harry was very quiet; so long, too, that she mistrusted he was in mischief; so she quietly descended the stairs and saw him with the kitten in his lap, who was vainly struggling to free herself from his embrace. Harry was persistently *diving into* poor kitty's sides at a great rate. "What are you doing, Harry?" asked mamma. "Why," said he, "*I'm picking the fedders out.*

My uncle P—— was an awful snorer. He could be heard as far as a blacksmith's forge; but my aunt became so accustomed to it, that it soothed her repose. They were a very domestic couple—never slept far apart for many years. At length my uncle was required to leave home for some days on business. The first night after his departure, my aunt never slept a wink; she missed the snoring. The second night was passed in the same restless manner. She was getting in a very bad way, and probably it would have been serious, had it not been for the ingenuity of a servant-girl: she *took the coffee mill into my aunt's bed-room, and ground her to sleep at once!*

A ten year old Sunday school boy was asked by his teacher, not long since, what the phylacteries of the Pharisees were.—"Broad hems, such as ladies wear on their dresses," was the reply. "But the pharisees did'nt wear them for the same reason that the ladies do, did they?" "O yes," was the wicked answer, "to be seen of men."

He who reads most carefully and meditates most logically, will speak and write most methodically.

Items.

A Washington correspondent states that Ford has been notified that he will not be allowed to use his theatre building for theatrical purposes.

Fifteen ocean steamers left New York on Saturday, and twenty-four are advertised to leave there during the present week.

A telegraph line has been constructed from St. Johns, New Foundland, to Heart's Content, the western terminus of the Atlantic cable.

It is expected that the case of Miss Harris will go to the jury on Tuesday evening next. The general impression is, that she will receive a verdict of acquittal.

On the Mexican side of the Rio Grande fifteen hundred bales of cotton were recently swept away by a flood; but it was expected that most of it would be recovered.

A delegation from Florida arrived at Washington on Saturday, to oppose the appointment of Judge Marvin as Provisional Governor, but found that that measure had already been consummated.

DOUBTFUL.—"Is that good ice cream, uncle?" was the query put to a peripatetic vender of the aforesaid article a day or two since. "Oh, yes, Massa, dis-Union ice cream." *Dis* Union ice cream! why you'll be arrested as a Rebel, if you talk in that way. "Oh, no, sir, I ain't no rebel. Dis Union ice cream is what I sell; aint no rebel 'bout it certain." "But how can it be *dis* Union and you not be a rebel?" Old darkey (scratching his pate with a puzzled air), "Hi, I ain't sayd nuffin abou *di*union, I say dis *Union* ice cream." "Oh, you mean it's Union ice cream?" "Yes, dat's what I means; try some, sir? It's werry nice." "No, if it's Union I'm afraid it can't be disselved." Exit venerable African in a huff, debating whether he had not better change the appellation of his wares.—*Richmond Republic.*

COOKERY is the distinguished characteristic and glory of our race. No animal but man possesses cooks. Take them away, and what have we left but a munching creature of raw turnips and clams? The republic would soon crumble into ruins if deprived of this, its principal support, just as a house would tumble over if its kitchen were taken away. Your third, fourth and fifth stories are excellent in their way; but the first floor is the main stay after all is said and done.

IT has been shrodely said that when men abuse us, we should respect ourselves, and when they praise us, suspect them. It is a rare virtue to despise censure not deserved, and still more rare, to despise praise, which we do. But the integrity that lives only on opinion, would starve without it; and that theatrical kind of virtue, which requires publicity for its stage, and an applauding world for its audience, could not be depended on, in the secrecy of solictude, or the retirement of a desert.

SIZE OF ACCOUNT.—The best proof of this fact is contained in the following anecdote:

A talented African of the boot-black persuasion, while dancing like St. Vitus over a customer's boots, observed his partner poring wisely over a newspaper, whereupon the following colloquy ensued:

First member of the firm—"Julius, what de debbil you lookin' at dat paper fo'; you can't read."

Second member—"Go way, fellah; guess I can read. I'se big enough fer dat."

First member—"Dat ain't nuffin. A cow's big enough to catch mice, but she don't do it."

SCIENTIFIC NOMENCLATURE.—Sidney Smith was once looking through the hot-house of a lady who was proud of her flowers, and used not very accurately a profusion of botanical names.

"Madame," said he, "have you the *Septennis psoriatis?*"

"No," said she, "I had it last winter, and gave it to the Archbishop of Canterbury; it came out beautifully in the spring."

Septennis psoriatis is the medical name for the seven years' itch.

COCKNEY ZOOLOGY.—Precocious young lady—"Law, ma, 'ere's a heagle."

Mamma, reproachfully)—"A heagle! Oh, you hignorant girl! Vy, it's a howl!" Keeper of the menagerie (respectfully)—"I axes parding, mum; 'tis a 'awk.'"

IT is now asserted that Barnum's Museum was fired by incendiaries in several places simultaneously. Rebel-sympathizers are suspected of being the perpetators of the crime.

A DIRECT line of steamers between Baltimore and Europe is shortly to be established by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, which recently brought four government steamers for the pupose.

GENERAL CARL SCHUZ has been dispatched on a mission to the South, to ascertain the fitness of the states for restoration to their status previous

Racine Journal.

WILLIAM E. UTLY, Editor.

RACINE, WEDNESDAY, July 26, 1865.

Negro Suffrage in Wisconsin.

We print in this weeks issue, the law pased at the last session of the Wisconsin Legislature, submitting to the people of the state a proposed amendment to the Constitution, extending the right of suffrage to persons of African descent. It is sincerely to be regretted that in a christian land like ours, where all profess to owe allegiance to the same great king eternal; where all profess to believe in one God, the father of all flesh, and that he is no respector of persons. That the mere matter of *color* should be the cause of so much wrangling and ill feeling; that it should sett members of the same christian church against their pastor, and pastor against his people; father against sone, brother against brother, sister against sister, and the *old woman* against the whole of them. None pretend to deny that the same God who made the white man made the colored man, and that he had a right to fashion him as he pleased, and yet it is impossible for us, gazing as we do through the veil of prejudice, not to regret that it had not pleased the good Father to have given him a more comely feature and a fairer skin; for after having seen the negro in his native ugliness on a southern plantation, we are convinced that as a work of art the white race are decidedly ahead, especially the female portion. We are of the opinion that if *Eve* had been as ugly as some wenches we have seen, the devil would never have troubled her. But in point of real native goodness we believe the negro is ahead; he has been less affected by the fall. He is naturally religious; being naturally superstitious, and we believe that superstition aids and abets earnest devotion, notwithstanding the efforts that are being made to rid the world of it. There is however, a prejudice existing between the white and the black race that can never be overcome, especially so long as that prejudice is inflamed by party spirit. There will now be an opportunity for all those who entertain feelings of friend ship or dislike to the negro, to express them selves through the ballot box.

The Prospect Brightens.

The clouds of doubt and fear that have hung so gloomily over the people of this State for some weeks, are beginning to brake away, and the sunlight of joy and hope is streaming through. Thanks to a benificent Providence, and thanks to a self-sacrificeing and patriotic people. Ah, who does not feel a glow of just pride pervading his whole soul when he reflects that he belongs to a nation of people, wherein can be found men ready, whenever the exigency of the case requires, to come forward and lay themselves upon the altar of their country, a sacrifice for the good of our common humanity. Especially is it the case when our country calls for sacrifices in places of *trust and profit*. It is known throughout the state that the term for which certain persons covenanted to suffer for the people in the several state departments will expire with the close of the year. In consequence of the great sacrifices that have been made in behalf of our general government, there were serious apprehensions in the minds of many people that we should have difficulty in finding more willing victims, and it would be too much to ask those that have been famishing at the *public crib* for the last two years, to remain in that horrid condition for two years more; but all those fears and doubts have been dissipated by the voluntary offerings of our self-sacrificing people. A large list of names are presented to the people through the journals of our state, and I have no doubt there are other persons in the state, equally worthy and competent that might be induced to lay aside their selfishness and come out and serve the people for a short time.

The prominent candidates for Governer are Gen. Washburn and Gen. Fairchild. We do not suppose it would be of any use for any person of a lower grade than that of general to offer themselves for any first class position. We suppose the military hobby has got to have its run, and if the several state offices are to be parceled out as a reward of merit, there are a good many other generals that might be named for a prize. There is Hobart, Hamilton, Starkweather, Cutler and others; and, then there are persons in all other grades from colonel down to a private just as worthy and just as deserving as the generals.

Speaking of privates; in our opinion, the private soldier that left his comfortable home and carried his musket and knapsack through this entire war, at sixteen dollars per month, is entitled to more credit than the general that has three hundred dollars per month, and knows nothing of the dangers and hardships that the common soldier has to go through.

But in speaking of the prominent candidates for Governor, Gen. Washburn has been in the political field too long and is too well known throughout this state to require any notice from me. Gen. Lucius Fairchild commenced his political career four years ago, at the breaking out of the rebellion. Within the space of four years he has made a glorious record, and written it upon the hearts of every Wisconsin citizen.

The only thing that can be said against his nomination, is that he is a very young man for the position. There is danger that his friends may do him an injury by thrusting him forward too fast. They should recollect what the old catechise says:—"Youth forward slips, death soonest nips." As we have said before, if these offices are to be dealt out as rewards for merit, too much should not be given to one when there are so many very deserving persons that have had nothing. There is another very serious matter to be understood. How does he stand on the great questions that are agitating the people at this time? We know that his antecedents are democratic, but the only thing for us to know is what he is now. It should stop all cavalling among republicans about his recent entrance into the party—if he is in,—when they consider the splendid initiation which he paid; he sealed his entrance with his blood. But why don't somembody say something about Cash? *Hasn't* he done as much as *Lucius?* We like the whole family, and shall not consider that we are eating *biled* Owl, as Shanghai says, if Lucius gets the nomination.

There seems to be a disposition on the part of some, to throw our present efficient state Treasurer, L. D. Hastings, overboard. Now if men are to be rewarded for their services during the war, I know of no one more deserving than Mr. Hastings. No one has labored more faithfully for the interests of the state, and for the common soldier and their wives and little ones, than Mr. Hastings. We do not know that he wants the office; if he does, we think it would be difficult to find a better man.

We see that our old friend Tom Allen is spoken of for Secretary of State. Tom has been heavy on the fight, besides being a good man otherwise.

Any number of good men have been spoken of for Attorney General; all good men, and we hope to see the names of others in connection with that office before the thing is over; no one will think of dropping Col. McMynn.

Since writing the above, we have heard the name of Judge Baker of Walworth County, mentioned in connection with the office of Secretary of State. That would certainly be a nomination fit to make. Judge Baker has but few equals and no superiors in upright moral honesty and fitness for that position.

Soldier's Home.

It is conceded by all, that the Milwaukee Fair for the Soldier's Home, has been a decided success. The nett profits of the concern are put down at one hundred thousand dollars. The question naturally arises, what is to be done with the money? The prevailing opinion is that there is to be a sort of monastery or prison house erected, wherein maimed or indigent soldiers will be compelled to go and spend their days. The building will be elegant of course, and much of the money will be spent in its external appearance. We concede that the building ought to be located in Milwauke, in consideration of what the ladies of that city have done in getting up the Fair. Of course the soldier would prefer Racine in consideration of their *longevity?* The home for the disabled soldier should be built in the heart of a large city, in a sightly place where he can see the busy world if he cannot mingle with the crowd. But in our opinion, there are but very few if any solders in Wisconsin, that would care to leave their friends and homes and shut themselves up in such a place, for the most of them have had enough of hospital life. It strikes us that the money might be laid out in such manner as to prove a much greater blessing to those that have been made helpless in the service. Let a committee be appointed in each town to ascertain the condition of all disabled soldiers that have not the means or ability to take care of themselves, for those that have will never think of going to an asylum. Let those committees report the number of sufferers to those having the funds in charge, and then let this committee purchase each of them a little home among their friends. We may be mistaken, but it is our opinion that the number that would go to the home would be very small. Twenty years from this time there will be a plenty of indigent soldiers, men who have made no provisions for old age in consequence of their profligate habits. Some of those habits was contracted in the army, but there were in the army a good many soldiers that had few habits before they went in, which have not improved much. Finally, we think the committee had better do just as they please with the money and take the responsibility.

The Mary Harris Trial.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—The trial of Miss Mary Harris terminated this afternoon, having occupied ten days. The court room was densely crowded with interested spectators, including many ladies, long before the court was formally opened.

After Mr. Carrington had concluded his argument, Judge Wylie said to the jury that the law had been laid down by the court. Feeling satisfied they understood it, he would now submit the case without further charge. He hoped that he had made an impression upon their minds and that they would soon render their verdict.

The jury retired to their room, and in about ten minutes returned with a verdict of "not guilty." The announcement was received with loud applause. Some of the women cried with joy. Handkerchiefs were waved and hats trown up. Large numbers of spectators rushed toward Miss Harris to congratulate her on her acquittal, the word of which had scarcely been announced when she fainted and was taken from the court room in the arms of Bradley, her senior counsel. Persons outside caught up and repeated the declamation of joy."

We don't know about these public demonstrations of joy over such a terrible crime as that committed by Miss Harris. She deliberately murdered a human being! She sent her victim into eternity without a moments warning. The representation of joy in heaven over a sinner that repents, is hardly equal to the joy over the acquittal of this murderess. There is no respect paid to the feelings of the wife and friends of her victim. Who knows but what he had discovered the very trait in her character that caused her to perpetrate the terrible deed? Who knows what may have passed between them on that subject? The evidence all comes from one side. She had shut her victim out of court? He might have loved her, and no doubt did as passi nately as his letters revealed indicate, and after all have discovered those traits and passions in her character that precluded him from marrying her. Crimes like hers are getting to be common, and jurors are getting so eager for the sickening plaudits of the populace that they can scarcely leave their seats. We acknowledge that there are cases where it would seem justifiable, if there is any justification for murder; this may have been one and it may not. We think this making a heroine of every *she dragon* that is so steeped in total depravity that she can deliberately murder a human being, is decidedly against good morals. All any obscure female has got to do if she is anxious to obtain notoriety, is to get a few love letters in her pocket and then blow somebody's brains out; judges and jurors melt in her presence and the world cheers her for the deed. There is no safety for any person possessing an ordinary amount of facination. For instance, supposing we were coming down the street, (locked and secure as we are in our virtue,) and should meet a female of beautiful exterior; though her heart might be full of murder and all manner of wickedness; and we should bow to her, putting on one of our fascinating smiles, and the next morning she should come into our sanctum and blow our brains out, of course her counsel would have no difficulty in going into court and proving that our *smile* was perfectly irresistable, and the jury would never leave their seats to acquit her, and the ladies in our town would all weep for joy, as in the case of Miss Harris. I tell you that some of these *critters* must be punished.

A DISTINGUISHED California divine was asked, after a trip to silver land. "What he thought of the country?" He repelled: "There are but three things in Washoe, sir—big mines, little mines, and whisky shops: in other words, ophir holes, gopher holes, and loafer holes."

[From the Chicago Evening Journal.]

Lessons from the Harris-Burroughs Case.

The acquittal of Miss Mary Harris takes no one by surprise. Her case was perhaps more interesting to this community than to any other, although it was one of those occasional cases at law which draw the eagle eyes and engross the excited attention of the people from one end of the land to the other. Such cases are representative in their character, significant in their meaning, and prodigious as precedents. They take hold of the popular heart, stir the public sensibilities, and mould the public opinion. For this reason they are to be looked into with searching scrutiny, discussed with deliberation, and passed upon with an earnest and profound concern.

The case of Miss Harris was peculiar in some of its details only; in the aggregate it was one of a class of cases which, more than any other, agitate our sympathies, on the one hand, and on the other, awaken our apprehensions. The passion of passions was at the bottom of it, and was the main spring of it. A man wins the affections of a woman and professes to give his in return. This we affirm to be equivalent to, nay, it is, to all intents and purposes, an engagement of marriage. Whatever the statute may define it to be, or public opinion vote it to be, or the parties interested profess it to be, morally and eternally it is a positive betrothal of two hearts and lives to each other "for better or for worse." Circumstances beyond their control may justify them in an indefinite postponement of marriage, or in the mutual breaking of the betrothal bonds, but there are no circumstances conceivable which can justify the willful recreancy to those bonds in either party.

It was clearly proven in the trial of Miss Harris that Burroughs "made love to her," and made her love him. The letters they exchanged furnished abundant evidence of this. Burroughs made repeated declarations of his admiration and attachment to her in the most passioned terms. He exhausted the vocabulary of endearing appellations on his "Mollie," and called her by every name calculated to gratify her vanity, cultivate her susceptibilities, draw out her faith, satisfy her longing and excite confident expectations of a more intimate relationship with him who professed to be so enamored of her person and ravished with her charms. His attachment was reciprocated, his admiration devoured with insatiate avidity, and her letters to him were scarcely less furious with the dialect of *la grande passion* than were those of him to her. So it went on for months, for years. Was not this an engagement of marriage, a solemn plighting of faith at the hallowed shrine, a betrothal in every moral meaning of the word? Was not this young, susceptible and gentle girl passionate in love with her demonstrative lover? She was. And was she not justified in her love? She was. And was she not justified in believing and expecting that her lover would marry her? She was.

So it went until the letters of Burroughs stop, and he deliberately marries another. Betrothed to two, he marries one of the two. The rejected—ah, the rejected! Volumes could be written, are written with pens dipped in fire, designed to tell the story of the rejected, such as this girl was, in the sunny summer of her days upon the earth. The sequel in her case is horrible to be told, but not more horrible to be told than the stories of innumerable sequels such as this that are never told!

Crime grows crime, as money makes money. The crime of oppression provokes the oppressed to criminal means of deliverance. Injustice stings the object of it into injustice. The perfidy of Burroughs lets his life out at a bullet hole. The poisoned chalice that he put to the lips of another at last reached his own. Miss Harris, in the transport of her rage, becomes a law unto herself; retribution is swift, sudden, terrible. Burroughs sleeps in a dishonorable grave, and she whom he injured during life has injured herself still more by his death. Her path henceforth will be darkened by the shadow of her dreadful crime. She could not be convicted, and is not guilty of murder in any legal acceptation of the word, but she is not to be justified in her deed of retributive revenge. The act was morally and legally a grave and grevious crime, and although there are circumstances that palliate it, there are none that justify it, and it is therefore to be unconditionally condemned.

But while we say this, there is something else to be said. If ever a woman has a right to take the law into her own hands, and execute it, it is under circumstances only one degree more aggravated than those under which Miss Harris, in a fit of frenzy, took the life of her perfidious lover. There is one class of the wicked and abominable which all the manly-minded look upon with a hate so hot as not to be easily restrained. We mean the seducer. And this villain of villains is of many grades. He begins to be, and is, something of this villain who tampers and trifles with the affections of young woman. We do not know a class of men or of devils who are more vile and loathsome than these creatures of the "evil eye" and dark intent. They are murderers of virtue. They sap the corner-stone of social order, they are the assassins of domestic peace, they set men at variance and neighbors at war, make enemies of friends, pollute the springs that children drink of, blacken what is fair, defile what is sacred, enthrone discord where harmony has reigned, and spread contention, strife and madness where peace had hitherto prevailed.

For this sort of evil spirits there is little sympathy, but much violent abhorrence in the breasts of our best people, their deeds fire the blood of the most frigid, madden the stoical, lash into frenzy the most composed, and give over the most circumspect to the furious impulse of unreasoning revenge.—There are few men who have their temper so well in hand, or have a law-abiding conduct of such constancy as to guarantee their decorum in the presence of the perfidious monster who had tampered with the virtue or trifled with the affections of a female relative or friend. Such an animal, or beast, or devil, will never obtain a punishment of such severity as he deserves until he leaves this world, whatever may be the punishment he may receive in it. Let every honest man make up his mind to do his part toward reducing the number of this class of the reprobate and infamous.

JUSTICE COURSAL, of Montreal, who earned infamy by liberating the St. Albans raiders, is to be at once restored to his office of Police Magistrate and Judge of Sessions.

SINGULAR DEATH.—John Hess died of joy, at Ulica, at the return of his soldier son.

Council Proceedings.

CITY COUNCIL CHAMBER,
RACINE, July 24, 1865.

At a special meeting of the City Council, called for the purpose of devising means by which the sufferers by the recent tornado at Viroqua may be assisted, there were present His Honor the President. Ald. Van Pelt in the chair. Ald. E. Baumann, Wm. Baumann, Foster, Fish, Kelly, Phillips and Smith.

Ald. Foster offered the following preamble and resoultions, which were adopted:

WHEREAS, The village of Viroqua, in this state, has been visited by a terrible tornado, by which the greater portion of that village has been destroyed, and many of its citizens rendered helpless and reduced to penury and want, therefore

Resolved, By the city council of the city of Racine, That the condition of the people of Viroqua, who have been sufferers by the recent tornado at that place, appeals strongly to the charity of the people of this city.

Resolved, Further, That His Honor the Mayor be, and he is hereby requested to appoint a committee of three citizens in each ward of this city, to solicit contributions for their relief, and to forward the same to the needy of that village.

Adopted.

The Mayor appointed as such committee,—

FIRST WARD.—Messrs A. L. Phillipps, A. P. Dutton, M. Keidel.

SECOND WARD.—W. T. Van Pelt, J. G. McMynn, Geo. Bull.

THIRD WARD.—J. C. Smith, Thos. L. Williams, Chauncey Lathrop.

FOURTH WARD.—Wm. Baumann, Thos. Bright, Ira C. Paine.

FIFTH WARD.—Stephen Kelly, R. H. Baker, George Bucher.

News Items.

The subscriptions to the 7.30 loan, on Saturday, amount to $5,150,400. For the week they were $32,503,000.

The rebel pirate Shenandoah is supposed to be prowling around the Pacific, and apprehensions are entertained for the safety of of whalling fleet.

A fire in San Francisco, on the night of July 17th destroyed the Pacific Warehouse, and the damage is estimated at $250,000.

The amout of specie taken by the European steamers from New York, on Saturday, was only $51,289.

Requistious amounting to $6,000,000, for the pay of the army, were passed at the Treasury Department on Friday.

Governor Brough, of Ohio, who was in a critical condition on Friday, was much better on Saturday afternon.

JEFF. DAVIS NOT TO BE SEEN.—A Fortress Monroe correspondent, writes:

"The prisoners are kept closely guarded from view as on the day of their incarceration, notwithstanding the rediculous stories set afloat as to certain favored persons having a glimpse of Jeff. Davis, &c. It is a matter of the greatest difficulty to obtain a pass to enter the fort. Passes to enter Fortress Monroe are issued by General Miles, and by him alone.—They are charily granted. Urgent and important business is the only claim recognized, and if within the fort, the holder of the pass is as far as ever off from seeing Jeff. The much coveted privilege is simply unobtainable."

Here is another Jeff. Davis item:

"It is said that Mrs. Jeff. Davis is without money. She is in Savannah, boarding at the Pulaski House, sports a magnificent wardrobe, and shows plenty of money. Her little son seems to be enjoying himself singing, 'We'll hang Jeff. Davis on a sour apple tree.' Unnatural young Jeff."

Burglary at Wilmington, Illinois.

On the night of the 10th (Monday) the store of Henderson & Stewart on Walter street, was entered and the safe blown open. Between $6,000 and $7,000 was stolen, mostly in government bonds. Henderson & Stewart lost about $200, Dr. Bowen and Mrs. Fanny Bowen, lost upwards of $5,000. The villains who committed the burglary were experts at the business, very precaution being taken to insure success in the felonious enterprise. Rolls of calico and sheeting were first laid upon the floor, upon which the safe was thrown, the knob of the safe was then withdrawn and a fuse inserted. The top of the safe was covered with fine cut tobacco, to deaden the sound of the explosion. The lock was blown off, and the door neatly opened. One of the inner drawers was kept for the use of Dr. Bowen, not having the key to the same, this was broken open by a chisel. Keys to the other drawers were in the safe, and the balance of the mischief easily done. Two ladies, milliners, occupied rooms above; they heard the noise, but were too badly frightened to give the alarm. No clue has yet been had of the desperadoes who committed the robbery. Two suspicoious characters were about town the day previous, making inquiry of several parties relative to the expres office, banks, stores, &c. They left that night, and are supposed to have been the perpetrators of the robbery.

A SIGNIFICANT STRAW.—A correspondent writing from Alabama tells the following:

"On the train were two ladies from Decatur in company with a major and lieutenant. They seemed to be very proud of their gallants, and paid no attention to their old rebel friends. This at once excited jealously in the minds of their dupes.

"I see there's two of our ladies subjugated," said a recent rebel major to me.

"Do you know them?" said I.

"Well, I reckon I do," said he.—"They were the worst secesh women I ever saw; and I have often heard them declare they would never smile upon a man who did not go into the confederate army. O, ho, so it is—'friends in prosperity, enemies in adversity.'"

THE REBEL SOLDIERS AT HOME.—The Petersburg Express complains that the returned Confederate prisoners are received there more coldly than they would be in Maine or Massachusetts. They wander about the streets, reduced to skeletons, suffering from wounds, on crutches, in rags, without food or money, and are more kindly treated by the Yankees than by the inhabitants of the Cockade City.

HEALTH OF WASHINGTON.—Washingnon is said to be pervaded with the essence of defunct horses, and is getting to be very sickly. This terrible malaria is said to have caused President Johnson's recent sickness.

THE DIFFERENCE MADE BY HONESTY.—Street cleaning in New York, under the old system cost $1,200,000 a year. The new contractors agree to do it for $300,000.

BY TELEGRAPH.

[Special dispatches to the Chicago Republican.]

FROM the SOUTHWEST.

THE MISSISSIPPI SQUADRON.

Trial of the Keeper of the Andersonville Prison.

Release of Rebel Prisoners.

THE MEXICAN QUESTION.

STEAMER BURNED.

Trial of the Keeper of the Andersonville Prison—Release of Prisoners—National Currency.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The country will be gratified to learn that Captain Henry Verse, lately prison-keeper at Andersonville, is shortly to be put upon his trial for the cruelty and barbarity practiced by him upon our prisoners confined at that place. Let the soldiers who have survived their imprisonment at this prison, put Colonel Chapman in possession of any essential facts.

By direction of the President, all prisoners of war, including rebel Generals, are to be released upon their taking the oath of allegiance.

The national bank currency issued during the week ending July 22d amounts to $3,787,650, making a total of $157,007,665 now in circulation.

Letting of Land—Rebuilding of Atlanta—Crop Prospects—Homicide—General Canby—Reduction of the Mississippi—Squadron—Navy-Yard Removal.

CAIRO, July 22.—The Marble City furnishes Memphis dates of the 20th.

The planters near the mouth of Red River have decided to let their lands out, to either blacks or whites, for such a percentage of the crops as is customary throughout the country.

A report says that Atlanta, Georgia, is being rapidly rebuilt.

The fruit crop in Georgia and Louisiana is unusually abundant.

The Memphis *Argus* says: "The prospects for crops throughout Tipton county is exceedingly flattering. The growth of cotton is too rank, owing to heavy rains. Corn is luxurious, promising an abundant yield. Fruits of all kinds are plenty and of the best quality.

"As the steam ferry-boat was crossing the river on the evening of the 19th, a dispute arose between two passengers about a trivial affair, resulting in the death of a man named Richard Fleming. Fleming leaves a wife and six or eight children in destitute circumstances. The murderer escaped. Both were residents of Crittenden country, Arkansas.

"A day or two since a company of soldiers captured three of a band of thieving guerrills who have for some infested the vicinity of White's Station, and brought them to Memphis, where they are now lodged in Irving Prison, awaiting trial."

The Mollie Able brings New Orleans dates of the 16th.

General Canby has been assigned to the command of the States of Louisiana and Texas, reporting to General Sheridan, by order of the Secretary of War,—so says *The Delta*; but *The Times* say that no such order has been issued.

Some weeks ago your correspondent stated that orders had been sent to Admiral S. P. Lee, commanding the Mississppi Squadron, to make a still further reduction in his force, retaining only five vessels in commission. Yesterday the Admiral's ordered, in accordance with his instructions, was published in one of our city papers. The work of reduction is now progressing as rapidly as possible.

The navy-yard will soon be removed from Mound City to the vicinity of St. Louis.

The 77th Illinois Infantry, 234 men, under command of Colonel D. P. Grier, from Mobiul, arrived this afternoon, and left for Springfield by railroad, there to muster for pay and final discharde.

The steamer Lady Grace passed up the Ohio River this afternoon, with 500 bales of cotton for Cincinati.

Release of Rebel Prisoners—The Mexican Question—Application for Pardon.

NEW YORK, July 22.—The *Commercial's* Washington special says: "All officers, prisoners of war, are ordered to be released on parole, by General Grant's recommendation.

"It is stated that General Grant, in a recent conversation with the Mexican Minister, freely expressed the opinion that the French will soon be obliged to leave Mexico. It is known that the whole subject of Mexican affairs is now receiving the attention of the Cabinet."

The *Post's* Washington special says: "The President issued an order this afternoon, paroling every prisoner of war holding any military rank whatever.

"Stuart, ex-Secretary of the Interior, applied for pardon to-day."

Steamer Burned.

DETROIT, July 23.—The steamboat John P. Ward, partially owned by Taylor & Lyon, of Chicago, was destroyed by fire last night at Bangor, on Saginaw River. She was partially insured.

Foreign.

The steamer Caroline, with the shore end of the Atlatic cable, sailed from London for Valencia, on the 5th, and the steamer Hawk left on the 7th to assst in laying it. The war steamers Terrible and Sphynx had both sailed for Valincea, and the Great Eastern would leave the Nore for the same place on the 14th. It was expected that the fleet was to leave Valincea July 19th, and arrived at the Heart's Content on the beginning of August. Messages are constantly sent through the whole cable in the most perfect manner.

GREAT BRITAIN.—England is for the moment without a Parliament. The dissolution immediately followed the prorogation on the 6th, and writs for the new election were forthwith issued.

The appointment of Lord Cranworth as successor of Lord Chancellor Westbury is confirmed.

EGYPT.—A letter from Alexandria, June 28th, furnishes the following regarding cholera, &c. It says: "The existance of cholera was officially reported on the 11th of June, on which day 3 deaths occurred. By the end of the first week the deaths increased to about 100 per day. By the end of the second week they reached to 200; and on the 27th the number was 250. There was much alarm, and about 30,000 people quitted the city. Business was generally suspended; but Mr. Hale, United States Consul General, remained at his post, and the business of the Consulate was transacted as usual. No cases of cholera had occurred among the American residents or on American vessels.

MARKED DOWN FOR JULY TRADE

DRY GOODS,

CARPETING AND OIL CLOTHS,

AT

D. H. JONES'

136 Main St.

40 PIECES DRESS GOODS,

JUST RECEIVED FOR

JULY TRADE.

VERY LOW

CLOAKS, SACKS & SHAWLS,

At 33 per Cent. Reduction.

We have been giving some

GREAT BARGAINS

IN

TABLE LINEN,

And now we will give you some better, a reduction on them of

30 PER CENT.

"LESS THAN ACTUAL COST!"

We have a very large stock of all

WHITE GOODS,

At equally low prices.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c.

The public will

REMEMBER

That we have made a

GREAT REDUCTION,

On all goods for this month.

Now is the Time to Buy.

D. H. JONES,

130 Main Street.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

94 Main Street,

RACINE, WISCONSIN.

F. ELMLINGER

Has just returned

FROM NEW YORK,

With one of the largest and best selected stocks of

GOODS & CLOTHING

That was ever brought to this market. He carries on the

TAILORING BUSINESS,

AND

MAKES TO ORDER

All kinds of the most fashionable

GENTLEMENS' CLOTHING.

HE

Furnishing Goods

he will sell at prices to suit the times. He also keeps on hand a variety of

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings,

LINENS, SHIRTS, COLLARS,

Neck Ties, Pocket Handkerchiefs, &c., &c., which he offers to the public at the lowest figures for cash. A call is respectfully solicited.

June 1, 1865. june7tf

ICE! ICE!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PROCURED a large quantity of

PURE ICE,

he is ready to supply all who may want it, either by the season or otherwise, at reasonable prices. All orders promptly attended to.

☞ Orders for ice left with Langlois & Robillard will meet with prompt attention.

A. BETTRIDGE.

Racine, April 19, 1865.

PENSIONS, BOUNTY AND BACK PAY

Obtained for WIDOWS, MOTHERS, FATHERS, BROTHERS and SISTERS, for a fee of

Five Dollars Only!

Racine, Wis., Dec. 9, 1864. 6m M. KELBLE.

KENOSHA HOTEL.

A. N. CROTSENBURGH, Proprietor.

Park Street, two Doors East of City Bank, Kenosha

THOSE WISHING GOOD ROOMS CAN have their selection by applying immediately. Those wishing suits of rooms can now have their choice.

☞ Good Stabling is also provided at reasonable rates

May 18, 1864.

CLOVER, RED TOP AND TIMOTHY Seed for sale low, by

apr6-3m JOHN KIMBER.

STOVES, TIN, AND HARDWARE

THE SUBSCRIBER WISHES TO call the attention of the people of this city and county to his large and well selected assortment of

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

SUCH AS

STOVES, of all kinds, TIN & COPPER WARE, of every variety, of his own Manufacture.

He wishes to call particular attention to the new stove.

The "Moving World"

better adopted for saving fuel and doing all kinds of cooking than the "Stewart," or any other cooking stove in the market.

All kinds of

Harvesting & Farming Tools,

NAILS, CUTLERY,

and everything in the Hardware line. STOVE PIPES, EAVE TROUGHS, ROOFING, and

All Kinds of JObbing

executed with promptness and dispatch. PAPER RAGS, OLD COPPER, BRASS &c. taken in exchange for goods.

Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a call before purchasing elsewhere.

N. R. McFARLAND.

Racine, June 15, 1865. tf

Get the Best, Complete, Authentic and Well Illustrated.

THE LIFE OF

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Puplished in English and German.

PRESENTING HIS EARLY HISTORY, Political Career, and Speeches in and out of Congress; also, a General View of his Policy as President of the United States; with his Messages, Proclamations, Letters, etc., and a History of his eventful Administration, and of the Scenes attendant upon his Tragic and Lamented Death.

By Hon. Joseph E. Barrett,

Commissioner of Pensions, Washington, D. C.

1 Vol. 8vo., about 700 pages, bound in embossed cloth; sheep, library style; and half cloth. Illustrated with numerous fine Engravings of Scenes Identified with Mr. Lincoln's Early Life.

It is more than four years since Mr. BARRETT commenced the preparation of this work. During this time he has occupied the high position of Commissioner of Pensions, and in addition to his official relation to the President, has enjoyed a personal intimacy which elicited and placed at his command every source of information required to render the work reliable, full, and complete.

This is the only work for which Mr. Lincoln himself furnished all the material facts of his early life.

The work will be beautifully embellished with fine Illustrations from sketches taken on the spot of

The Birthplace of Mr. Lincoln;

House near Gentryville, Ind.,

The home of Mr. Lincoln for thirteen years, and where his mother died;

Little Pigeon Baptist Church,

Where Mr. Lincoln (when but a lad) and his parents attended;

The Log House in Sangamon Co., Ill.,

Where the "3,000 rails" were split;

Springfield Residence;

The Scene of his First Inauguration;

The Pioneer March—1816;

And a

Steel Portrait of the late President,

Pronounced by himself, family, and friends the finest and most accurate likeness produced.

This work is *sold exclusively by our duly authorized Agents, and can be had through no other source. It will not be for sale in the Bookstores*, and can not be had of the publishers directly. Hence those desiring to secure a copy for their libraries, should subscribe promptly when the opportunity is presented. We will guarantee that they shall be well served at the hands of our Agents. The success of the Agents now at work, shows an unusual readiness on the part of the people to subscribe. Judging from the reports that have thus far been received 150,000 COPIES WILL BE SOLD IN THE NEXT NINETY DAYS.

C. F. VENT & CO.,

GENERAL AGENTS for the North-West, 94 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

H. GRISWOLD,

tf SOLE AGENT FOR RACINE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

TRUNK AND HARNESS

ESTABLISHMENT.

EDWIN FOSTER, NO. 131 MAIN ST., Racine, is now ready to

Supply the Trade

with a splendid variety of

TRUNKS, HARNESSES,

VALISES,

SADDLES, WHIPS,

AND EVERY THING IN HIS LINE.

The articles of his manufacture

Cannot be Excelled

For Style, Beauty of Workmanship, or Durability.

Racine, June 1, 1865. june6tf

WM. HALL & SON,

543 BROADWAY, - - NEW YORK,

Agents for the Celebrated

Driggs New Patent

PIANO FORTES

WHICH ARE CREATING THE greatest sensation in the musical world, and have received the highest testimonials from all the leading artists in the country, among whom are

S. THALBERG, WM. MASON,
L. M. GOTTSCHALK, F. H. BROWN,
WM. HENRY FRY, THEO. FISHELD,
M. STRACKOSH, MAX MARETZEK,
HERMAN A. WOLLENHAUPT.

Having purchased the agency of George A. Prince & Co.'s Melodeons, Autoomatic and School Organs, from their late agent, Mr. Charles E. Bacon, we will be pleased to receive orders for these celebrated Instruments, and will always endeavor to keep a sufficient supply on hand to fill all orders at sight. The most liberal discounts given to the Trade, Churches, Clergymen and Schools. All Instruments

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

Manufacturers and Importers of

Flutes, Banjos, Violins, Guitars, Violin Strings, Accordeons,

and all kinds of BRASS and other MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Special attention paid to furnishing BRASS INSTRUMENTS FOR BANDS.

PUBLISHERS OF SHEET MUSIC.

Just published, "The Venite," a new collection of Chants for the Episcopal Service, for opening and closing Voluntaries, Musical Societies, Classes, and for the Social Circle, by Vincis C. Taylor. Price—Boards, 35 cts; Cloth, $1.00.

In press, and will soon be issued, BASSINI'S TWENTY MELODIC EXERCISES, for the study of the proper art of singing, by Carlo Bassini, author of Bassini's Art of Singing. And

PIANO-FORTE CALISTHENICS,

A collection of FIVE FINGER, CORD and SCALE PASSAGES, for speedily developing the muscles of the fingers, and acquiring that degree of flexibility, independence and velocity, which are so indispensable to a good performance on the

PIANO-FORTE,

By Francis H. Brown.

Music sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the marked price.

WILLIAM HALL & SON,
540 Broadway, New York.

June7

GOOD PASTURING.

I CAN FURNISH PASTURING FOR twenty head of stock, on my farm at Ives' Grove. The pasture is the best of Clover and Timothy, and well watered. Terms reasonable. Apply to Norman Clark, Racine, or the undersigned, Ives' Grove.

June 1, 1865. 6t JOHN BUSH.

1865.

SPRING TRADE.

Dry Goods for the Million!

I will offer this week several hundred pieces of

SPRING AND SUMMER

DRESS GOODS,

AT RETAIL,

Considerably Below the Present Market Value.

Also, a large line of

CLOAKINGS,

IN ALL COLORS.

I wish to call particular attention to my stock of

DOMESTIC WOOLENS

AND

COTTONS,

which I am retailing at

Less than present New York Value.

EDWARD McENERY,

138 Main Street.

P. S.—A full stock of

Heavy, Plain and Brocaded

DRESS SILKS

RECEIVED.

Racine, May 24. wtf

MAKE A LOUD NOISE

AND

Sing Unto all ye People

OF

Wisconsin, Racine Co. and Racine

THAT

Kidder & Harris

are selling the

Best, Purest and Choicest

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

WINES, BRANDIES,

PATENT MEDICINES,

Perfumery,

TOILET ARTICLES, &c., &c.

that were ever imported to this city.

N. B.—That K. & H. are Selling the Purest

T'S,

Namely, the SAME QUALITY for the SAME PRICES formerly kept by Thorye & Gorton.

N. B.—That K. & H. are Selling

Mixed & Ground Spices,

Pure as Pure can be.

N. B.—That K. & H. are selling the choicest

COFFEES

IN TOWN.

N. B.—That K. & H. put up all kinds of

PRESCRIPTIONS

WITH THE GREATEST CARE.

N. B.—That while you are looking around to find the best, rest assured that K. & H. keep the best

DRUGS AND GROCERIES.

N. B.—Remember the number,

City Tea Mart, No. 148 Main St.

Racine, Jan. 18, 1864.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE

GIRARD HOUSE.

PHILADELPHIA,

Respectfully call the attention of Business Men and the travelling community, to the superior accommodation and comfort offered in their establishment.

Sept30-3m KANAGA, FOWLER & Co.

REVERE HOUSE,

Cor. Clark and Finnie Sts.,

CHICAGO, - - - ILLINOIS.

G. DUTCHER, ... PROPRIETOR.

W. H. JOY. E. JAMIESON

JOY & JAMIESON,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

OFFICE, TITUS' BLOCK,

Racine, - - - Wisconsin.

Racine, Dec. 9th, 1864. dec9-3m

J. C. LUKES,

DENTIST,

OFFICE RACINE HOUSE BLOCK.

Residence corner of Eighth and Wisconsin streets, directly east of the German Catholic Church.

DENTISTRY

practised in all its branches, in the best manner, and on reasonable terms.

City & Local Matters.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 26, 1865.

Departure of Trains and Closing of Mails.

	Departure of Trains.	*Closing of Mails*
Going South—8.38 A. M.		8.00 A. M.
" " "	5.33 P. M.	5.10 P. M.
Freight,	7.32 A. M.	
Going North—11.57 noon.		11. 30A. M.
" "	7.18 P. M.	6.40 P. M.
Freight,	5.30 A. M.	
Going West—10.00 A. M.		9.50 A. M.
" "	5.45 P. M.	5.15 P. M.
Freight,	8.30 P. M.	

JOHN TAPLEY, P. M.

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN R. R.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after Monday, November 28th, trains will leave and arrive at Chicago, as follows:

WISCONSIN DIVISION.

	Leave.	*Arrive.*
Day Passenger	9.00 A. M.	9.45 P. M.
Night Passenger	3.00 P. M.	3.00 A. M.
Woodstock Accommodation	3.00 P. M.	10.50 A. M.
Janesville Passenger	6.15 P. M.	2.15 P. M.
Madison Passenger	4.30 P. M.	9.15 P. M.

GALENA AND IOWA DIVISIONS

Fulton and Cedar Rapids Pass.	5.15 A. M.	7.30 P. M.
Freeport and Dunleith Pass.	9.00 A. M.	3.30 P. M.
DeKalb Accommodation	4.00 P. M.	11.10 A. M.
Rockford "	4.00 P. M.	11.10 A. M.
Rock River Valley Accom.	4.00 P. M.	11.10 A. M.
Geneva Accommodation	5.30 P. M.	9.40 A. M.
Iowa Express Passenger	7.00 P. M.	5.00 A. M.
Freeport and Dunleith Pass.	9.15 P. M.	1.30 A. M.

The Night Passenger train leaves Dunleith and Freeport going East Sunday night instead of Saturday. The 7.00 P. M. Iowa Express leaves Chicago Sunday night instead of Saturday. Sleeping Cars on all night trains.

G. M. WHEELER, General Ticket Agt. GEO. L. DUNLAP, General Sup't.

☞ A number of communications are unavoidably crowded out this week.

THE PROSPECTS.—We learn from people coming in from the country, and from our exchanges, that our state is rich in all the products of the soil. It has been a hard race between the chinch bugs and the wheat; the elements have been on the side of the wheat, and in most cases it will get out about a neck ahead. From present indications the prices of all kinds of produce will be fair. Wool is beginning to come in; producers are holding on for higher prices. Prices during the past week have averaged 50 cents and upwards.

We are known to be a better judge of *horse hair* than we are of wool, but if any farmer thinks he can show us a better lot of wool than the one hundred fleeces shown us by Mr. David Teft, his own clip for this year, we will go some ways to see it. These fleeces, (ewes) weighed between eleven and twelve pounds each.

The buyers in this City at present, are M. B. Mead, David Teft and Mr. Harrison. This will make competition enough to keep prices up.

To the Agents of Racine County representing First Class Mowing Machines:

For the purpose of testing the respective qualities of the several machines, I would say that I will bet from $50 to $500 that I am making as good a Mower as there is sold in this market, the judges to be selected from the farmers of this county by the parties as they can agree; the committee to consist of five persons, who will judge of all the respective qualities of the machines on trial, as to the amount of ground cut, the quality of the work, the draught, durability, etc. The time for trial to be fixed by the parties, and the money to go to the credit of the Poor Fund of this county.

july5-tf THOS. FALVEY.

Advocate please copy.

CONGRESS HALL.—There is nothing that so much adds to the reputation of a village or city, as the character of its hotels. A good breakfast or a good dinner elevates a place in the estimation of a hungry man more than anything he may see in its external appearance and a poor dinner will bring curses upon a place for years, whenever its name is mentioned within the hearing of the victim of said poor dinner. Our city is fortunate in its hotels at present. We detract nothing from other hotels in saying that Congress Hall is one of the best kept hotels in the state. Elisha Raymond, the proprietor, is among the oldest of our citizens. There is but one thing that can be said against him, and that is, everybody likes him and speaks well of him; a very good recommendation for a landlord, but it would not do for a politician. Seneca Raymond—everybody knows him—has a sort of supervision of matters. Seneca's good nature would make a man happy if there was nothing else in the house, but there is. Congress Hall has in it what very few hotels have—a landlady, and one that knows how things ought to be done and sees that they are done, too. A visit to Congress Hall kitchen will not destroy a man's appetite for his dinner. We are not writing this for a free dinner or a cigar, for we have had neither, but simply for the love of telling the truth.

☞ Fine peaches are in the market.—Clough & Jewett are receiving them daily, and have made arrangements for a daily supply during the season. They will sell at retail or by the box at the lowest prices. Whortleberries and apples, and all kinds of vegetables are kept on hand at No. 4, Sixth street.

Racine, July 26, 1865.—2w.

THE CHILD'S PAPER.—We have just received the first number of the "Little Corporal," a child's paper lately started in Chicago. We have looked it over carefully, and we do not remember to have seen a paper that more nearly comes up to our idea of what a child's paper should be, than the "Little Corporal." Filled as it is with entertaining stories that teach lessons of charity and benevolence, with here and there a word of good advice. We sincerely hope the paper will succeed, for we hold that there is nothing of such importance as to create a taste in the mind of a child for good reading. There is nothing more delerious to the young, we think, than this miserable trash that fills the land, in the shape of pirate and robber novels. It is impossible for a child to read of crimes against the laws of God and man, wrought by fiction into heroic deeds, without contaminating the mind of the child. Much better, we think, would it be to give them books and papers which will both amuse and instruct, and at the same time foster a true spirit of christianity and kindness.

NEW STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES.—John Beck has just received a new and splendid stock of Boots and Shoes, of new and choice styles, which he offers to sell 25 per unless than they can be purchased elsewhere. The public are invited to call and examine his stock, and test the prices. He is disposed to make quick sales, and will close out this new lot at lower rates than have been purchased in Racine for a long time.

April 5th.

☞ We received a call from Judge Terhune, of Viroqua, who is visiting the principal towns in the state, in behalf of the sufferers of that village, who lost everything they possessed, by the terrible tornado that swept through that town on the 8th day of June last. It will be seen in another column, that a special meeting of the City Council was called by the Mayor of this city. It is expected that our citizens will show their usual liberality on this occasion.

NOTICE.—The undersigned inform the public that he has disposed of the JOURNAL office to Col. WM. L. UTLEY. He has also disposed of the accounts due him for advertising and subscription from the 24th May, 1865. Col. Utley will carry out all contracts for advance subscription and advertising made by the undersigned. The undersigned is ready to pay his debt as usual on demand.

C. CLEMENT.

Racine July 12, 1865. tf

☞ We noticed the other evening a well dressed good looking man walking up the side walk. We thought that in his lineaments we could trace a familiar look, yet we wasn't sure, and we should have passed by unheeding, had he not spoken to us. Then we recognized our old friend Warner, the land agent. What it was that had so changed his appearance we could not make out, until he explained the mystery. He had invested in a new style of hat at Charles Pauli's. We would advise all who bear upon their crowns dilapidated tiles, to go and do likewise.—Pauli keeps constantly on hand the finest stock of hats and caps of any firm in the city, and he is always up to time with the latest fashions. Your get up, gentlemen, will be incomplete if you haven't one of Pauli's beavers upon your head.

SECOND HAND furniture bought and sold at the old stand of J. TOMLINSON.

All kinds of picture framing done to order. Rear of Ullman's bank, corner of Fourth and Main streets, Racine, Wis.

RACINE, July 19th, 1865—3t*

SATURDAY afternoon the citizens of the lower end of Main street were highly entertained by a genuine free fight, in which several pugnacious individuals were more or less maimed, bruised and otherwise maltreated. It is so seldom that our citizens have the pleasure of witnessing exhibitions of this sort, that in a short space of time a large crowd collected to enjoy the delightful spectacle of three or four drunken men pounding, kicking and stabbing one another. Unfortunately for the principal actors in the affair, the Sheriff made his appearance, which put a stop to the friendly trial of strength.—From what we can learn of the case, whisky was the cause of the whole disturbance.

AGRICULTURAL.—At a meeting of the Board of the Racine Agricultural Society, held at Burlington, July 14th, it was unanimously resolved that the next exhibition of this Society should be held Oct. 3d, 4th and 5th, 1865.

J. W. BUELL, Sec'y.

July 19th 1865.—4w.

"MAN is a carnivorous production," he must have prey, and cannot exist good-naturedly upon the products of the earth. As in days gone by, the blood of lambs and bullocks is daily spilled for man, not to wash away their sins, but that they may have something to appease their raparious maws. But we could not imagine what in the world Gorton & Rowley were going to do with all the meat they had last Saturday morning. Not a hook in the shop but that was in use. We went that way again, and lo! it was all gone, and completely sold out. Polite and attentive to all, they endeavor to merit their share of patronage, by keeping the very best meats that money can buy. Success to the boys!

RESIGNA.—Mr. Terbush has tendered his resignation as City Marshal, which has been accepted. Mr. Terbush's business did not allow him to remain in the office, as he will be absent from the city most of the time. During the time he filled the office no man could more fearlessly and honestly discharge his duties, and in loosing him the city has lost one of its best and most efficient officers. The city council appointed Wm. H. Baker to fill the vacancy. We are not acquainted with the gentleman, but from what we hear of him, he will faithfully do his duty.

RACINE AND MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD.—Statement of freights shipped and received by Racine and Mississippi Railroad, for the week ending July 24, 1865:

Wheat, Bushels	29 963
Corn	2 160
Flour, Barrels	400
Sundries, pounds	21 150

SHIPMENTS.

Lumber, M	365
Shingles, M	185
Lath, M. feet	55
R. R. Ties	9 870
Wood, cords	115
Coal, Tons	400
R. R. Iron, Tons	90
Salt, bbls	750
Lime, bbls	200
Merchandise, lbs	41 000
Agricultural Implements, lbs	51 000

J. G. BALDWIN, Agt.

WE regret to learn that James Bolton was seriously injured last Tuesday, while at work in his slaughter house. The beam that he used to hang the meat upon slipped from its place, striking him upon the head. Dr. Page was called to the case, and at first serious doubts of Mr. Bolton's recovery were entertained, but we are glad to state that at last accounts the Doctor considered his patient out of danger, and in a fair way of a speedy recovery.

GRAIN STATEMENT.—The following statement, will show the readers of the Journal the amount of business done at the Thomson elevator, so far this season:

Wheat	455 116
Corn	70 074
Oats	160 293
Total amount shipped	680 480

FIRE.—Last Wednesday night Mr. Yates' house, which was occupied by Mrs. Jennings, was totally destroyed by fire. Mrs. Jennings lost nearly all her furniture and household goods; scarcely anything was saved. No one seemed to know anything of the fire until the next morning. At least we did not. We never heard the alarm if any was sounded—we never do, being one of the innocent kind that sleep. The origin of the fire is not known.

PERSONAL.—We are pleased to see our friend Theodore Lees once more among us, looking only a little older than he did when he was a student. Mr. Lees is at present engaged in business in St. Louis and is here on a short visit to his friends and relations.

A SALOON ITEM.—The three late fancy drinks in California are called "ladies' tear punch," "anti-divorce cock-tails, and "soul-stirring solace."

☞ B. F. Weeks, our enterprising dry goods merchant, has just received a new stock of sheetings, prints and shawls. He expects another large stock next week, and all those who are in want of anything in the dry goods line had better call soon, before the goods are all gone.

THE many friends of Thomas St. George, or as the young ladies more affectionately style him, "Tommie," were rejoiced to meet him last Saturday, looking as hale and handsome as ever. We understand he is to return soon, and once more locate himself permanently in Racine.

MARKETS.

RACINE JOURNAL OFFICE, Racine, July 26, 1865.

Wheat, by teams, 85c@$1.05.
Oats, 80@86c.
Corn, 50@60c.
Barley, no sales.
Flax Seed $1.50.
Potatoes, doubling, 50@60c.
Butter, 16@18c.
Eggs, 15c.
Beef, on foot, $2.50@3.50.
Pork, dressed, $9.00.
Calves, $5.00@10.00.
Sheep, per head, $3.00@5.00.
Lambs, $2.50@4.00.
Wool, 60@65c.
Hides, green, 5c. per lb.
" Salted, 6c. per lb.
Calf Skins, green, 8@11c.
" Dry, 25@26c.
Deacon Skins, 25@30c.

Marine Intelligence.

The following Vessels have arrived and cleared at this port, for the week ending July 26th, 1865:

ARRIVED.

Schr. W. H. Dewit, Higgie, Chicago; light.
" Gipsey, Pugh, Twin Rivers; 115 cords Wood.
" Pilgrim, Moore, Chicago; light.
" Contest, Ahlrich, Holland; 55 cords Bark.
" G. Knapp, Jones, Twin Rivers; 120 m Lumber.
" Eva McCune, Manitowoc; 20 cords Wood.
" Wm. H. Ludington, Wood, Big Sturgeon; 50 cub. m Light House Timber.
" Fox Star, Great Point Scribbe; 70 cds. Shingle bolts.
" Elite, Dorgeit; 13 cords Railroad Ties.
" Montauk, Chalbur, Buffalo and Bay City; 2,536 bbls salt.
" G. Knapp Jones, Twin Rivers; 120 m Lumber.
" Young America, Cleveland; 400 tons Coal.
" Wm. Rayner, Cleveland; 250 tons Coal.
Barque Wm. Sturgis, Simpson, Chicago; light.

CLEARED.

Schr. Pioneer, Holland; light.
" W. H. Dewitt, Higgie, Buffalo; 11,000 bu. Wheat.
" Gipsey, Pugh, Twin River; light.
" Pilgrim, Moore, Buffalo; 10,125 bushels Wheat.
" Contest, Ulrich, Holland; light.
" Elite, Dorgeit, Wolf River; light.
" Mount Eagle, Childs, Chicago; light.
" G. Knapp, Jones, Twin Rivers; light.
Barque Wm. Sturgis, Simpson, Buffalo; 16,000 bu. Wheat.
Prop. Mendota, Dunham; 1 800 bbls flour.

Chicago & Milwaukee Railway.

TIME TABLE.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JUNE 5TH 1865, trains will leave Racine as follows, viz:

GOING SOUTH.

Passenger Train	8.23 A. M.
"	5.33 P. M.
Freight "	7.32 P. M.

GOING NORTH.

Passenger Train	11.57 A. M.
"	7.18 P. M.
Freight Train, (Mondays excepted)	5.30 A. M.

J. B. FOSTER, Agent.
june7tf

New Advertisements.

Proposed Constitutional Amendment.

CHAPTER 414.

AN ACT to extend the right of suffrage.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. The right of suffrage is hereby extended to male persons of African blood, who shall have attained the age of twenty-one years or upwards, with the same qualifications and restrictions now imposed upon other voters in section one of article six, of the constitution.

SEC. 2. This act, before it takes effect, shall be submitted to the people, at a general election, to be held on the Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday of November, 1865, when, if such majority of votes as is required by the constitution, be cast for it, it shall be of force and effect under the requirements hereinafter prescribed; but of such majority be not cast for it, it shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 3. The ballot to be used on this occasion, shall be for the affirmative, "for extension of suffrage," for the negative, "for the extension of suffrage, no," which shall be on the general ballot used at the said election, and deposited in the same box; and all persons qualified by law to vote at any election in this State, shall be deemed voters on this question.

SEC. 4. These votes shall be counted and returned by the inspectors of the election, in all respects as votes for state officers are counted and returned.

SEC. 5. The officers now designated by law to canvass the returns of votes for state officers, shall canvass the return on this question, at the same place and under the same regulations and restrictions now provided by law for canvassing and declaring the returns of elections for state officers.

SEC. 6. Within three days after the determination of such canvass, it shall be the duty of the canvassers to certify the result of the said canvass to the governor, who shall, thereupon, without delay, make proclamation of the result, and publish the same, daily and weekly, for two weeks, in all newspapers printed in the state; when, if the result shall be in favor of the extension of suffrage this act shall immediately after such publication, be of force and effect; but if not in favor of it, then this act shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 7. This act immediately after its passage, shall be published, and at least three months previously to said general election, the secretary of state shall send, or cause to be sent, a correct copy of it to every newspaper in the state, which newspaper, upon the publication of the same, shall be entitled to pay for the same out of the state treasury, at the rates paid for other legal advertising.

Approved April 19, 1865.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, MADISON, July 12, 1865.

The publisher of each paper in this state, will please publish the above act once each week for three months prior to the next general election, and send his bill to this office for payment.

LUCIUS FAIRCHILD, Secretary of State.

July 26, 1865—3m.

Guardian's Sale.

COUNTY COURT, RACINE COUNTY—In Probate. In the matter of the guardianship of Alexander C. Risk and Mary E. Risk, minors.

In pursuance and by virtue of an order of license, granted by the County Court of Racine County, in said matter, the 6th day of July, A. D. 1865, licensing and empowering the undersigned, guardian of said minors, to sell the land of said minors hereinafter described, I, the said guardian shall, on Thursday the 17th day of August, A. D. 1865, at one o'clock P. M. of that day, at the dwelling house upon said land, sell at public auction all the following described piece of land, to wit: An undivided two thirds part of the East half of the North-west quarter of Section No. ten (10) in Town No. three (3) North of range No. twenty (20) East, and being in the Town of Dover, in said County of Racine, in the State of Wisconsin. Terms made known at the time and place of sale.

JAMES RISK, Guardian.

Dated July 21st, 1865—3w.

RACINE HOUSE,

J. P. VAN VILKENBERG, Prop., Racine, Wis.

This House has recently been thoroughly painted, papered and newly furnished throughout. It is now open to the reception of guests

AS A FIRST CLASS HOTEL. LARGE AND COMMODIOUS STABLES.

Barber Shop and other conveniences attached. It is located in the business part of the City.

July 26, 1865.—26 tf.

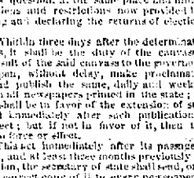
TITUS BLOCK, Racine, Wis.

RAYMOND & JONES,

DEALERS IN

SHELF HARDWARE

Tin Ware, Copper Ware,



Farmers Tools, &c.

They have on hand a large stock of

STOVES,

Of every variety which they sell as

Cheap as the Cheapest.

Particular attention paid to

Repairing and Jobbing,

whether at home or abroad.

First door north of Elkins' jewelry store, Titus Block

R. RAYMOND, THOMAS JONES.

Racine, Oct. 11, 1864. 1y

New Advertisement

G. THELEN,

CORNER OF

6th and Wisconsin Streets,

OLD STAND OF

THELEN & DIETRICH,

Is now receiving his

SUMMER STOCK

OF

STAPLE & FANCY

DRY GOODS.

Consisting of all kinds of

Domestics, Dress Goods, Cloaks, and Hoop Skirts.

ALSO,

GROCERIES,

Of the choicest qualities: &c., &c., &c.

FARMER'S PRODUCE

Will be taken in exchange for Goods at the

Highest Market Price.

G. THELEN.

Racine, May 26, 1865.

INSURE AGAINST

ACCIDENTS.

Travelers Insurance Company

HARTFORD, CONN.

CAPITAL, - - - $500,000.

ISSUES TRAVELERS INSURANCE Tickets for the single trip, for a week, a month, or a year, insuring for

THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS

If fatally injured, or

Sixty Dollars per Month

During Total Disability, (not exceeding six months for any one accident,) when caused by *accident to any public conveyance* in which the person injured may be traveling.

Tariff of Rates, for $3,000, and $15 per Week Compensation.

Ticket for 1 day,	10 cts.	Ticket for 10 days,	$1.00
" " 2 "	20 "	" " 20 "	1.90
" " 3 "	30 "	" " 30 "	2.60
" " 5 "	50 "	" " 3 mos.,	4.50
" " 7 "	70 "	" " 6 "	7.00
		" " 12 "	10.00

Insurance commences at 6 o'clock A. M., 12 M., and 6 P. M. In purchasing Tickets, state the number of days for which a ticket is wanted, and the Train you wish to take.

Remember that TEN CENTS a day insures you for $3,000.

☞ Tickets for sale at Railroad Ticket Offices.

J. G. BATTERSON, President. RODNEY PENNIS, Secretary.

H. G. MARSHALL, General Ticket Agent.

☞ Enquire for Insurance Tickets of the TRAVELERS COMPANY OF HARTFORD.

may31-1m

THIRTY DAYS!

GREAT SALE

OF

Ready Made Stock.

REDUCED PRICES.

JOSEPH MILLER,

at his extensive

BOOT AND SHOE

ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 160 Main Street, Racine,

proposes to give the people of this city and county

A BENEFIT,

and, for this purpose, will, during the next thirty days sell all ready-made goods at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

He has on hand the largest and best assortment of goods

Ever Offered in this Market.

Now is the Time to Buy!

He continues to manufacture the best

CUSTOM WORK

that can be had any where. He has a splendid stock of

Ladies, Gentlemen's & Children's FINE BOOTS & SHOES,

including all the varieties of

STYLE AND QUALITY.

ALSO,

Heavy and Substantial Goods,

of the best quality.

☞ Make haste to secure great bargains.

Racine, Nov. 18, 1864.

Dissolution Notice.

THE FIRM OF KRANTZ & KISSINGER was dissolved yesterday, the 27th June, 1865, by mutual arrangement. The undersigned will receive all dues and pay all debts of the late firm, and continue the business at the old stand.

JOHN KRANTZ.

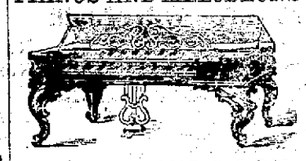
June 28, 1865.

JEWELRY STORE

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.

Silver, Silver Plated and Brittania Ware.

PIANOS AND MELODEONS



JOHN ELKINS & SON,

TAKES THIS OPPORTUNITY TO say to their friends that they are in receipt of a

New and Splendid Stock

of spring goods of everything which can be called for in their line, among which will be found

GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

from the justly celebrated American manufactory; also other imported styles in

Hunting and Open Cases,

A very large assortment of

JEWELRY,

of the latest styles and patterns.

Silver Spoons and Forks

of plain and fancy patterns, made of silver equal to coin.

PLATED AND BRITTANIA WARE.

Clocks of various Sizes and Patterns.

Ladies Traveling and Work Baskets,

Port Monies for Ladies and Gents.

TRAVELING BAGS, POCKET CUTLERY,

Violins, Guitars,

Accordeons, Flutes, &c.

A large assortment of

Fancy Goods, Toys, &c.,

expressly for the Holidays.

Chickering & Son and A. H. Gale & Co.'s

PIANO FORTES.

GEORGE A. PRINCE & CO.'S

MELODEONS.

☞ Clocks and Watches carefully repaired and warranted.

Clough & Jewett,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

AT

4 Sixth St., Racine,

have marked down

SUGARS, COFFEES,

TEAS,

SYRUPS, MOLASSES,

and most of their goods to suit the decline in gold.

FARMERS!

We pay Cash for your Butter and Eggs.

☞ To those living within the city limits, we deliver goods FREE.

CLOUGH & JEWETT HAVE REduced their price on Kerosene Oil twenty per cent.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE WINTER Wheat Flour from Missouri mills, at reduced prices, at CLOUGH & JEWETT'S.

CHOICE CANNED FRUITS, CANNED Oysters, Lobsters, Pickles in large or by the hundred, at CLOUGH & JEWETT'S.

AN EXCELLENT QUALITY OF Wrapping Paper, bought at greatly reduced prices and offered for sale at reduced prices, at CLOUGH & JEWETT'S.

ORANGES, LEMONS, EGGS AND MAple Sugar, at CLOUGH & JEWETT'S.

GRAND RALLY

AT THE

New Boot and Shoe STORE.

ALL THE PEOPLE ARE NOTIFIED that a new

BOOT AND SHOE STORE

has just been opened in

Clement's New Building, adjoining the Baker House,

in the City of Racine, where a large and choice stock of goods, for

MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN,

can be found. We have

Women's, Misses and Childsen's

Balmorals and Congress Gaiters,

of splendid and very durable quality.

Men's Boys and Youths

Calf Kip and Grained Boots,

Every variety of

CHILDREN'S SHOES,

of good quality and fine workmanship. These goods are fresh from New York, and are all of the

LATEST STYLES.

Our establishment is connected with a large manufacturing establishment east, and can sell goods

Fifteen Per Cent. Cheaper

than any other house in the city. Particular attention paid to

Custom Work and Repairing.

S. CROSBY.

Racine, Oct. 24, 1864.

DISCHARGED SOLDIERS,

AND

Relatives of Discharged Soldiers.

THE UNDERSIGNED ARE PREpared to receive application to be prosecuted by the

"*National Claim Agency,*"

at Washington, D. C., for all claims against the United States. Special attention is given to

Collecting Arrears of Pay

of deceased and discharged Soldiers

PENSIONS

for disabled Soldiers and the relatives of deceased Soldiers.

BOUNTY,

and all other claims arising from the present war.

We would suggest to soldiers discharged on account of wounds received in the service that, by a recent act of Congress, they are entitled to the Bounty the same as if they had been in the service two years.

Our arrangements with the Washington house are such that nothing is charged until collections are made.

All business entrusted to us will be attended to with care and dispatch.

LYON, ADAMS & HAND, Attorneys at Law.

Racine, May 11, 1865. Over Post Office.

PHOTOGRAPH CARDS FOR GENtlemen, Ladies and Catalogues sent for 25 cents. Racine as curiosity. Send your own name and address.

D. BENNETT, 585 Liberty st., New York.

1865 1865

"15 years established in N. Y. City."
"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

"Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c., Exter's,

Is a paste—used for *Rats, Mice, Roaches, Black and Red Ants, &c., &c., &c.*

"Costar's" Bed-Bug Exterminator,

Is a liquid or wash, used to destroy, and also as a preventive for Bed-Bugs, &c.

'Costar's' Electric Powder for Insects

Is for *Moths, Mosquitoes, Fleas, Bed-Bugs, Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c.*

☞ Sold by all Druggists and Retailers everywhere.

☞ ! ! ! Beware ! ! ! of all worthless imitations.

☞ See that "Costar's" name is on each Box, Bottle, and Flask, before you buy.

HENRY R. COSTAR.

☞ PRINCIPAL DEPOT, 482 BROADWAY, N. Y.

☞ Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Racine, Wis.

1865.

INCREASE OF RATS.—The *Farmer's Gazette*, (English) asserts and proves by figures that one pair of rats will have a progeny and descendants no less than 351,600 in three years. Now, unless this immense family can be kept down, they would consume more food than would sustain 69,000 human beings.

☞ See "COSTAR'S" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

RATS *versus* BIRDS.—Whoever engages in shooting small birds is a fool man; whoever aids in exterminating *rats* is a benefactor. We should like some of our correspondents to give us the benefits of their experience in destroying these pests. We need something besides dogs, cats and traps for this business.—*Scientific American, N. Y.*

☞ See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

"COSTAR'S" RAT EXTERMINATOR is simple, safe, and sure—the most perfect Rat-Herdication meeting we have ever attended. Rats go far that can get it, properly prepared according to directions, will eat it, and every one that eats it will die, generally at some place as distant as possible from where the medicine was taken.—*Lake Shore, Mich., Mirror.*

☞ See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

HOUSEKEEPERS troubled with vermin need be so no longer if they use "Costar's Exterminator." We have used it to our entire satisfaction; and it is a box cost $5, we would have it. We have tried poisons, but they effected nothing; but "Costar's" article knocks the breath out of Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, and Bed-Bugs, quicker than we can tell it. It is in great demand all over the country.—*Medina, Ohio, Gazette.*

☞ See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

A VOICE FROM THE FAR WEST.—Speaking of "Costar's" Rat, Roach, Ant, &c., Exterminator—more grain and provisions are destroyed annually in Grant County by vermin than would pay for a ton of this Rat and Insect Killer.—*Lancaster, Wis., Herald.*

☞ See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

FARMERS AND HOUSEKEEPERS—should recollect that hundreds of dollars' worth of Grain, Provisions, &c., are annually destroyed by Rats, Mice, Ants, and other Insects, which can be prevented by a few dollars' worth of "Costar's" Rat, Roach, Ant, &c., Exterminator. Sample not used freely.

☞ See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

☞ Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Sold in Racine, by all Druggists.

july12-1y eod1w

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S FEMALE REGULATING PILLS

Will immediately relieve, without pain, all disturbances of the periodic discharge, whether arising from relaxation or a cold, or any other cause. In remedying the evils that accompany difficult or irregular menstruation, and are the only safe and reliable remedy for Fluxes, Stiff Breasts, Pains in the Loins, Back and Sides, Palpitation of the Heart, Nervous Tremors, Hysterics, Spasms, Broken Sleep, and other unpleasant and dangerous effects of an unnatural condition of the sexual functions. In the worst cases of *Fever Albus*, or Whites, they effect a speedy cure.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S FEMALE PILLS

Have been used OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY. They are offered as the only safe means of restoring interrupted menstruation, but *Ladies must bear in mind that, there is one condition of the female system in which the Pills cannot be taken without producing a PECULIAR RESULT. The condition referred to is PREGNANCY—the result, MISCARRIAGE.—Such is the irresistable tendency of the medicine to restore the sexual functions to a normal condition, that even the experienced price of nature cannot resist it.* THEY CANNOT DO HARM in any other way.

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills

Are the only Medicine that MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES have relied upon for many years, or can rely upon with safety. *BE SURE OF INSTITUTIONS.* These Pills form the *Best Preparation ever put forward*, with IMMEDIATE and PERSISTENT SUCCESS.—DON'T BE DECEIVED. Take this advertisement to your druggist, and tell him that you want *the BEST and most RELIABLE FEMALE MEDICINE IN THE WORLD*, which is comprised in

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills!!!

They have received, and are now receiving, the sanction of the most eminent *Physicians in Europe*, and EXPLICIT DIRECTIONS with each flask—the price, *One Dollar per Box*, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills sent *by mail promptly*, by remitting the price to the Proprietors, or any authorized Agent, in current funds.

Sold by Druggists generally.

HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors, 28 Dey Street, New York.

FULLER, FINCH & FULLER and LOW & SMITH, Wholesale Agents. Sold in Racine by all Druggists. Sold in Kenosha by Dr. STARKWEATHER and WHEELER & CLARK.

july12-1y

CARRIAGE TRIMMING

EDWIN FOSTER

WISHES TO SAY TO THE PUBLIC that he has secured the services of one of the

Best of Carriage Trimmers,

And hopes that all who want anything in this department will give him a call.

Carriage Trimming,

IN EVERY STYLE, will be executed in the prompt manner and at the lowest rates.

Racine, July 12. july12-1y

To Whom it May Concern

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP OF THE Ullman & Dietrich, of the city of Racine, will be dissolved by mutual consent. All those having claims against the above firm, will bring them in, and all those that are indebted to them by note or book account will please call at the old stand and settle the same immediately. If not settled they will be left in the hands of our attorney for settlement and collection.

Yours, Respectfully,
THELEN & DIETRICH.

The above firm will sell goods from this date, regardless of cost, at reduced rates, until the whole stock is sold.

March 1, 1865. 2m T. & D.

House and Two Lots for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER WISHES TO DIspose of two valuable lots, situated in the Second Ward, on Pearl street, between 14th and 15th streets. These lots are handsomely located, have good house, water, fruit trees, &c., and are near the 3d Ward school house, being an advantage to those wishing to send children to school. They will be sold at a great bargain. For terms apply to No. 66, Sixth street, Racine.

JOHN NEWMANN.

Racine, June 14, 1865. une14-2m

STRAYED,

FROM THE PREMISES OF THE undersigned in the city of Racine, on or about July 1st, a white and red speckled cow about eighte years old. Whoever will return said cow to my residence, will be liberally rewarded.

R. C. TATE.

Racine, July 6th, 1865.

PAINTS & OILS

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

145 Main Street, Racine.

LANGLOIS & ROBILLIARD

HAVE A FULL and complete assortment of

White Lead,

French and American WHITE ZINC,

Linseed, Boiled, Whale, Elephant, Sperm Straits, Machine, Sweet, Neats foot and Kerosene

OILS.

Turpentine, Camphene

ALCOHOL, BURNING FLUID,

VARISHES AND JAPAN.

A full and complete stock of

Colors, Dry and Ground in Oil, Artists' Colors and Materials, Diamonds Gold Leaf, Smalts and all

Other Articles Belonging to the Trade.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN

Window, Plate and Looking Glasses,

of all sizes.

BRUSHES

of every description. A large and splendid stock

Wall Papers, Borders,

Decorations, Gilt and Common Window Shades, Figured and Plain Curtain Paper, Tassels, Cornices, and Curtain Bands.

Fluid and Kerosene Lamps and Lanterns.

SHIP CHANDLERY.

Manilla and Tarred Ropes, all sizes, Canvass, Oakum, Pitch, Tar, Coal Tar, Rosin, Blocks, &c., &c.

Bedcords, Clothes lines, Broom Twines, all qualities, Wrapping Twines in bundles or barrels, Bell and Sash Cords, Wool Twines, Cotton Seine and Gilling Twines, &c.

We would call particular attention of the trade to our stock, as we at all times have the largest and best assortment of goods in the city.

Call and see at

No. 145 Main Street, Racine, Wisconsin.

PAINTING.

Glazing, and Paper Hanging attended to on short notice.

GREAT SALE

OF

STAPLE GROCERIES

AT

WHOLESALE

For the Next Thirty Days.

In anticipation of a

Change of Business

during the spring I offer my

STOCK OF GOODS

IN THE

Wholesale Department

AT

Greatly Reduced Prices,

MANY OF THEM AT

New York Rates.

Dealers are requested to call and examine goods and prices.

Terms, Cash.

E. J. WICKHAM.

DISSOLUTION.

KELLEY & MURRAY HAVING PURchased the interest of L. Taylor in the late firm of

"Taylor, Murray & Co.,"

Will continue the

LUMBER BUSINESS

at the old stand, where a general assortment of

Lumber, Lath, Shingles and Posts,

will be kept constantly on hand and for sale at the lowest prices.

JAS. H. KELLEY, GEORGE MURRAY.

Racine April 10 1865. apr22tf

A CARD TO THE LADIES.

DR. DUPONCO'S GOLDEN PERIODICAL PILLS,

FOR FEMALES.

Infallible in Correcting Irregularities, Removing Obstructions of the Monthly Turns, from whatever cause, and always successful as a Preventive.

And the "Only sure" and CERTAIN REMEDY for all those afflicting complaints so peculiar to the sex, whether "married or single."

These Pills are nothing new, but have been used by the Doctor for many years, both in France and America, with unparelleled success in every case; and he is urged by many thousand ladies who have used them, to make the Pills public for the alleviation of those suffering from any irregularities whatever, as well as to prevent an increase of family when health will not permit it. Females peculiarly situated, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these pills while in that condition, as the proprietor assumes no responsibility after the above admonition, although their influence would prevent any mishap to health, otherwise the Pills are recommended. Full and explicit directions accompany each box.

50,000 BOXES HAVE BEEN SOLD IN TWO YEARS.

Ladies say nothing like the above. Pills have been known since the science of Medicine dawned upon the world, to removing obstructions and restoring nature to its proper channel, quieting the nerves and bringing back the "rosy color of health" to the cheek of the most delicate.

Price $1.00 per Box. Six Boxes for $5.00.

Sold by all Druggists.

And by KIDDER & RABNER, Sole Agents for Racine and vicinity. Ladies by sending them $1 can have the Pills sent confidentially by mail, free of postage and without observation, to any part of the country.

G. S. LATY General Traveling Agent for the Western States, 167 Dearborn St., Chicago.

N. B.—None genuine unless the box is signed S. D

Racine Journal.

WILLIAM L. UTLY, Editor.

RACINE, WEDNESDAY, July 26, 1865.

Negro Suffrage in Wisconsin.

We print in this weeks issue, the law passed at the last session of the Wisconsin Legislature, submitting to the people of the state a proposed amendment to the Constitution, extending the right of suffrage to persons of African descent. It is sincerely to be regretted that in a christian land like ours, where all profess to owe allegiance to the same great king eternal; where all profess to believe in one God, the father of all flesh, and that he is no respector of persons. That the mere matter of *color* should be the cause of so much wrangling and ill feeling; that it should sett members of the same christian church against their pastor, and pastor against his people; father against sone, brother against brother, sister against sister, and the *old woman* against the whole of them. None pretend to deny that the same God who made the white man made the colored man, and that he had a right to fashion him as he pleased, and yet it is impossible for us, gazing as we do through the veil of prejudice, not to regret that it had not pleased the good Father to have given him a more comely feature and a fairer skin; for after having seen the negro in his native ugliness on a southern plantation, we are convinced that as a work of art the white race are decidedly ahead, especially the female portion. We are of the opinion that if *Eve* had been as ugly as some wenches we have seen, the devil would never have troubled her. But in point of real native goodness we believe the negro is ahead; he has been less affected by the fall. He is naturally religious; being naturally superstitious, and we believe that superstition aids and abets earnest devotion, notwithstanding the efforts that are being made to rid the world of it. There is however, a prejudice existing between the white and the black race that can never be overcome, especially so long as that prejudice is inflamed by party spirit. There will now be an opportunity for all those who entertain feelings of friend ship or dislike to the negro, to express them selves through the ballot box.

The Prospect Brightens.

The clouds of doubt and fear that have hung so gloomily over the people of this State for some weeks, are beginning to brake away, and the sunlight of joy and hope is streaming through. Thanks to a benificent Providence, and thanks to a self-sacrificeing and patriotic people. Ah, who does not feel a glow of just pride pervading his whole soul when he reflects that he belongs to a nation of people, wherein can be found men ready, (whenever the exigency of the case requires,) to come forward and lay themselves upon the altar of their country, a sacrifice for the good of our common humanity. Especially is it the case when our country calls for sacrifices in places of *trust* and *profit*. It is known throughout the state that the term for which certain persons covenanted to suffer for the people in the several state departments will expire with the close of the year. In consequence of the great sacrifices that have been made in behalf of our general government, there were serious apprehensions in the minds of many people that we should have difficulty in finding more willing victims, and it would be too much to ask those that have been fattening at the *public crib* for the last two years, to remain in that horrid condition for two years more; but all those fears and doubts have been dissipated by the voluntary offerings of our self-sacrificing people. A large list of names are presented to the people through the journals of our state, and I have no doubt there are other persons in the state, equally worthy and competent that might be induced to lay aside their selfishness and come out and serve the people for a short time.

The prominent candidates for Governor are Gen. Washburn and Gen. Fairchild. We do not suppose it would be of any use for any person of a lower grade than that of general to offer themselves for any first class position. We suppose the military hobby has got to have its run, and if the several state offices are to be parceled out as a reward of merit, there are a good many other generals that might be named for a prize. There is Hobart, Hamilton, Starkweather, Cutler and others; and, then there are persons in all other grades from colonel down to a private just as worthy and just as deserving as the generals.

Speaking of privates; in our opinion, the private soldier that left his comfortable home and carried his musket and knapsack through this entire war, at sixteen dollars per month, is entitled to more credit than the general that has three hundred dollars per month, and knows nothing of the dangers and hardships that the common soldier has to go through.

But in speaking of the prominent candidates for Governor, Gen. Washburn has been in the political field too long and is too well known throughout this state to require any notice from me. Gen. Lucius Fairchild commenced his political career four years ago, at the breaking out of the rebellion. Within the space of four years he has made a glorious record, and written it upon the hearts of every Wisconsin citizen.

The only thing that can be said against his nomination, is that he is a very young man for the position. There is danger that his friends may do him an injury by thrusting him forward too fast. They should recollect what the old catechise says:—"Youth forward slips, death soonest nips." As we have said before, if these offices are to be dealt out as rewards for merit, too much should not be given to one when there are so many very deserving persons that have had nothing. There is another very serious matter to be understood. How does he stand on the great questions that are agitating the people at this time? We know that his antecedents are democratic, but the only thing for us to know is what he is now. It should stop all cavalling among republicans about his recent entrance into the party—if he is in,—when they consider the splendid initiation which he paid; he sealed his entrance with his blood. But why don't somebody say something about Cash? *Hasn't* he done as much as *Lucius?* We like the whole family, and shall not consider that we are eating *biled* Owl, as Shanghai says, if Lucius gets the nomination.

There seems to be a disposition on the part of some, to throw our present efficient state Treasurer, L. D. Hastings, overboard. Now if men are to be rewarded for their services during the war, I know of no one more deserving than Mr. Hastings. No one has labored more faithfully for the interests of the state, and for the common soldier and their wives and little ones, than Mr. Hastings. We do not know that he wants the office; if he does, we think it would be difficult to find a better man.

We see that our old friend Tom Allen is spoken of for Secretary of State. Tom has been heavy on the fight, besides being a good man otherwise.

Any number of good men have been spoken of for Attorney General; all good men, and we hope to see the names of others in connection with that office before the thing is over; no one will think of dropping Col. McMynn.

Since writing the above, we have heard the name of Judge Baker of Walworth County, mentioned in connection with the office of Secretary of State. That would certainly be a nomination fit to make. Judge Baker has but few equals and no superiors in upright moral honesty and fitness for that position.

Soldier's Home.

It is conceded by all, that the Milwaukee Fair for the Soldier's Home, has been a decided success. The nett profits of the concern are put down at one hundred thousand dollars. The question naturally arises, what is to be done with the money? The prevailing opinion is that there is to be a sort of monastery or prison house erected, wherein maimed or indigent soldiers will be compelled to go and spend their days. The building will be elegant of course, and much of the money will be spent in its external appearance. We concede that the building ought to be located in Milwauke, in consideration of what the ladies of that city have done in getting up the Fair. Of course the soldier would prefer Racine in consideration of their *longevity?* The home for the disabled soldier should be built in the heart of a large city, in a sightly place where he can see the busy world if he cannot mingle with the crowd. But in our opinion, there are but very few if any solders in Wisconsin, that would care to leave their friends and homes and shut themselves up in such a place, for the most of them have had enough of hospital life. It strikes us that the money might be laid out in such manner as to prove a much greater blessing to those that have been made helpless in the service. Let a committee be appointed in each town to ascertain the condition of all disabled soldiers that have not the means or ability to take care of themselves, for those that have will never think of going to an assylum. Let those committees report the number of sufferers to these having the funds in charge, and then let this committee purchase each of them a little home among their friends. We may be mistaken, but it is our opinion that the number that would go to the home would be very small. Twenty years from this time there will be a plenty of indigent soldiers, men who have made no provisions for old age in consequence of their profligate habits. Some of those habits was contracted in the army, but there were in the army a good many soldiers that had few habits before they went in, which have not improved much. Finally, we think the committee had better do just as they please with the money and take the responsibility.

The Mary Harris Trial.

"WASHINGTON, July 20.—The trial of Miss Mary Harris terminated this afternoon, having occupied ten days. The court room was densely crowded with interested spectators, including many ladies, long before the court was formally opened.

After Mr. Carrington had concluded his argument, Judge Wylie said to the jury that the law had been laid down by the court. Feeling satisfied they understood it, he would now submit the case without further charge. He hoped that he had made an impression upon their minds and that they would soon render their verdict.

The jury retired to their room, and in about ten minutes returned with a verdict of "not guilty." The announcement was received with loud applause. Some of the women cried with joy. Handkerchiefs were waved and hats trown up. Large numbers of spectators rushed toward Miss Harris to congratulate her on her acquittal, the word of which had scarcely been announced when she fainted and was taken from the court room in the arms of Bradley, her senior counsel. Persons outside caught up and repeated the declamation of joy."

We don't know about these public demonstrations of joy over such a terrible crime as that committed by Miss Harris. She deliberately murdered a human being! She sent her victim into eternity without a moments warning. The representation of joy in heaven over a sinner that repents, is hardly equal to the joy over the acquittal of this murderess. There is no respect paid to the feelings of the wife and friends of her victim. Who knows but what he had discovered the very trait in her character that caused her to perpetrate the terrible deed? Who knows what may have passed between them on that subject? The evidence all comes from one side. She had shut her victim out of court? He might have loved her, and no doubt did as passi nately as his letters revealed indicate, and after all have discovered those traits and passions in her character that precluded him from marrying her. Crimes like hers are getting to be common, and jurors are getting so eager for the sickening plaudits of the populace that they can scarcely leave their seats. We acknowledge that there are cases where it would seem justifiable, if there is any justification for murder; this may have been one and it may not. We think this making a heroine of every *she dragon* that is so steeped in total depravity that she can deliberately murder a human being, is decidedly against good morals. All any obscure female has got to do if she is anxious to obtain notoriety, is to get a few love letters in her pocket and then blow somebody's brains out; judges and jurors melt in her presence and the world cheers her for the deed. There is no safety for any person possessing an ordinary amount of facination. For instance, supposing we were coming down the street, (locked and scarce as we are in our virtue,) and should meet a female of beautiful exterior; though her heart might be full of murder and all manner of wickedness; and we should bow to her, putting on one of our fascinating smiles, and the next morning she should come into our sanctum and blow our brains out, of course her counsel would have no difficulty in going into court and proving that our *smile* was perfectly irresistable, and the jury would never leave their seats to acquit her, and the ladies in our town would all weep for joy, as in the case of Miss Harris. I tell you that some of these *critters* must be punished.

A DISTINGUISHED California divine was asked, after a trip to silver land. "What he thought of the country?" He repelied: "There are but three things in Washoe, sir—big mines, little mines, and whisky shops: in other words, ophir holes, gopher holes, and loafer holes."

[From the Chicago Evening Journal.]

Lessons from the Harris-Burroughs Case.

The acquittal of Miss Mary Harris takes no one by surprise. Her case was perhaps more interesting to this community than to any other, although it was one of those occasional cases at law which draw the eagle eyes and engross the excited attention of the people from one end of the land to the other. Such cases are representative in their character, significant in their meaning, and prodigious as precedents. They take hold of the popular heart, stir the public sensibilities, and mould the public opinion. For this reason they are to be looked into with searching scrutiny, discussed with deliberation, and passed upon with an earnest and profound concern.

The case of Miss Harris was peculiar in some of its details only; in the aggregate it was one of a class of cases which, more than any other, agitate our sympathies, on the one hand, and on the other, awaken our apprehensions. The passion of passions was at the bottom of it, and was the main spring of it. A man wins the affections of a woman and professes to give his in return. This we affirm to be equivalent to, nay, it is, to all intents and purposes, an engagement of marriage. Whatever the statute may define it to be, or public opinion vote it to be, or the parties interested profess it to be, morally and eternally it is a positive betrothal of two hearts and lives to each other "for better or for worse." Circumstances beyond their control may justify them in an indefinite postponement of marriage, or in the mutual breaking of the betrothal bonds, but there are no circumstances conceivable which can justify the willful recreancy to those bonds in either party.

It was clearly proven in the trial of Miss Harris that Burroughs "made love to her," and made her love him. The letters they exchanged furnished abundant evidence of this. Burroughs made repeated declarations of his admiration and attachment to her in the most passioned terms. He exhausted the vocabulary of endearing appellations on his "Mollie," and called her by every name calculated to gratify her vanity, cultivate her susceptibilities, draw out her faith, satisfy her longing and excite confident expectations of a more intimate relationship with him who professed to be so enamored of her person and ravished with her charms. His attachment was reciprocated, his admiration devoured with insatiate avidity, and her letters to him were scarcely less furious with the dialect of *la grande passion* than were those of him to her. So it went on for months, for years. Was not this an engagement of marriage, a solemn plighting of faith at the hallowed shrine, a betrothal in every moral meaning of the word? Was not this young, susceptible and gentle girl passionate in love with her demonstrative lover? She was. And was she not justified in her love? She was. And was she not justified in believing and expecting that her lover would marry her? She was.

So it went until the letters of Burroughs stop, and he deliberately marries another. Betrothed to two, he marries one of the two. The rejected—ah, the rejected! Volumes could be written, are written with pens dipped in fire, designed to tell the story of the rejected, such as this girl was, in the sunny summer of her days upon the earth. The sequel in her case is horrible to be told, but not more horrible to be told than the stories of innumerable sequels such as this that are never told!

Crime grows crime, as money makes money. The crime of oppression provokes the oppressed to criminal means of deliverance. Injustice stings the object of it into injustice. The perfidy of Burroughs lets his life out at a bullet hole. The poisoned chalice that he put to the lips of another at last reached his own. Miss Harris, in the transport of her rage, becomes a law unto herself; retribution is swift, sudden, terrible. Burroughs sleeps in a dishonorable grave, and she whom he injured during life has injured herself still more by his death. Her path henceforth will be darkened by the shadow of her dreadful crime. She could not be convicted, and is not guilty of murder in any legal acceptation of the word, but she is not to be justified in her deed of retributive revenge. The act was morally and legally a grave and grevious crime, and although there are circumstances that palliate it, there are none that justify it, and it is therefore to be unconditionally condemned.

But while we say this, there is something else to be said. If ever a woman has a right to take the law into her own hands, and execute it, it is under circumstances only one degree more aggravated than those under which Miss Harris, in a fit of frenzy, took the life of her perfidious lover. There is one class of the wicked and abominable which all the manly-minded look upon with a hate so hot as not to be easily restrained. We mean the seducer. And this villain of villains is of many grades. He begins to be, and is, something of this villain who tampers and trifles with the affections of young woman. We do not know a class of men or of devils who are more vile and loathsome than these creatures of the "evil eye" and dark intent. They are murderers of virtue. They sap the corner-stone of social order, they are the assassins of domestic peace, they set men at variance and neighbors at war, make enemies of friends, pollute the springs that children drink of, blacken what is fair, defile what is sacred, enthrone discord where harmony has reigned, and spread contention, strife and madness where peace had hitherto prevailed.

For this sort of evil spirits there is little sympathy, but much violent abherrence in the breasts of our best people, their deeds fire the blood of the most frigid, madden the stoical, lash into frenzy the most composed, and give over the most circumspect to the furious impulse of unreasoning revenge.—There are few men who have their temper so well in hand, or have a law-abiding conduct of such constancy as to guarantee their decorum in the presence of the perfidious monster who had tampered with the virtue or trifled with the affections of a female relative or friend. Such an animal, or beast, or devil, will never obtain a punishment of such severity as he deserves until he leaves this world, whatever may be the punishment he may receive in it. Let every honest man make up his mind to do his part toward reducing the number of this class of the reprobate and infamous.

JUSTICE COURSAL, of Montreal, who earned infamy by liberating the St. Albans raiders, is to be at once restored to his office of Police Magistrate and Judge of Sessions.

SINGULAR DEATH.—John Hess died of joy, at Ulica, at the return of his soldier son.

Council Proceedings.

CITY COUNCIL CHAMBER, RACINE, July 24, 1865.

At a special meeting of the City Council, called for the purpose of devising means by which the sufferers by the recent tornado at Viroqua may be assisted, there were present His Honor the President. Ald. Van Pelt in the chair. Ald. E. Baumann, Wm. Baumann, Foster, Fish, Kelly, Phillips and Smith.

Ald. Foster offered the following preamble and resoultions, which were adopted:

WHEREAS, The village of Viroqua, in this state, has been visited by a terrible tornado, by which the greater portion of that village has been destroyed, and many of its citizens rendered helpless and reduced to penury and want, therefore

Resolved, By the city council of the city of Racine, That the condition of the people of Viroqua, who have been sufferers by the recent tornado at that place, appeals strongly to the charity of the people of this city.

Resolved, Further, That His Honor the Mayor be, and he is hereby requested to appoint a committee of three citizens in each ward of this city, to solicit contributions for their relief, and to forward the same to the needy of that village.

Adopted.

The Mayor appointed as such committee,—

FIRST WARD.—Messrs A. L. Phillipps, A. P. Dutton, M. Keidel.

SECOND WARD.—W. T. Van Pelt, J. G. McMynn, Geo. Bull.

THIRD WARD.—J. C. Smith, Thos. L. Williams, Chauncey Lathrop.

FOURTH WARD.—Wm. Baumann, Thos. Bright, Ira C. Paine.

FIFTH WARD.—Stephen Kelly, R. H. Baker, George Bucher.

News Items.

The subscriptions to the 7.30 loan, on Saturday, amount to $5,130,400. For the week they were $92,503,000.

The rebel pirate Shenandoah is supposed to be prowling around the Pacific, and apprehensions are entertained for the safety of of whaling fleet.

A fire in San Francisco, on the night of July 17th destroyed the Pacific Warehouse, and the damage is estimated at $250,000.

The amout of specie taken by the European steamers from New York, on Saturday, was only $51,289.

Requisitions amounting to $6,000,000, for the pay of the army, were passed at the Treasury Department on Friday.

Governor Brough, of Ohio, who was in a critical condition on Friday, was much better on Saturday afternoon.

JEFF. DAVIS NOT TO BE SEEN.—A Fortress Monroe correspondent, writes:

"The prisoners are kept closely guarded from view as on the day of their incarceration, notwithstanding the redicolous stories set afloat as to certain favored persons having a glimpse of Jeff. Davis, &c. It is a matter of the greatest difficulty to obtain a pass to enter the fort. Passes to enter Fortress Monroe are issued by General Miles, and by him alone.—They are charily granted. Urgent and important business is the only claim recognized, and if within the fort, the holder of the pass is as far as ever off from seeing Jeff. The much coveted privilege is simply unobtainable."

Here is another Jeff. Davis item:

"It is said that Mrs. Jeff. Davis is without money. She is in Savannah, boarding at the Pulaski House, sports a magnificent wardrobe, and shows plenty of money. Her little son seems to be enjoying himself singing, 'We'll hang Jeff. Davis on a sour apple tree.' Unnatural young Jeff."

Burglary at Wilmington, Illinois.

On the night of the 19th (Monday) the store of Henderson & Stewart on Walter street, was entered and the safe blown open. Between $6,000 and $7,000 was stolen, mostly in government bonds. Henderson & Stewart lost about $200, Dr. Bowen and Mrs. Fanny Bowen, lost upwards of $5,000. The villains who committed the burglary were experts at the business, very precaution being taken to insure success in the felonious enterprise. Rolls of calico and sheeting were first laid upon the floor, upon which the safe was thrown, the knob of the safe was then withdrawn and a fuse inserted. The top of the safe was covered with fine cut tobacco, to deaden the sound of the explosion. The lock was blown off, and the door neatly opened. One of the inner drawers was kept for the use of Dr. Bowen, not having the key to the same, this was broken open by a chisel. Keys to the other drawers were in the safe, and the balance of the mischief easily done. Two ladies, milliners, occupied rooms above; they heard the noise, but were too badly frightened to give the alarm. No clue has yet been had of the desperadoes who committed the robbery. Two suspicoious characters were about town the day previous, making inquiry of several parties relative to the expres office, banks, stores, &c. They left that night, and are supposed to have been the perpetrators of the robbery.

A SIGNIFICANT STRAW.—A correspondent writing from Alabama tells the following:

"On the train were two ladies from Decatur in company with a major and lieutenant. They seemed to be very proud of their gallants, and paid no attention to their old rebel friends. This at once excited jealously in the minds of their dupes.

"I see there's two of our ladies subjugated," said a recent rebel major to me.

"Do you know them?" said I.

"Well, I reckon I do," said he.—"They were the worst secesh women I ever saw; and I have often heard them declare they would never smile upon a man who did not go into the confederate army. O, ho, so it is—'friends in prosperity, enemies in adversity.'"

THE REBEL SOLDIERS AT HOME.—The Petersburg Express complains that the returned Confederate prisoners are received there more coldly than they would be in Maine or Massachusetts. They wander about the streets, reduced to skeletons, suffering from wounds, on crutches, in rags, without food or money, and are more kindly treated by the Yankees than by the inhabitants of the Cockade City.

HEALTH OF WASHINGTON.—Washingnon is said to be pervaded with the essence of defunct horses, and is getting to be very sickly. This terrible malaria is said to have caused President Johnson's recent sickness.

THE DIFFERENCE MADE BY HONESTY.—Street cleaning in New York, under the old system cost $1,200,000 a year. The new contractors agree to do it for $300,000.

BY TELEGRAPH.

[Special dispatches to the Chicago Republican.]

FROM the SOUTHWEST.

THE MISSISSIPPI SQUADRON.

Trial of the Keeper of the Andersonville Prison.

Release of Rebel Prisoners.

THE MEXICAN QUESTION.

STEAMER BURNED.

Trial of the Keeper of the Andersonville Prison—Release of Prisoners—National Currency.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The country will be gratified to learn that Captain Henry Wirse, lately prison-keeper at Andersonville, is shortly to be put upon his trial for the cruelty and barbarity practiced by him upon our prisoners confined at that place. Let the soldiers who have survived their imprisonment at this prison, put Colonel Chapman in possession of any essential facts.

By direction of the President, all prisoners of war, including rebel Generals, are to be released upon their taking the oath of allegiance.

The national bank currency issued during the week ending July 22d amounts to $3,787,650, making a total of $157,007,665 now in circulation

Letting of Land—Rebuilding of Atlanta—Crop Prospects—Homicide—General Canby—Reduction of the Mississippi—Squadron—Navy-Yard Removal.

CAIRO, July 22.—The Marble City furnishes Memphis dates of the 20th.

The planters near the mouth of Red River have decided to let their lands out, to either blacks or whites, for such a percentage of the crops as is customary throughout the country.

A report says that Atlanta, Georgia, is being rapidly rebuilt.

The fruit crop in Georgia and Louisiana is unusually abundant.

The Memphis *Argus* says: "The prospects for crops throughout Tipton county is exceedingly flattering. The growth of cotton is too rank, owing to heavy rains. Corn is luxurious, promising an abundant yield. Fruits of all kinds are plenty and of the best quality.

"As the steam ferry-boat was crossing the river on the evening of the 19th, a dispute arose between two passengers about a trivial affair, resulting in the death of a man named Richard Fleming. Fleming leaves a wife and six or eight children in destitute circumstances. The murderer escaped. Both were residents of Crittenden country, Arkansas.

"A day or two since a company of soldiers captured three of a band of theiving guerrills who have for some infested the vicinity of White's Station, and brought them to Memphis, where they are now lodged in Irving Prison, awaiting trial."

The Mollie Able brings New Orleans dates of the 16th.

General Canby has been assigned to the command of the States of Louisiana and Texas, reporting to General Sheridan, by order of the Secretary of War,—so says *The Delta*; but *The Times* say that no such order has been issued.

Some weeks ago your correspondent stated that orders had been sent to Admiral S. P. Lee, commanding the Mississppi Squadron, to make a still further reduction in his force, retaining only five vessels in commission. Yesterday the Admiral's ordered, in accordance with his instructions, was published in one of our city papers. The work of reduction is now progressing as rapidly as possible.

The navy-yard will soon be removed from Mound City to the vicinity of St. Louis.

The 77th Illinois Infantry, 254 men, under command of Colonel D. P. Grier, from Mobiel, arrived this afternoon, and left for Springfield by railroad, there to muster for pay and final discharde.

The steamer Lady Grace passed up the Ohio River this afternoon, with 500 bales of cotton for Cincinati.

Release of Rebel Prisoners—The Mexican Question—Application for Pardon.

NEW YORK, July 22.—The *Commercial's* Washington special says: "All officers, prisoners of war, are ordered to be released on parole, by General Grant's recommendation.

"It is stated that General Grant, in a recent conversation with the Mexican Minister, freely expressed the opinion that the French will soon be obliged to leave Mexico. It is known that the whole subject of Mexican affairs is now receiving the attention of the Cabinet."

The *Post's* Washington special says: "The President issued an order this afternoon, paroling every prisoner of war holding any military rank whatever.

"Stuart, ex-Secretary of the Interior, applied for pardon to-day."

Steamer Burned.

DETROIT, July 23.—The steamboat John P. Ward, partially owned by Taylor & Lyon, of Chicago, was destroyed by fire last night at Bangor, on Saginaw River. She was partially insured.

Foreign.

The steamer Caroline, with the shore end of the Atlatic cable, sailed from London for Valencia, on the 5th, and the steamer Hawk left on the 7th to assist in laying it. The war steamers Terrible and Sphynx had both sailed for Valincea, and the Great Eastern would leave the Nore for the same place on the 14th. It was expected that the fleet was to leave Valincea July 19th, and arrived at the Heart's Content on the beginning of August. Messages are constantly sent through the whole cable in the most perfect manner.

GREAT BRITAIN.—England is for the moment without a Parliament. The dissolution immediately followed the prorogation on the 6th, and writs for the new election were forthwith issued.

The appointment of Lord Cranworth as successor of Lord Chancellor Westbury is confirmed.

EGYPT.—A letter from Alexandria, June 28th, furnishes the following regarding cholera, &c. It says: "The existance of cholera was officially reported on the 11th of June, on which day 3 deaths occurred. By the end of the first week the deaths increased to about 100 per day. By the end of the second week they reached to 200; and on the 27th the number was 250. There was much alarm, and about 30,000 people quitted the city. Business was generally suspended; but Mr. Hale, United States Consul General, remained at his post, and the business of the Consulate was transacted as usual. No cases of cholera had occurred among the American residents or on American vessels.

MARKED DOWN FOR JULY TRADE

DRY GOODS,

CARPETING AND OIL CLOTHS,

AT

D. H. JONES'

136 Main St.

40 PIECES DRESS GOODS,

JUST RECEIVED FOR

JULY TRADE.

VERY LOW

CLOAKS, SACKS & SHAWLS,

At 33 per Cent. Reduction.

We have been giving some

GREAT BARGAINS

IN

TABLE LINEN,

And now we will give you some better, a reduction on them of

30 PER CENT.

"LESS THAN ACTUAL COST!"

We have a very large stock of all

WHITE GOODS,

At equally low prices.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c.

The public will

REMEMBER

That we have made a

GREAT REDUCTION,

On all goods for this month.

Now is the Time to Buy.

D. H. JONES,

136 Main Street.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

94 Main Street,

RACINE, WISCONSIN.

F. ELMLINGER

Has just returned

FROM NEW YORK,

With one of the largest and best selected stocks of

GOODS & CLOTHING

That was ever brought to this market. He carries on the

TAILORING BUSINESS,

AND

MAKES TO ORDER

All kinds of the most fashionable

GENTLEMENS' CLOTHING.

HIS

Furnishing Goods

he will sell at prices to suit the times. He also keeps on hand a variety of

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings,

LINENS, SHIRTS, COLLARS,

Neck Ties, Pocket Handkerchiefs, &c., &c., which he offers to the public at the lowest figures for cash. A call is respectfully solicited.

June 1, 1865. June7tf

ICE! ICE!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PROcured a large quantity of

PURE ICE,

he is ready to supply all who may want it, either by the season or otherwise, at reasonable prices. All orders promptly attended to.

☞ Orders for ice left with Langlois & Robillard will meet with prompt attention.

A. BETTRIDGE.

Racine, April 12, 1865.

PENSIONS, BOUNTY AND BACK PAY

Obtained for WIDOWS, MOTHERS, FATHERS, BROTHERS and SISTERS, for a fee of

Five Dollars Only!

Racine, Wis., Dec. 9, 1863. 6m M. KELBLE.

KENOSHA HOTEL.

A. N. CROTSENBURGH, Proprietor.

Park Street, two Doors East of City Bank, Kenosha

THOSE WISHING GOOD ROOMS CAN have their selections by applying immediately. Those wishing bills of rooms can now have their choice.

☞ Good Stabling is also provided at reasonable rates

May 13, 1864.

CLOVER, RED TOP AND TIMOTHY Seed for sale low, by

apr6-3m JOHN KIBBE.

STOVES, TIN, AND HARDWARE

THE SUBSCRIBER WISHES TO call the attention of the people of this city and county to his large and well selected assortment of

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

SUCH AS

STOVES, of all kinds, TIN & COPPER WARE, of every variety, of his own Manufacture.

He wishes to call particular attention to the new stove.

The "Moving World"

better adapted for saving fuel and doing all kinds of cooking than the "Stewart," or any other cooking stove in the market.

All kinds of

Harvesting & Farming Tools,

NAILS, CUTLERY,

and everything in the Hardware line. STOVE PIPES, EAVE TROUGHS, ROOFING, and

All Kinds of JObbing

executed with promptess and dispatch. PAPER RAGS, OLD COPPER, BRASS &c. taken in exchange for goods. Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a call before purchasing elsewhere.

N. R. McFARLAND.

Racine, June 10, 1865. tf

Get the Best, Complete, Authentic and Well Illustrated.

THE LIFE OF

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Puplished in English and German.

PRESENTING HIS EARLY HISTORY, Political Career, and Speeches in and out of Congress; also, a General View of his Policy as President of the United States; with his Messages, Proclamations, Letters, etc., and a History of his eventful Administration, and of the Scenes attendant upon his Tragic and Lamented Death.

By Hon. Joseph E. Barrett,

Commissioner of Pensions, Washington, D. C.

1 Vol. 8vo., about 700 pages, bound in embossed cloth; sheep, library style; and half Russia. Illustrated with numerous fine Engravings of Scenes identified with Mr. Lincoln's Early Life.

It is more than four years since Mr. BARRETT commenced the preparation of this work. During this time he has occupied the high position of Commissioner of Pensions, and in addition to his official relation to the President, has enjoyed a personal intimacy which elicited and placed at his command every source of information required to render the work reliable, full, and complete.

This is the only work for which Mr. Lincoln himself furnished all the material facts of his early life.

The work will be beautifully embellished with fine illustrations from sketches taken on the spot of

The Birthplace of Mr. Lincoln;

House near Gentryville, Ind.,

The home of Mr. Lincoln for thirteen years, and where his mother died;

Little Pigeon Baptist Church,

Where Mr. Lincoln (when but a lad) and his parents attended;

The Log House in Sangamon Co., Ill.,

Where the "3,000 rails" were split;

Springfield Residence;

The Scene of his First Inauguration;

The Pioneer March—1816;

And a

Steel Portrait of the late President,

Pronounced by himself, family, and friends the finest and most accurate likeness produced.

This work is *sold exclusively by our duly authorized Agents, and can be had through no other source. It will not be for sale in the Bookstores*, and can not be had of the publishers directly. Those desiring to secure a copy for their libraries, should subscribe promptly when the opportunity is presented. We will guarantee that they shall be well served at the hands of our Agents. The success of the Agents now at work, shows an unusual readiness on the part of the people to subscribe. Judging from the reports that have thus far been received 150,000 COPIES WILL BE SOLD IN THE NEXT NINETY DAYS.

C. F. VENT & CO.,

GENERAL AGENTS for the North-West, 94 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

H. GRISWOLD.

tf SOLE AGENT FOR RACINE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

TRUNK AND HARNESS

ESTABLISHMENT.

EDWIN FOSTER, NO. 131 MAIN ST., Racine, is now ready to

Supply the Trade

with a splendid variety of

TRUNKS, HARNESSES,

VALISES,

SADDLES, WHIPS,

AND EVERY THING IN HIS LINE.

The articles of his manufacture

Cannot be Excelled

For Style, Beauty of Workmanship, or Duryability.

Racine, June 1, 1865. june7tf

WM. HALL & SON,

543 BROADWAY, - - NEW YORK,

Agents for the Celebrated

Driggs New Patent

PIANO FORTES

WHICH ARE CREATING THE greatest sensation in the musical world, and have received the highest testimonials from all the leading artists in the country, among whom are

S. THALBERG, WM. MASON,
L. M. GOTTSCHALK, F. H. BROWN,
WM. HENRY FRY, THEO. EISFELD,
M. STRACKOSH, MAX MARETZEK,
HERMAN A. WOLLENHAUPT.

Having purchased the agency of George A. Prince & Co.'s Melodeons, Automatic and School Organs, from their late agent, Mr. Charles E. Bacon, we will be pleased to receive orders for those celebrated Instruments, and will always endeavor to keep a sufficient supply on hand to fill all orders at sight. The most liberal discounts given to the Trade, Churches, Clergymen and Schools. All Instruments

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

Manufacturers and Importers of

Flutes, Banjos, Violins, Guitars, Violin Strings, Accordeons,

and all kinds of BRASS and other MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Special attention paid to furnishing BRASS INSTRUMENTS FOR BANDS.

PUBLISHERS OF SHEET MUSIC.

Just published, "The Venite," a new collection of Chants for the Episcopal Service, for opening and closing Voluntaries, Musical Societies, Classes, and for the Social Circle, by VIRGIL O. TAYLOR. Price—Boards, 88 cts.; Cloth, $1.00.

In press, and will soon be issued, BASSINI'S TWENTY MELODIC EXERCISES, for the study of the proper art of singing, by CARLO BASSINI, author of Bassini's Art of Singing. And

PIANO-FORTE CALISTHENICS,

A collection of FIVE FINGER CORD and SCALE PASSAGES, for speedily developing the muscles of the fingers, and acquiring that degree of flexibility, independence and vobility, which are so indispensible to a good performance on the

PIANO-FORTE,

By FRANCIS H. BROWN.

Music sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the marked price.

WILLIAM HALL & SON,
543 Broadway, New York.

June7

GOOD PASTURING.

I CAN FURNISH PASTURING FOR twenty head of stock, on my farm at Ives' Grove. The pasture is the best of Clover and Timothy, and well watered. Terms reasonable. Apply to Norman Clark, Racine, or the undersigned, Ives' Grove.

JOHN BUSH.

June 1, 1865. 6t.

1865.

SPRING TRADE.

Dry Goods for the Million!

I will offer this week several hundred pieces of

SPRING AND SUMMER

DRESS GOODS,

AT RETAIL,

Considerably Below the Present Market Value.

Also, a large line of

CLOAKINGS,

IN ALL COLORS.

I wish to call particular attention to my stock of

DOMESTIC WOOLENS

AND

COTTONS,

which I am retailing at

Less than present New York Value.

EDWARD McENERY,

138 Main Street.

P. S.—A full stock of

Heavy, Plain and Brocaded

DRESS SILKS

RECEIVED.

Racine, May 21. wtf

MAKE A LOUD NOISE

AND

Sing Unto all ye People

OF

Wisconsin, Racine Co. and Racine

THAT

Kidder & Harris

are selling the

Best, Purest and Choicest

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

WINES, BRANDIES,

PATENT MEDICINES,

Perfumery,

TOILET ARTICLES, &c., &c.

that were ever imported to this city.

N. B.—That K. & H. are Selling the Purest

T'S,

Namely, the SAME QUALITY for the SAME PRICES formerly kept by Thorpe & Gorton.

N. B.—That K. & H. are Selling

Mixed & Ground Spices,

Pure as Pure can be.

N. B.—That K. & H. are selling the choicest

COFFEES

IN TOWN.

N. B.—That K. & H. put up all kinds of

PRESCRIPTIONS

WITH THE GREATEST CARE.

N. B.—That while you are looking around to find the best, rest assured that K. & H. keep the best

DRUGS AND GROCERIES.

N. B.—Remember the number,

City Tea Mart, No. 148 Main St.

Racine, Jan. 18, 1864.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE

GIRARD HOUSE.

PHILADELPHIA,

Respectfully call the attention of Business Men and the travelling community, to the superior accommodation and comfort offered in their establishment.

Sept30-3m KANAGA, FOWLER & Co.

REVERE HOUSE,

Cor. Clark and Kinzie Sts.,

CHICAGO, - - - ILLINOIS.

G. DUTCHER, ... PROPRIETOR.

E. M. JOY. E. JAMESON

JOY & JAMESON,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

OFFICE, TITUS' BLOCK,

Racine, - - - Wisconsin.

Racine, Dec. 9th, 1864. dec9-3m

J. C. LUKES,

DENTIST,

OFFICE RACINE HOUSE BLOCK.

Residence corner of Eighth and Wisconsin streets, directly east of the German Catholic Church.

DENTISTRY

practiced in all its branches, in the best manner, and on reasonable terms. sep16-1y

City & Local Matters.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 26, 1865.

Departure of Trains and Closing of Mails.

	Departure of Trains.	*Closing of Mails*
GOING SOUTH—	8.35 A. M.	8.00 A. M.
" " "	5.35 P. M.	5.10 P. M.
Freight, "	7.32 A. M.	
GOING NORTH—11.57 noon.		11.30 A. M.
" " "	7.13 P. M.	6.40 P. M.
Freight,	5.30 A. M.	
GOING WEST—10.00 A. M.		9.30 A. M.
" " "	5.45 P. M.	5.15 P. M.
Freight,	5.20 P. M.	

JOHN TAPLEY, P. M.

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN R. R.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after Monday, November 28th, trains will leave and arrive at Chicago, as follows:

WISCONSIN DIVISION.

	Leave.	*Arrive.*
Day Passenger	9.00 A. M.	8.45 P. M.
Night Passenger	4.00 P. M.	3.40 A. M.
Woodstock Accommodation	5.00 P. M.	10.20 A. M.
Janesville Passenger	6.15 P. M.	2.15 P. M.
Madison Passenger	4.30 P. M.	2.15 P. M.

GALENA AND IOWA DIVISIONS.

Elgin and Cedar Rapids Pass.	8.45 A. M.	7.30 P. M.
Freeport and Dunleith Pass.	9.00 A. M.	3.40 P. M.
Elgin Accommodation	4.00 P. M.	11.10 A. M.
Rockford "	4.00 P. M.	11.10 A. M.
Fox River Valley Accom.	4.00 P. M.	11.10 A. M.
Geneva Accommodation	5.30 P. M.	8.40 A. M.
Iowa Express Passenger	7.00 P. M.	7.00 A. M.
Freeport and Dunleith Pass.	10.15 P. M.	1.30 A. M.

The Night Passenger train leaves Dunleith and Freeport only on Sunday night instead of Saturday. The 7.00 P. M. Iowa Express leaves Chicago Sunday night instead of Saturday. Sleeping Cars on all night trains.

G. M. WHEELER, General Ticket Agt. GEO. L. DUNLAP, General Supt.

☞ A number of communications are unavoidably crowded out this week.

THE PROSPECTS.—We learn from people coming in from the country, and from our exchanges, that our state is rich in all the products of the soil. It has been a hard race between the chinch bugs and the wheat; the elements have been on the side of the wheat, and in most cases it will get out about a neck ahead. From present indications the prices of all kinds of produce will be fair. Wool is beginning to come in; producers are holding on for higher prices. Prices during the past week have averaged 50 cents and upwards.

We are known to be a better judge of *horse hair* than we are of wool, but if any farmer thinks he can show us a better lot of wool than the one hundred fleeces shown us by Mr. David Taft, his own clip for this year, we will go some ways to see it. These fleeces, (ewes) weighed between eleven and twelve pounds each.

The buyers in this City at present, are M. B. Mead, David Taft and Mr. Harrison. This will make competition enough to keep prices up.

To the Agents of Racine County, representing First Class Mowing Machines:

For the purpose of testing the respective qualities of the several machines, I would say that I will bet from $50 to $500 that I am making as good a Mower as there is sold in this market, the judges to be selected from the farmers of this county by the parties as they can agree; the committee to consist of five persons, who will judge of all the respective qualities of the machines on trial, as to the amount of ground cut, the quality of the work, the draught, durability, etc. The time for trial to be fixed by the parties, and the money to go to the credit of the Poor Fund of this county.

july5-tf THOS. FALVEY.

Advocate please copy.

CONGRESS HALL.—There is nothing that so much adds to the reputation of a village or city, as the character of its hotels. A good breakfast or a good dinner elevates a place in the estimation of a hungry man more than anything he may see in its external appearance, and a poor dinner will bring curses upon a place for years, whenever its name is mentioned within the hearing of the victim of sell poor dinner. Our city is fortunate in its hotels at present. We detract nothing from other hotels in saying that Congress Hall is one of the best kept hotels in the state. Elisha Raymond, the proprietor, is among the oldest of our citizens. There is but one thing that can be said against him, and that is, everybody likes him and speaks well of him; a very good recommendation for a landlord, but it would not do for a politician. Seneca Raymond—everybody knows him—has a sort of supervision of matters. Seneca's good nature would make a man happy if there was nothing else in the house, but there is. Congress Hall has in it what very few hotels have—a landlady, and one that knows how things ought to be done and sees that they are done, too. A visit to Congress Hall Kitchen will not destroy a man's appetite for his dinner. We are not writing this for a free dinner or a cigar, for we have had neither, but simply for the love of telling the truth.

☞ Fine peaches are in the market.—Clough & Jewett are receiving them daily, and have made arrangements for a daily supply during the season. They will sell at retail or by the box at the lowest prices. Whortleberries and apples, and all kinds of vegetables are kept on hand at No. 4, Sixth Street.

Racine, July 26, 1865.—2w.

THE CHILD'S PAPER.—We have just received the first number of the "Little Corporal," a child's paper lately started in Chicago. We have looked it over carefully, and we do not remember to have seen a paper that more nearly comes up to our idea of what a child's paper should be, than the "Little Corporal." Filled as it is with entertaining stories that teach lessons of charity and benevolence, with here and there a word of good advice. We sincerely hope the paper will succeed, for we hold that there is nothing of such importance as to create a taste in the mind of a child for good reading. There is nothing more delerious to the young, we think, than this miserable trash that fills the land, in the shape of pirate and robber novels. It is impossible for a child to read of crimes against the laws of God and man, wrought by fiction into heroic deeds, without contaminating the mind of the child. Much better, we think, would it be to give them books and papers which will both amuse and instruct, and at the same time foster a true spirit of christianity and kindness.

NEW STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES.—John Beck has just received a new and splendid stock of Boots and Shoes, of new and choice styles, which he offers to sell 25 per unless than they can be purchased elsewhere. The public are invited to call and examine his stock, and test the prices. He is disposed to make quick sales, and will close out this new lot at lower rates than have been purchased in Racine for a long time.

April 5th.

☞ We received a call from Judge Terhune, of Viroqua, who is visiting the principal towns in the state, in behalf of the sufferers of that village, who lost everything they possessed, by the terrible tornado that swept through that town on the 8th day of June last. It will be seen in another column, that a special meeting of the City Council was called by the Mayor of this city. It is expected that our citizens will show their usual liberality on this occasion.

NOTICE.—The undersigned inform the public that he has disposed of the JOURNAL office to Col. WM. L. UTLEY. He has also disposed of the accounts due him for advertising and subscription from the 24th May, 1865. Col. Utley will carry out all contracts for advance subscription and advertising made by the undersigned. The undersigned is ready to pay his debt as usual on demand.

C. CLEMENT.

Racine July 12, 1865. tf

☞ We noticed the other evening a well dressed good looking man walking up the side walk. We thought that in his lineaments we could trace a familiar look, yet we wasn't sure, and we should have passed by unheeding, had he not spoken to us. Then we recognized our old friend Warner, the land agent. What it was that had so changed his appearance we could not make out, until he explained the mystery. He had invested in a new style of hat at Charles Pauli's. We would advise all who bear upon their crowns dilapidated tiles, to go and do likewise.—Pauli keeps constantly on hand the finest stock of hats and caps of any firm in the city, and he is always up to time with the latest fashions. Your get up, gentlemen, will be incomplete if you haven't one of Pauli's beavers upon your head.

SECOND HAND furniture bought and sold at the old stand of J. TOMLINSON.

All kinds of picture framing done to order. Rear of Ullman's bank, corner of Fourth and Main streets, Racine, Wis.

RACINE, July 19th, 1865—3t*

SATURDAY afternoon the citizens of the lower end of Main street were highly entertained by a genuine free fight, in which several pugnacious individuals were more or less maimed, bruised and otherwise maltreated. It is so seldom that our citizens have the pleasure of witnessing exhibitions of this sort, that in a short space of time a large crowd collected to enjoy the delightful spectacle of three or four drunken men pounding, kicking and stabbing one another. Unfortunately for the principal actors in the affair, the Sheriff made his appearance, which put a stop to the friendly trial of strength.—From what we can learn of the case, whisky was the cause of the whole disturbance.

AGRICULTURAL.—At a meeting of the Board of the Racine Agricultural Society, held at Burlington, July 14th, it was unanimously resolved that the next exhibition of this Society should be held Oct. 3d, 4th and 5th, 1865.

J. W. BUELL, Sec'y.

July 19th 1865.—4m.

"MAN is a carnivorous production," he must have prey, and cannot exist good-naturedly upon the products of the earth. As in days gone by, the blood of lambs and bullocks is daily spilled for man, not to wash away their sins, but that they may have something to appease their rapacious maws. But we could not imagine what in the world Gorton & Rowley were going to do with all the meat they had last Saturday morning. Not a hook in the shop but that was in use. We went that way again, and lo! it was all gone, and completely sold out. Polite and attentive to all, they endeavor to merit their share of patronage, by keeping the very best meats that money can buy. Success to the boys!

RESIGNED.—Mr. Terbush has tendered his resignation as City Marshal, which has been accepted. Mr. Terbush's business did not allow him to remain in the office, as he will be absent from the city most of the time. During the time he filled the office no man could more fearlessly and honestly discharge his duties, and in loosing him the city has lost one of its best and most efficient officers. The city council appointed Wm. H. Baker to fill the vacancy. We are not acquainted with the gentleman, but from what we hear of him, he will faithfully do his duty.

RACINE AND MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD.—Statement of freights shipped and received by Racine and Missisippi Railroad, for the week ending July 24, 1865:

Wheat, Bushels	22 963
Corn "	2 170
Flour, Barrels	400
Sundries, pounds	51 750

SHIPMENTS.

Lumber, M.	365
Shingles, M.	185
Lath, M. feet	35
R. R. Ties, "	5 570
Wood, cords	115
Coal, Tons	400
R. R. Iron, Tons	60
Salt, bbls.	240
Lime, bbls.	500
Merchandize, lbs.	44 000
Agricultural implements, lbs.	21 000

J. G. BALDWIN, Agt.

WE regret to learn that James Bolton was seriously injured last Tuesday, while at work in his slaughter house. The beam that he used to hang the meat upon slipped from its place, striking him upon the head. Dr. Page was called to the case, and at first serious doubts of Mr. Bolton's recovery were entertained, but we are glad to state that at last accounts the Doctor considered his patient out of danger, and in a fair way of a speedy recovery.

GRAIN STATEMENT.—The following statement, will show the readers of the Journal the amount of business done at the Thomson elevator, so far this season:

Wheat	450 116
Corn	70 074
Oats	160 293
Total amount shipped	680 480

FIRE.—Last Wednesday night Mr. Yates' house, which was occupied by Mrs. Jennings, was totally destroyed by fire. Mrs. Jennings lost nearly all her furniture and household goods; scarcely anything was saved. No one seemed to know anything of the fire until the next morning. At least we did not. We never heard the alarm if any was sounded—we never do, being one of the innocent kind that sleep. The origin of the fire is not known.

PERSONAL.—We are pleased to see our friend Theodore Lees once more among us looking only a little older than he did when he was a student. Mr. Lees is at present engaged in business in St. Louis and is here on a short visit to his friends and relations.

A SALOON ITEM.—The three late fancy drinks in California are called "ladies' tear punch," "anti-divorce cock-tails, and "soul-stirring solace."

☞ B. F. Weeks, our enterprising dry goods merchant, has just received a new stock of sheetings, prints and shawls. He expects another large stock next week, and all those who are in want of anything in the dry goods line had better call soon, before the goods are all gone.

THE many friends of Thomas St. George, or as the young ladies more affectionately style him, "Tommie," were rejoiced to meet him last Saturday, looking as hale and handsome as ever. We understand he is to return soon, and once more locate himself permanently in Racine.

MARKETS.

RACINE JOURNAL OFFICE, Racine, July 25, 1865.

Wheat, by teams, 85@$1.05.
Oats, 35@36c.
Corn, 50@60c.
Barley, no sales.
Flax Seed $1.50.
Potatoes, declining, 30@40c.
Butter, 16@18c.
Eggs, 15c.
Beef, on foot, $3.50@5.50.
Pork, dressed, 8@9c.
Calves, $6.00@10.00.
Sheep, per head, $3.00@5.00.
Lambs, $2.50@3.00.
Wool, 40@50c.
Hides, green, 5c. per lb.
" Salted, 6c. per lb.
Calf Skins, green, 8@10c.
" Dry, 20@25c.
Deacon Skins, 25@30c.

Marine Intelligence.

The following Vessels have arrived and cleared at this port, for the week ending July 26th, 1865:

ARRIVED.

Schr. W. H. Dewit, Higgie, Chicago; light.
" Gipsey, Pugh, Twin Rivers; 115 cords Wood.
" Pilgrim, More, Chicago; light.
" Contest, Aldrich, Holland; 55 cords Bark.
" G. Knapp, Jones, Twin Rivers; 120 m Lumber.
" Eva McOlone, Manitowoc; 20 cords Wood.
" Wm. H. Rodgerson, Wood, big Sturgeon; 50 cub. ft light House timber.
" Sea Star, Great Point Sandy; 70 cds. Shingle bolts.
" Ethe, Dugeet; 15 cords Railroad Ties.
" Montauk, Chillor, Buffalo and Bay City; 2,500 bbls Salt.
" G. Knapp Jones, Twin Rivers; 120 m Lumber.
" Young American, Cleveland; 400 tons Coal.
" Wm. Hunter, Cleveland; 250 tons Coal.
Barque Wm. Sturgis, Simpson, Chicago; light.

CLEARED.

Schr. Pioneer, Holland; light.
" W. H. Dewitt, Higgie, Buffalo; 11,000 bu. Wheat.
" Gipsey, Pugh, Twin Rivers; light.
" Pilgrim, More, Buffalo; 10,125 bushels Wheat.
" Contest, Clirich, Holland; light.
" Ethe, Dugeet, Wolf River; light.
" Mount Eagle, Childs, Chicago; light.
" G. Knapp, Jones, Twin Rivers; light.
Barque Wm. Sturgis, Simpson, Buffalo; 16,500 bu. Wheat.
Prop. Mendota, Buffalo; 1,800 bbls flour.

Chicago & Milwaukee Railway.

TIME TABLE.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JUNE 5TH 1865, trains will leave Racine as follows, viz:

GOING SOUTH.

Passenger Train	8.38 A. M.
" "	5.35 P. M.
Freight "	7.32 P. M.

GOING NORTH.

Passenger Train	11.57 A. M.
" "	7.13 P. M.
Freight Train, (Mondays excepted)	5.30 A. M.

J. D. FOSTER, Agent.

Racine, June 5, 1865. une6tf

New Advertisements.

Proposed Constitutional Amendment.

CHAPTER 414.

AN ACT to extend the right of suffrage.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. The right of voting is hereby extended to male persons of African blood, who shall have attained the age of twenty-one years or upwards, with the same qualifications and restrictions now imposed upon other voters in section one of article on suffrage, in the constitution.

SEC. 2. This act, before it takes effect, shall be submitted to the people, at a general election, to be held on the Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday of November, 1865, when, if such majority of votes as is required by the constitution, be cast for it, it shall be of force and effect under the requirements hereinafter prescribed; but if such majority be not cast for it, it shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 3. The ballot to be used on this occasion, shall be for the affirmative, "for extension of suffrage," for the negative, "for the extension of suffrage, no," which shall be on the general ballot used at the said election, and deposited in the same box; and all persons qualified, by law to vote at any election in this State, shall be deemed electors thereat to vote thereon.

SEC. 4. These votes shall be counted and returned by the inspectors of the election, in all respects as votes for state officers are counted and returned.

SEC. 5. The officers so designated by law to canvass the returns of votes for state officers, shall canvass the return on this question, at the same place and under the same regulations and restrictions now provided by law for canvassing and declaring the returns of elections for state officers.

SEC. 6. Within three days after the determination of such canvass, it shall be the duty of the canvassers to certify the result of the said canvass to the governor, who shall, thereupon, without delay, make proclamation of the result, and publish the same, daily and weekly, for two weeks, in all newspapers printed in the state; when, if the result shall be in favor of the extension of suffrage this act shall immediately after such publication, be of force and effect; but if not in favor of it, this act shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 7. This act immediately after its passage, shall be published, and at least three months previously to said general election, the secretary of state shall send, or cause to be sent, a correct copy of it to every newspaper in the state, which newspaper, upon the publication of the same, shall be entitled to pay for the same out of the state treasury, at the rates paid for other legal advertising.

Approved April 19, 1865.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, MADISON, July 15, 1865.

The publisher of each paper in this state, will please publish the above act once each week for three months prior to the next general election, and send his bill to this office for payment.

LUCIUS FAIRCHILD, Secretary of State.

July 26, 1865—3m.

Guardian's Sale.

COUNTY COURT, RACINE COUNTY—In Probate. In the matter of the guardianship of Alexander C. Bisk and Mary E. Bisk, minors.

In pursuance and by virtue of an order of license, granted by the County Court of Racine County, in said matter, the 24th day of July, A. D. 1865, licensing and empowering the undersigned, guardian of said minors, to sell the land of said minors hereinafter described, I, the said guardian shall, on Thursday the 17th day of August, A. D. 1865, at one o'clock P. M. of that day, at the dwelling house upon said land, sell at public auction all the following described piece of land, to wit: An undivided two thirds part of the East half of the Northwest quarter of Section No. ten (10) in Town No. three (3) North of range No. twenty (20) East, and being in the Town of Dover, in said County of Racine, in the State of Wisconsin. Terms made known at the time and place of sale.

JAMES BISK, Guardian.

Dated July 21st, 1865—3w.

RACINE HOUSE,

J. P. VAN VALKENBERG, Prop.,

Racine, Wis.

This House has recently been thoroughly painted, papered and newly furnished throughout. It is now open to the reception of guests

AS A FIRST CLASS HOTEL. LARGE AND COMMODIOUS STABLES.

Barber Shop and other conveniences attached. It is located in the business part of the City.

July 26, 1861.—26 tf.

TITUS BLOCK,

Racine, Wis.

RAYMOND & JONES,

DEALERS IN

SHELF HARDWARE

Tin Ware, Copper Ware,

Farmers Tools, &c.

They have on hand a large stock of

STOVES,

Of every variety which they sell as

Cheap as the Cheapest.

Particular attention paid to

Repairing and Jobbing,

whether at home or abroad.

First door north of Elkins' jewelry store, Titus Block

E. RAYMOND. THOMAS JONES.

Racine, Oct. 11, 1865. apr19'65

New Advertisement

G. THELEN,

CORNER OF

5th and Wisconsin Streets,

OLD STAND OF

THELEN & DIETRICH,

Is now receiving his

SUMMER STOCK

OF

STAPLE & FANCY

DRY GOODS.

Consisting of all kinds of

Domestics,

Dress Goods,

Cloaks, and

Hoop Skirts.

ALSO,

GROCERIES,

Of the choicest qualities: &c., &c., &c.

FARMER'S PRODUCE

Will be taken in exchange for Goods at the

Highest Market Price.

G. THELEN.

Racine, May 26, 1865.

INSURE AGAINST

ACCIDENTS.

Travelers Insurance Company

HARTFORD, CONN.

CAPITAL, - - - $500,000.

ISSUES TRAVELERS INSURANCE Tickets for the single trip, for a week, a month, or a year, insuring for

THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS

If fatally injured, or

Sixty Dollars per Month

During Total Disability, (not exceeding six months for any one accident,) when caused by *accident to any public conveyance* in which the person injured may be traveling.

Tariff of Rates for $3,000, and $15 per Week Compensation.

Ticket for 1 day,	10 cts.	Ticket for 10 days,	$1.00
" " 2 "	20 "	" " 20 "	2.00
" " 3 "	30 "	" " 30 "	2.00
" " 4 "	40 "	" " 6 mos.,	4.50
" " 7 "	70 "	" " 1 year,	7.00
		" " 12 "	10.00

Insurance commences at 6 o'clock A. M., 12 M., and 6 P. M. In purchasing Tickets, state the number of days for which a ticket is wanted, and the Train you wish to take.

Remember that TEN CENTS a day insures you for $3,000.

☞ Tickets for sale at Railroad Ticket Offices.

J. G. batterman, President. RODNEY DENNIS, Secretary.

H. C. MARSHALL, General Ticket Agent.

☞ Enquire for Insurance Tickets of the TRAVELERS COMPANY OF HARTFORD. may31-1m

THIRTY DAYS!

GREAT SALE

OF

Ready Made Stock.

REDUCED PRICES.

JOSEPH MILLER,

at his extensive

BOOT AND SHOE

ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 160 Main Street, Racine,

proposes to give the people of this city and county

A BENEFIT,

and, for this purpose, will, during the next thirty days sell all ready-made goods at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

He has on hand the largest and best assortment of goods

Ever Offered in this Market.

Now is the Time to Buy!

He continues to manufacture the best

CUSTOM WORK

that can be had any where. He has a splendid stock of

Ladies, Gentlemen's & Children's

FINE BOOTS & SHOES,

Including all the varieties of

STYLE AND QUALITY.

ALSO,

Heavy and Substantial Goods,

of the best quality.

☞ Make haste to secure great bargains.

Racine, Nov. 16, 1864.

Dissolution Notice.

THE FIRM OF KRANTZ & KISHINGER was dissolved yesterday, the 27th June 1865, by mutual arrangement. The undersigned will receive all dues and pay all debts of the late firm, and continue the business at the old stand.

JOHN KRANTZ.

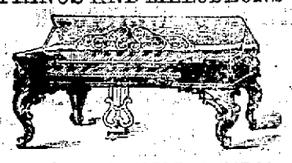
June 26, 1865.

JEWELRY STORE

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.

Silver, Silver Plated and Brittania Ware.

PIANOS AND MELODEONS



JOHN ELKINS & SON,

TAKES THIS OPPORTUNITY TO say to their friends that they are in receipt of a

New and Splendid Stock

of spring goods of everything which can be called for in their line, among which will be found

GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

from the justly celebrated American manufactory; also other imported styles in

Hunting and Open Cases,

A very large assortment of

JEWELRY,

of the latest styles and patterns.

Silver Spoons and Forks

of plain and fancy patterns, made of silver equal to coin.

PLATED AND BRITTANIA WARE.

Clocks of various Sizes and Patterns.

Ladies Traveling and Work Baskets,

Pocket Monies for Ladies and Gents.

TRAVELING BAGS, POCKET CUTLERY,

Violins, Guitars,

Accordeons, Flutes, &c.

A large assortment of

Fancy Goods, Toys, &c.,

expressly for the Holidays.

Chickering & Son and A. H. Gale & Co.'s

PIANO FORTES.

GEORGE A. PRINCE & CO.'S

MELODEONS.

☞ Clocks and Watches carefully repaired and warranted. mar25

Clough & Jewett,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

AT

4 Sixth St., Racine,

have marked down

SUGARS, COFFEES,

TEAS,

SYRUPS, MOLASSES,

and most of their goods to suit the declining gold.

FARMERS!

We pay Cash for your Butter and Eggs.

☞ To those living within the city limits, we deliver goods FREE.

CLOUGH & JEWETT HAVE REDUCED their price on Kerosene Oil twenty per cent.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE WINTER Wheat Flour from Missouri ch at, at reduced prices at CLOUGH & JEWETT'S.

CHOICE CANNED FRUITS, CANNED Oysters, lobsters, Pickles in jars or by the hundred, at CLOUGH & JEWETT'S.

AN EXCELLENT QUALITY OF Wrapping Paper, bought at greatly reduced prices and offered for sale at *extremely low rates*, at CLOUGH & JEWETT'S.

ORANGES, LEMONS, FIGS AND MAPLE Sugar, at CLOUGH & JEWETT'S

GRAND RALLY

AT THE

New Boot and Shoe

STORE.

ALL THE PEOPLE ARE NOTIFIED that a new

BOOT AND SHOE STORE

has just been opened in

Clement's New Building, adjoining the Baker House,

in the City of Racine, where a large and choice stock of goods, for

MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN,

can be found. We have

Women's, Misses and Children's

Balmorals and Congress Gaiters,

of splendid and very durable quality.

Men's Boys and Youths

Calf Kip and Grained Boots.

Every variety of

CHILDREN'S SHOES,

of good quality and fine workmanship. These goods are fresh from New York, and are all of the

LATEST STYLES.

Our establishment is connected with a large manufacturing establishment east, and can sell goods

Fifteen Per Cent. Cheaper

than any other house in the west. Particular attention paid to

Custom Work and Repairing.

S. CROSBY.

Racine, Oct. 24, 1864.

DISCHARGED SOLDIERS,

AND

Relatives of Discharged Soldiers.

THE UNDERSIGNED ARE PREPARED to receive application to be prosecuted by the

"*National Claim Agency,*"

at Washington, D. C., for all claims against the United States. Special attention is given to

Collecting Arrears of Pay

of deceased and discharged Soldiers

PENSIONS

for disabled Soldiers and the relatives of deceased Soldiers.

BOUNTY,

and all other claims arising from the present war.

We would suggest to soldiers discharged on account of wounds received in the service that, by a recent act of Congress, they are entitled to the bounty the same as if they had served in the service two years.

Our arrangements with the Washington house are such that nothing is charged until collections are made.

All business entrusted to us will be attended to with care and despatch.

LYON, ADAMS & HAND, Attorneys at Law.

Racine, Mar. 11, 1865. Over Post Office.

PHOTOGRAPH CARDS FOR GENtlemen. Samples and Catalogues sent for 25 cents. Enclose an envelope with your own name and address.

D. BENNETT, 594 Liberty-st., New York.

octl3-1m

1865 1865

"15 years established in N. Y. City."
"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

"Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c., Exter's,

Is a paste—used for *Rats, Mice, Roaches, Black and Red Ants, &c., &c., &c.*

"Costar's" Bed-Bug Exterminator,

Is a liquid or wash, used to destroy, and also as a preventive for Bed-Bugs, &c.

"Costar's" Electric Powder for Insects

Is for *Moths, Mosquitoes, Fleas, Bed-Bugs, Insects on Plant, Fowls, Animals, &c.*

☞ Sold by all Druggists and Retailers everywhere.

☞ ! ! ! BEWARE ! ! ! of all worthless imitations.

☞ See that "Costar's" name is on each Box, Bottle, and Flask, before you buy.

HENRY R. COSTAR.

☞ PRINCIPAL DEPOT, 482 BROADWAY, N. Y.

☞ Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Racine, Wis.

1865.

INCREASE OF RATS.—The *Farmer's Gazette*, (English) asserts and proves by figures that one pair of rats will have a progeny and descendants no less than 354,050 in three years. Now, unless this immense family can be kept down, they would consume more food than would sustain 60,000 human beings.

☞ See "COSTAR'S" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

RATS versus BIRDS.—Whoever engages in shooting small birds is a cruel man; whoever aids in exterminating *rats* is a benefactor. We should like some of our correspondents to give us the benefits of their experience in driving out these pests. We need something besides dogs, and rat traps for this business.—*Sentinel for Jamestown, N. Y.*

☞ See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

"COSTAR'S" RAT EXTERMINATOR is simple, safe, and sure—the most perfect Rat-Education meeting we have ever attended. Every Rat that can get it, properly prepared according to directions, will eat it, and every one that eats it will die, generally at some place as distant as possible from where the medicine was taken.—*Lake Shore, Mich., Mirror.*

☞ See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

HOUSEKEEPERS troubled with vermin need be so no longer if they use "Costar's" Exterminator. We have used it to our satisfaction; and in a long cool 25, we would have it. We have tried poisons, but they effected nothing; but "Costar's" article knocks the breath out of Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, and Bed-Bugs, quicker than we can tell it. It is in great demand all over the country.—*Medina, Ohio, Gazette.*

☞ See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

A VOICE FROM THE FAR WEST.—Speaking of "Costar's" Rat, Roach, Ant, &c., Exterminator—more grain and provisions are destroyed annually in Grant County by vermin than would pay for tons of this Rat and Insect Killer.—*Lancaster, Wis., Herald.*

☞ See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

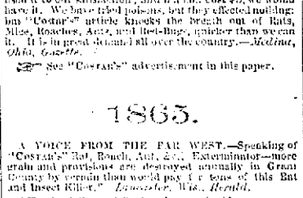
FARMERS AND HOUSEKEEPERS—should recollect that hundreds of dollars' worth of Grain, Provisions, &c., are annually lost by Rats, Mice, Ants, and other insects and vermin—all of which can be prevented by a few dollars' worth of "Costar's" Rat, Roach, Ant, &c., Exterminator. Insects not an exception.

☞ See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

☞ Sold in Racine, Wisconsin by all Druggists and Dealers. july12-3w8w

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

DR. CHEESEMAN'S



Will immediately relieve, without pain, all disturbances of the periodic discharge, whether arising from relaxation or suppression. They act like a charm in removing the pains that accompany difficult or inconsiderate menstruation, and are the only safe and reliable remedy for Flooding, Sick Headache, Pains in the Loins, Back and Sides, Palpitation of the Heart, Nervous Tremors, Hysterics, Spasms, Broken Sleep, and other nervous and nervous diseases of an unnatural condition of the sexual functions. In the worst cases of *Fluor Albus*, or Whites, they effect a speedy cure.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S FEMALE PILLS

Have been used OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY. They are offered as the only safe means of relieving interrupted menstruation, but *Ladies must bear in mind that, there is one condition of the female system in which the Pills cannot be taken without producing a PECULIAR RESULT. The condition referred to is PREGNANCY—the result, MISCARRIAGE.—Such is the invariable tendency of the medicine to restore the sexual functions to a normal condition, that even the reproductive power of nature cannot resist it.* THEY CANNOT DO HARM in any other way.

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills

Are the only Medicine that MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES have relied upon for many years, or can rely upon now. *BEWARE OF IMITATIONS!* These Pills form the *Finest Preparation ever put forward*, with IMMEDIATE AND PERSISTENT SUCCESS.—*DON'T BE DECEIVED.* Take this advertisement to your Druggist, and tell him that you want *the BEST and MOST RELIABLE FEMALE MEDICINE IN THE WORLD*, which is comprised in

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills!!!

They have received, and are now receiving, the sanction of the most *eminent Physicians in America.*

COMPLETE DIRECTIONS with each Box—the price, *One Dollar per Box*, containing from 70 to 90 Pills.

Pills sent *by mail, promptly*, by remitting the price to the Proprietors, or any authorized Agent, in current funds.

Sold by Druggists generally.

HUTCHINGS & HILLVER, Proprietors, 28 Dey Street, New York.

FULLER, PINCH & FULLER and LORD & SMITH, Wholesale Agents. Sold in Racine by all Druggists. Sold in Kenosha by Dr. STARKWEATHER and WHEELER & CLARK. july12-1y

CARRIAGE TRIMMING

EDWIN FOSTER

WISHES TO SAY TO THE PUBLIC that he has secured the services of one of the

Best of Carriage Trimmers,

And hopes that all who want anything in this department will give him a call.

Carriage Trimming,

IN EVERY STYLE, will be executed in the prompt manner and at the lowest rates.

Racine, July 12. july12-1y

To Whom it May Concern

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP OF THELen & Dietrich, of the city of Racine, will be dissolved by mutual consent. All those having claims against the above firm, will bring them in, and all those that are indebted to them by note or book account will pleasant at the old stand and settle the same immediately. If not settled they will be left in the hands of our attorney for settlement and collection.

Yours, Respectfully, THELEN & DIETRICH.

The above firm will sell goods from this date, regardless of cost, at reduced rates, until the whole stock is sold. T. & D.

March 1, 1865. 2m

House and Two Lots for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER WISHES TO DISpose of two valuable lots, situated in the Second Ward, on Pearl street, between 14th and 15th streets. These lots are handsomely located, have good house, water, fruit trees, &c., and are near the 3d Ward school house, being an advantage to those wishing to send children to school. They will be sold at a great bargain. For terms apply to No. 56 Sixth street, Racine.

JOHN NEWMANN.

Racine, June 14, 1865. unel4-2m

STRAYED,

FROM THE PREMISES OF THE undersigned in the city of Racine, on or about July 1st, a white and red speckled cow about eighte years old. Whoever will return said cow to my residence, will be liberally rewarded.

E. C. TATE.

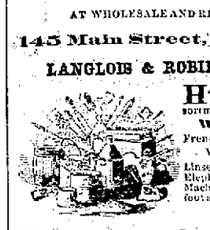
Racine, July 6th, 1865. tf

PAINTS & OILS

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

145 Main Street, Racine.

LANGLOIS & ROBILLIARD



HAVE A FULL and complete assortment of

White Lead,

French and American WHITE ZINC,

Linseed, Boiled, Whale, Elephant, Sperm Straits, Machine, Sweet, Neats foot and Kerosene

OILS.

Turpenitne, Camphene

ALCOHOL, BURNING FLUID,

VARISHES AND JAPAN.

A full and complete stock of

Colors, Dry and Ground in Oil, Artists' Colors and Materials, Diamonds Gold Leaf, Smalts and all

Other Articles Belonging to the Trade.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN

Window, Plate and Looking Glasses,

of all sizes.

BRUSHES

of every description. A large and splendid stock

Wall Papers, Borders,

Decorations, Gilt and Common Window Shades, Figured and Plain Curtain Paper, Tassels, Cordes, and Curtain Bands.

Fluid and Kerosene Lamps and Lanterns.

SHIP CHANDLERY.

Manilla and Tarred Ropes, all sizes. Canvass, Oakum, Pitch, Tar, Coal Tar, Resin, Blocks, &c., &c.

Belcords, Clothes lines, Broom Twines, all qualities. Wrapping Twines in bundles or barrels, Bell and Sash Cords, Wool Twines, Cotton Seine and Gilling Twines, &c.

We would call particular attention of the trade to our stock, as we at all times have the largest and best assortment of goods in the city.

Call and see at

No. 145 Main Street, Racine, Wisconsin.

PAINTING,

Glazing, and Paper Hanging attended to on short notice.

GREAT SALE

OF

STAPLE GROCERIES

AT

WHOLESALE

For the Next Thirty Days.

In anticipation of a

Change of Business

during the spring I offer my

STOCK OF GOODS

IN THE

Wholesale Department

AT

Greatly Reduced Prices,

MANY OF THEM AT

New York Rates.

Dealers are requested to call and examine goods and prices.

Terms, Cash.

E. J. WICKMAN.

DISSOLUTION.

KELLEY & MURRAY HAVING PURchased the interest of L. Taylor in the late firm of

"Taylor, Murray & Co.,"

Will continue the

LUMBER BUSINESS

at the old stand, where a general assortment of

Lumber, Lath, Shingles and Posts,

will be kept constantly on hand and for sale at the lowest prices.

KELLEY & MURRAY.

JAS. H. KELLEY, GERSHOM MURRAY.

Racine April 10 1865. apr29tf

A CARD TO THE LADIES.

DR. DUPONCO'S

GOLDEN PERIODICAL PILLS,

FOR FEMALES.

Infallible in Correcting Irregularities, Removing Obstructions of the Monthly Turns, from whatever Cause, and always successful as a Preventive.

And the "only sure" and CERTAIN REMEDY for all those afflicting complaints so peculiar to the sex, whether "married or single."

These Pills are nothing new, but have been used by the Doctor for many years, both in France and America, with unparalleled success in every case; and he is urged by many thousand ladies who have used them, to make the Pills public for the alleviation of those suffering from any irregularities whatever, as well as to prevent an increase of family where health will not permit it. Females peculiarly situated, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these pills while in that condition, as the proprietor assumes no responsibility after the above admonition, although their mildness would prevent any mischief to health, otherwise the Pills are recommended. Full and explicit directions accompany each box.

50,000 BOXES HAVE BEEN SOLD IN TWO YEARS.

Ladies say nothing like the above. Pills have been known since the Science of Medicine dawned upon the world, in removing obstructions and restoring nature to its proper channel, quieting the nerves and bringing back the "rosy color of health" to the cheek of the most delicate.

Price $1 00 per Box. Six Boxes for $5 00.

Sold by all Druggists.

And by RIDDER & HARRIS, Sole Agents for Racine and vicinity. Ladies by sending them $1 can have the Pills sent confidentially by mail, free of postage and without observation, to any part of the country.

G. S. LACEY General Traveling Agent for the Western States, 167 Dearborn St., Chicago.

BURLINGTON
Woolen Factory.

Terms for Manufacturing and Dressing Cloth, Coloring, Carding Rolls, &c.

FOR MANUFACTURING CASSIMERE or filled cloth, 65 to 70c per yard; white flannel, yard wide, 37½c; mixed and common colors, 45c; mixed, red, scarlet or plaids, 50. We give, on shares, one-half the cassimere, filled cloth, colored or plaid flannel, or three-fifths of the white flannel that the wool will make. One pound of washed wool in the fleece will make three-fourths of a yards of cassimere or filled cloth, or one yard of yard-wide flannel. Discount, one-third on unwashed wool.

For carding rolls, 10c per pound; for oiling, 2c per pound; for cleansing wool, 2c per pound for the weight before it is cleansed. For fulling, scouring and pressing home-made cloth, 20c; with shearing, 25c, and with gigging or napping 30c. For finishing complete, and coloring or napping 30c. For carding and spinning 35c per pound. For carding and fulling, 8c to 10c.

Freight.

Wool to be made into rolls will be taken from the depot and returned without charge. Wool to be manufactured may be sent by railroad (not by express) from any part of Wisconsin, Illinois or Iowa, and will pay all freight charges, and return by express, the return charges to be paid by the customer.

Packing and Directions.

Put the wool in strong sacking, not in old cotton sheets, if you wish it all to reach us. Be sure and put your directions on the inside of the sack, with your name and place to send the cloth. Write by mail, and there will be no trouble in receiving your goods in season.

Remarks.

We are determined to maintain the good reputation of the Factory established under the management of Mr. Catlin, the former proprietor. We will make none but pure wool, serviceable goods; do just as we agree with all persons, and never, under any circumstances, refuse to redress any errors that may be made in business, and intend by any errors that may be made in business, and intend to make it for the interest of farmers to patronize us.

LAWTON & PERKINS.

Burlington, Wis., April, 1863. may16-4m

BOOTS AND SHOES

JOHN BECK

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM the citizens of Racine and vicinity, that he has just received his

WINTER STOCK

OF

Ladies, Misses and Children's

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS,

Balmorals, Slippers.

Also, every kind of

BOOTS & SHOES.

For Men and Boy's wear.

CUSTOM WORK

of every description on hand and made to order on the shortest notice.

REPAIRING

done with neatness and dispatch, at the

Racine Boot and Shoe Store,

No. 52 Main Street,

one door north of Union Hall, Racine, Wisconsin.

November 29, 1864.

A CARD.

MISS LEWIS,

TEACHER OF VOCAL MUSIC,

WILL GIVE LESSONS IN MUSIC AT her rooms as follows:

JUNIOR CLASS.

Every Saturday Morning. New Term begins the first Saturday in November (6th inst.) at 9 o'clock a. m.—Terms, $1 00 in advance.

SENIOR CLASS.

New Term will begin on the first Monday in November. Lessons every Monday and Thursday evening from 7 to 9 o'clock. Pupils of music will be taught in both Classes, after the latest New Mode. Course, 24 lessons, $8 00. Terms strictly in advance.

Miss L. is also prepared to give private lessons in the "Cultivation of the Voice," after the most approved method. Terms, for 24 lessons, $12 00.

She will also teach Instrumental Accompaniments on Melodeon or Guitar in connection with singing lessons if desired.

Rooms in Cottage, opposite the School House, on Wisconsin Street, between 4th and 5th streets.

Racine, Oct. 29, 1864. nr381-3m

FURNITURE.

M. SPIECH,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

CABINET AND FURNITURE WARE,

On Sixth Street,

a few doors West of the Baptist Church, is prepared to sell

Furniture

of all kinds, as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere in the city.

Gilt, Rosewood and Oval Frames

FOR

PICTURES AND PHOTOGRAPHS.

Ready Made Coffins always on hand, or made to order. We have a good supply of Gilt and Rosewood Mouldings for Picture Frames. Persons having pictures to frame will do well to give me a call.

Racine, May 6, 1863.

PHENIX
Fire Insurance Company,

OF BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

Cash Capital	$500,000 00
Total Assets	222,219 20
Assets	$722,219 20

Policies issued and losses promptly adjusted by D. McDONALD, Agent, at his office, 2d story Masonic Building, Main street, Racine.

STATE OF WISCONSIN---CIRCUIT Court for the County of Racine—DAVID W. STUART, plaintiff, against Almira Stuart, defendant. Summons for Relief.

[United States Revenue Stamp, 50 cts. cancelled.]

The State of Wisconsin to the above named Defendant. You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office, in the city and county of Racine, in said state, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the said plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint; said complaint is filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court, at his office in the city of Racine, in said county of Racine in said state, this 31st day of May, 1865.

Witness, the Hon. David Noggle, Judge of the First Judicial Circuit of the State of Wisconsin, at the city of Racine, this 31st day of May, A. D. 1865.

N. H. JOY, Pltf's Att'y.

jun3-6w

COUNTY COURT, RACINE COUNTY—In Probate. In the matter of the estate of EDWARD MAHER, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of John Mack, representing among other things, that Edward Maher, late of the town of Mt. Pleasant, in the County of Racine, and State of Wisconsin, deceased, lately died intestate, leaving real and personal property situated in said County, and praying that said petitioner be appointed administrator of the estate of said deceased. It is ordered, that said petition be heard before the Judge of this Court,

On Monday, the 7th day of August,

A. D. 1865, at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, at the office of said Judge in the city of Racine in said County. And it is further ordered, that notice of said application and hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the "Racine Journal," a weekly newspaper printed and published at said city of Racine.

Dated, July 7th, 1865.

By the Court,

July12-4t JOHN B. ADAMS, County Judge.

A Card to Invalids.

A CLERGYMAN, WHILE RESIDING in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, FREE OF CHARGE.

Please inclose a post paid envelope, addressed to yourself. Address, JOSEPH T. INMAN,

Station D, Bible House,

mar29-9m New York City.

DRIVER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Sash, Doors, Blinds, and Mouldings

of all sizes, Siding, Flooring, Shingles, Broom Handles &c., &c. nr207

EMPLOYMENT.

$75 A MONTH.--AGENTS WANTED to sell Sewing Machines. We will give a commission on all machines sold, or employ agents who will work for the above wages and all expenses paid. Address

D. B. HERRINTON & CO.,

July4 Detroit, Mich.

The New York *Tribune* says, "the reason why Drake's Plantation Bitters are so universally used and have such an immense sale, is that they are always made up to the original standard, of highly invigorating material and of pure quality, although the prices have so largely advanced," &c.

The *Tribune* just hits the nail on the head. The Plantation Bitters are not only made of pure material, but the people are told what it is. The receipt is published around each bottle, and the bottles are not reduced in size.—At least twenty imitations and counterfeits have sprung up. They impose upon the people once and that is the last of them.

The Plantation Bitters are now used in all the Government Hospitals, and are recommended by the best physicians, and are warranted to produce an *immediate* beneficial effect. Facts are stubborn things.

* * * I owe much to you, for I verily believe the Plantation Bitters have saved my life.

REV. W. H. WAGGONER, Madrid, N. Y.

* * * Thou will send me two bottles more of thy Plantation Bitters. My wife has been greatly benefited by their use.

Thy Friend,

ASA CURBIN, Philadelphia, Pa."

* * * I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and had to abandon preaching. * * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me.

REV. J. S. CATHORN, Rochester, N. Y."

* * * Send us twenty-four dozen more of your Plantation Bitters, the popularity of which are daily increasing with the guests of our house.

SKYES, CHADWICK & Co.,

Proprietors Willard's Hotel,

Washington, D. C.

* * * I have given the Plantation Bitters to hundreds of our disabled soldiers with the most astonishing effect.

G. W. D. ANDREWS,

Superintendent Soldiers Home,

Cincinnatti, O.

* * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of liver complaint, of which I was laid up prostrate and had to abandon my business.

H. B. KINGSLEY, Cleveland, O.

* * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of a derangement of the kidneys and the urinary organs that has distressed me for years. It acts like a charm.

C. C. MOORE, 254 Broadway."

NEW-BEDFORD, Mass., Nov. 24, 1863.

DEAR SIR:—I have been afflicted many years with severe prostrating cramps in my limbs, cold feet and hands, and a general disordered system. Physicians and medicine failed to relieve me. Some friends in New York, who were using Plantation Bitters, prevailed upon me to try them. I commenced with a small wine-glassful after dinner. Feeling better by degrees, in a few days I was astonished to find the coldness and cramps had entirely left me, and I could sleep the night through, which I had not done for years. I feel like another being.—My appetite and strength have also greatly improved by the use of the Plantation Bitters.

Respectfully,

JUDITH RUSSEL."

If the ladies of America but knew what thousands of them are constantly relating to us, we cardilly believe one half of the weakness, prostration and distress experienced by them would vanish. James Marsh, Esq., of 159 West 14th St. N. Y., says, "he has three children, the first two are weak and puny, his wife having been unable to nurse or attend them, but that she has taken Plantation Bitters for the last two years, and has a child now eighteen months old which she has nursed and reared herself, and both are hearty, saucy and well. The article is invaluable to mothers," &c.

Such evidence might be continued for a volume. The best evidence is to try them. They speak for themselves. Persons of sedentary habits troubled with weakness, lassitude, palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating, torpid liver, constipation, diabetes, &c., will find speedy relie through these Bitters.

They are now sold by all respectable dealers throughout the habitable globe. Be sure each bottle has our private United States Stamp over the top, and take none other. We do not sell it in any other way. Any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters by the gallon is an impostor, and should be immediately reported to us. Beware of *refilled* bottles; examine and see that the stamp has not been mutilated.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.,

21 Park Row, N. Y.

D. S. BARNES, New York.

NEW GOODS.

I am now receiving my

New Spring Goods,

consisting in part of

DRESS GOODS, SILKS,

Cloaks, Cloak Cloths,

Shawls Prints, Ginghams, DeLaines,

DENIMS, STRIPES,

Bleached & Brown Sheetings,

DUPLEX HOOP SKIRTS,

BALMORAL SKIRTS,

Woolen Goods,

Goods for Men and Boys Wear.

TEAS, SUGARS,

COFFEES, &c., &c.,

For sale cheap by

B. F. WEEKS.

Racine, May 9, 1865.

WILCOX & GIBBS
SILENT
SEWING MACHINE

WILL STITCH, HEM, FELL, TUCK, Cord, Bind, Braid, Quilt and Embroider beautifully. It will, with the finest needle and thread, run from perfect work on the finest Nainsook, over the heaviest beaver cloth and cowhide, with NO CHANGE of needle, thread or tension. It will use coarse cotton, linen, silk, and twine. It runs easier, faster and stiller than any other machine. It forms a flat, even and elastic seam, differing from every other stitch, each loop being TWISTED by means of

THE ROTATING HOOK,

and drawing the twist into the goods, thus securely fastening every stitch, so that the seam will bear to be cut at frequent intervals, and in that case even, the seam is warranted NOT TO RIP in wear, and under all circumstances to "survive the washtub." Old, worn out family garments, bosoms, ruffs, dresses, &c., have been embedded to Committees at FAIRS where was the GREATEST COMPETITION, and to THIS STITCH premiums have been awarded for its SUPERIORITY, DURABILITY, ELASTICITY and BEAUTY.

A Patented Device prevents the possibility of the machine being run in the wrong direction, or the balance wheel ever wearing or touching the dress.

THE NEEDLE CANNOT BE SET WRONG,

Thus avoiding the great trouble of other machines.

NO BREAKING OF NEEDLES.

The blade of the needle is less thin three fourths of an inch long, and is straight.

The Hemmer and Feller Can Never be Set Wrong.

Any one may adjust them IN THE DARK. The hem may be of any width. No other hemmer or feller is like this. It turns the hem on the right or under side as you want it.

IT WILL NOT DROP STITCHES. As the needle is always set right, the blade short and straight, does not vibrate, like longer ones.

It is run by steam at 3000 stitches per minute, other machines at only 400 to 1,200, with safety. They are

Manufactured with Mathematical Precision,

Hence each part is interchangeable and can be readily replaced in case of accident. The machine cannot be adjusted, hence will not get out of order. It will last a generation, if properly cared for. None who have used it can be persuaded to use another.

The roundness, evenness, durability and beauty of its stitch

WERE NEVER EQUALED.

ITS RAPIDITY, ABSOLUTE STILLNESS, EASE OF MOTION, narrowness and neatness of its hem and FELL were NEVER APPROACHED by any other machine. We can call in any boy or girl from the street, and with three minutes' instruction they will sew the needle, attach the Hemmer, or Feller, and do the work with entire success.

The PRESS universally pronounce this the BEST FAMILY Sewing Machine in the world. Whatever the merits of the other machines, it is no disparagement to say the Wilcox & Gibbs is worth, for family use, double that of any other ever offered to the public.

It received the Gold Medal of the American Institute—the first premium for

"THE BEST SEWING MACHIGE,"

at the great New England Fairs—the Vermont State Fair—the Pennsylvania State Fair—the Indiana State Fair—and 31 other First Premiums at the meetings of Mechanical and Scientific Societies all over the world, are among its trophies in 1864.

IT IS NOW THE GREAT LEADING FAMILY SEWING MACHINE

ALL OVER THE WORLD.

Price of Machines, with hemmer, feller, gauge, oil can, extra needles, full directions, &c., from $36 to $150.

Burnham's Self-Sewer.

FOR ALL SEWING MACHINES, guides the work itself, avoiding the bent posture and strain on the eyes. Price, $1 50. Large Discount to Agents.

We take other machines in exchange. We sell Oil, Cotton, Silk, Twist and Needles for every kind of sewing machine.

AGENTS WANTED.—Terms to agents, descriptive circular and specimens of work sent free by mail, on receipt of stamp, or load of

L. CORNELL & CO., Gen'l Ag'ts,

June21-65-1y 158 Lake St., Chicago, Ill.

The Great Indian Beverage.

E. DEXTER LOVERIDGE'S

WAHOO BITTERS.

TAKEN BY EVERYBODY

AND SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

THE WAHOO BITTERS ARE A COMbination of Nature's Great Restorative; they are entirely Vegetable, being compounded from different Roots, Barks and Herbs, under strict chemical analysis. These Bitters remove unnatural acidity of the Stomach, give to it a natural and healthy action, and when the Stomach is right the whole man is right.

THE WAHOO BITTERS ARE AN

ALTERATIVE, DIURETIC AND STOMACH TONIC.

They act direct upon the Liver, Purifying the Blood, giving a healthy glow to the Skin. They cure

Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Asthma, Sour Stomack, Sick Headache.

Warm and Strengthen the Bowels, are a preventative of Dysentery, Summer Complaints, Chills, Cholera Morbus, Chills, Intermittent Fever, Fever and Ague, &c. The Spirits used to preserve these Bitters is a PURE RYE WHISKEY, distilled in Copper, under my direction and personal attention, and is the only Spirits recommended by the Medical Faculty for its medicinal qualities.

Put up only by myself, the Inventor and Patentee.

CAUTION!—None genuine unless **D. W. D.—1863—E. Dexter Loveridge. Wahoo Bitters.** Blown in the Bottle, and bearing a label as follows: THE GREAT INDIAN BEVERAGE. LOVERIDGE'S CELEBRATED WAHOO BITTERS.

E. DEXTER LOVERIDGE,

June25-67-3m\$ BUFFALO, N. Y.

ST. CATHARINA'S
FEMALE ACADEMY,

RACINE, WIS.

THE SISTERS OF THE ORDER OF St. Dominic, well known in this and the adjoining States as experienced and competent Directress of Female Education, respectfully announce to the citizens of Racine, and the public in general, that this academy will be open for the reception of pupils on the 1st of November, 1864.

Pupils of every religious denomination will be admitted, and no undue influence will be used to bias the religious principles of the young ladies; nor will any of them be permitted to embrace the Catholic faith, with out the formal or written consent of the parents or guardians. Uniformity and good order, however, require the attendance of all at Morning and Evening Prayers, and the religious exercises on Sunday.

COURSE OF STUDIES.

Orthography, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar, Ancient and Modern Geography, Composition, Sacred and Profane History, Natural Philosophy, Book Keeping, Astronomy, Algebra, Geometry, Guitar, and Vocal Music, Drawing, Painting in Oil and Water Colors, Plain and Ornamental Needle Work.

For further particulars, application may be made to the Superior of the Academy.

All letters to be addressed to the Superior St. Catharina's Academy, O. P. Dominic, Racine, Wisconsin.

Send for circular.

M. BENEDICTA, Superior, O. P. Dominic.

Wanted.

MALE AND FEMALE HELP, FARM hands, book-keepers, salesmen and peddlers. Female help, saleswomen for stores, housekeepers, seamstresses, chambermaids and girls for general house work, can all have situations by applying to the agent of the Chicago Employment Association.—Mrs. Davis Superintendent of the Female Department. Mr. Davis, Superintendent of the Male Department, 116 Clark St. Room 21, with stamp enclosed. P. O. Drawer 6890.

FAIRBANKS'

STANDARD

SCALES,

OF ALL KINDS.

Also, Warehouse Trucks, Letter Presses, &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,

172 Lake Street, CHICAGO.

Be careful to buy only the genuine. June4-104 1y

BENNETT & McCLELLAN

Attorneys & Counsellors at Law

Nos. 1 & 2 Second Floor, Masonic Building

(OVER THE POST OFFICE,)

Racine, ... Wisconsin.

C. W. BENNETT. I. S. McCLELLAN.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILAdelphia, Penn. Diseases of the *Nervous System, Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Impotency,* and other affections of the *Sexual Organs, Topical Debility and Premature Decay,*—new and reliable treatment, in Reports of the Howard Association, sent by mail, in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address

DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON,

Howard Association,

feb10'65w1 No. 2 South 9th St., Phil. Pa.

NOTICE TO
Wounded and Sick Soldiers.

ALL THOSE RESIDING IN THE counties of Racine and Walworth wishing to apply Invalid Pensions, will call for examination at my office corner Main and Ninth Streets, Racine,

P. R. HOY, Examining Surgeon,

for the Counties of Racine and Walworth.

Racine, Jan. 14, 1865.

TO THE PUBLIC.

TAKE NOTICE, that I hereby forbid any person from purchasing one Promissory Note signed by me some time last fall, made payable to Richard Cahorn, for the sum of three hundred and twelve dollars, one year after date without interest, as the same was obtained in fraud and by deceit, as I shall not pay the same.

JOHN CAHORN.

City of Racine, March 28, 1865. 8t.

A Remedy for the Piles.—It is a blessing to do the suffering to know that we have an effectuative for this truly troublesome disease. Mr. J. P. Hazards, of 164 Second street, Cincinnati, O., takes great pleasure in informing all who are suffering with Piles, that he used a small quantity of Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy, and it effected a permanent cure. This seems to be the case with all who use of this splendid preparation. It is manufactured at No. 6 East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, O., and sold by all Druggists.

Largest and Cheapest

Furniture Wareroom

IN RACINE.

FRED. IBING, MANUFACTURER, No. 4 Main street, near the Racine and Mississippi Railroad depot. No Eastern slop work. Furniture suit the times—Mahogany, Cherry, Oak and Black Walnut.

We invite the public to call and examine our stock!

Tete a Tetes, Sofas,

Centre Tables, Lounges,

Card Tables, Ottomans,

Secretaries, Book Cases,

Wardrobes, Bureaus,

Chamber Setts, Looking Glasses, &c

Gilt and Rosewood Mouldings

FOR PICTURE FRAMES.

Oval Frames for Portraits & Photographs

He is the agent in this city of Fisk & Crane's air light and indestructible

Metallic Burial Cases.

These preserve the body from decomposition and prevent the emission of offensive odor, and are the most suitable thing for its use that has ever been invented.

Walnut and Cherry Polished Coffins,

on hand or made to order at the shortest notice.

FRED. IBING.

August 20, 1862.

HARK!

DID YOU HEAR THAT NOISE!

The People's Store.

No. 20 East Water St.,

MILWAUKEE.

Is crammed with one of the largest stocks of

DRY GOODS,

Ever Offered at Retail in the West.

Having taken advantage of the recent panic, we are now prepared to dispose of the same at prices so far below those who make early purchases, as to astonish the closest buyers. An endless variety of

DRESS GOODS.

A profusion of

CLOTHS. CASSIMERES.

Big Piles of

SATINETTS & COTTONADES.

Bales and Cases

Bleached and Brown Muslins.

Any quantity of

Red, White and Blue Flannels.

Every style

FANCY SHIRTING FLANNELS.

Denims, Ticklings,

Table Linens, Napkins,

Wrappers, Drawers,

Hoods, Nubias, Blankets,

Hosiery, Embroideries, &c.

Also large stock of

YANKEE NOTIONS.

Especial attention is called to our stock of

CLOAKS AND SHAWLS.

Remember the number and do not fail to call

20 East Water Street,

MILWAUKEE, WIS.

THOS. HOOLEY, Prop.

SCHUMACHER & RITCHIE,

No. 128 Main Street, Racine,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

TOBACCO, CIGARS AND LIQUORS.

We keep on hand the best and choicest stock of

CHEWING TOBACCO,

PLUG AND FINE CUT,

Pipes & Smokers Articles

in great varieties, and as fine an assortment of

LIQUORS,

and Imported

RHEIN WINES,

as ever brought to this market.

GIVE US A CALL.

P. SCHUMACHER. [may4] S. RITCHIE.

Goodrich's Lakes Michigan and Superior Line of Steamers.

Daily Line between Milwaukee and Chicago & between Chicago & Two Rivers.

THE SPLENDID SIDE WHEEL steamers CONSTITUTION and MAY QUEEN, will form a daily line between Chicago and Two Rivers. On and after this date one of the above Steamers will leave Goodrich's steamboat dock, foot of Main Street, for Chicago, Racine and Kenosha, every evening, (Saturdays excepted) at 8 o'clock, and for Two Rivers and all intermediate ports, every evening, (Sundays excepted) at 5 o'clock. For freight or passage apply to H. S. DAVIS, Agent, Office foot of Main Street.

Leave Racine for Chicago every night, (Saturdays excepted) at 10 o'clock, and for Milwaukee every afternoon, (Sundays excepted) at 3 o'clock.

A. P. DUTTON, Agent,

June 18, 1864. Office at the Outside Warehouse.

TO THE PUBLIC.

The United States

TELEGRAPH CO.

HAVE GOT THEIR LINES IN FULL communication with

All Parts of the U. S. and Canadas,

and are prepared to send dispatches with greater celerity and correctness than any other line. They have recently opened an

OFFICE IN RACINE,

IN THE JOURNAL BUILDING,

No. 145 Main Street

with a competent operator in charge. The public and business men in particular, will find it in their interest to patronize this line, which is acquiring a wide-spread popularity among the mercantile men of the country.

Office hours from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.

April 1864

Stray Cow.

CAME INTO THE ENCLOSURE OF the subscriber, on or about the 8th day of May, a yellow had white cow, about five years old. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take her away.

PATRICK LEONARD.

Raymond, May 20, 1865.

J. B. ROWLEY'S
Insurance Agency.

Capital Represented, $9,000,000.

Fire Insurance Companies.

New England—Assets,	$244,078
North American—Assets,	697,837
Home, New Haven—Assets	659,070
Charter Oak—Assets,	360,000
Columbia—Assets,	559,000

Life Insurance Company.

Connecticut Mutual—Assets,	$7,000,000

The above Companies issue policies on as favorable terms as other responsible companies. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

Life Insurance.

Persons desiring Life Insurance, are invited to investigate the standing and plan of the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL before making an application elsewhere, as by so doing they may save nearly half their money.

J. B. ROWLEY, Agent.

L. JANES, Solicitor.

☞ Office at J. Humphrey's Clothing Store, Main St., Racine. may24

GROVESTEEN & CO.,

PIANO FORTE

MANUFACTURERS.

499 Broadway, New York

THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC and the trade is invited to our

NEW SCALE

SEVEN OCTAVE ROSEWOOD

PIANO FORTES,

WHICH FOR

Volume and Purity of Tone,

are unrivalled by any hitherto offered in this market. They contain all the modern improvements,

French, Grand Action, Hary Pedal, Iron Frame, Over-Strung Bass, &c.

and each instrument being made under the personal supervision of Mr. J. H. GROVESTEEN, who has had a practical experience of over thirty years in their manufacture, is

Fully Warranted in Every Particular.

The "Grovesteen Piano Forte" received the Highest Award of Merit over all others at the celebrated

WORLD'S FAIR,

where were exhibited instruments from the best makers of London, Paris, Germany, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston and New York; and also at the

AMERICAN INSTITUTE FOR

Five Successive Years,

the gold and silver medals from both of which can be seen at our warerooms. By the introduction of Improvements we make a still more

Perfect Piano Forte

and by manufacturing largely, with a strictly cash system, are enabled to offer these instruments at a price that will preclude all competition.

PRICES:

No. 1, Seven Octave, round corners, Rosewood plain case, $250.

No. 2, Seven Octave, round corners, Rosewood heavy moulding, $275.

No. 3, Seven Octave, round corners, Rosewood Louis XIV. style $300.

Terms: Nett Cash, in Current Funds.

☞ Descriptive Circulars sent free. july27-1y

Fire! Fire! Fire!

NOW IS THE TIME TO PURCHASE one of

FLETCHER'S PATENT

HEAT RADIATORS

AND

DRAFT REGULATORS,

as they will save from one-third to one-half the fuel commonly used, and is a

Sure Preventive

against chimneys taking fire in windy weather, as they are constructed with two registers, whereby the draft is perfectly controlled and the

Heat Retained in the Room.

They are warranted on two weeks' trial; not proving what they are represented, they can be returned and the pay refunded. Warranted to take one-third less fuel. Manufactured by WELLS & FLETCHER,

Jan. 27, 1864. No. 3 Market Square.

PAINTING.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS PREPARED to attend to all calls in line of

PLAIN PAINTING, GRAINING,

Sign and Ornamental Painting,

AS WELL AS

GLAZING, WALL COLORING

AND PAPER HANGING.

Residence and shop on Pearl Street, between 11th and 12th Streets.

JOHN CAVEN.

Rabine, Feb. 9, 1865.

MEDICAL NOTICE.

DRS. CLARK & MILLER,

DR. R. B. CLARK HAS ASSOCIATED with him in the practice of Medicine and Surgery, Dr. Chas. S. Miller, late of Rockford, Illinois. Office in Titus Block, 2d story, main entrance, first door to the left, where one of them can be found at all hours, day or night.

Residence of Dr. Clarke, 6th street, between Pearl and Chippeny.

R. B. CLARK. CHAS. W. MILLER.

A RARE CHANCE!

A Key to all Knowledge,

MAILED TO ANY PERSON UPON RECEIPT OF

TEN CENTS.

None should fail to avail themselves of this.

[mch30] Address FRANK HARDEE, Troy, N. Y.

Choice Farm for Sale.

60 ACRES PRAIRIE AND 5 ACRES Timber for sale separately or together. On this farm is a good house and an excellent barn with underground stable. Also, a fine orchard of bearing fruit trees. This farm is situated half way between Skunk Grove and Ives Grove, and is really one of the most beautiful farms in Racine county.

Price low and terms easy.

KNIGHT & CRAM.

August 1, 1864. tf

BANK NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT all the counterfeited circulating notes of the Commercial Bank of Racine must be presented at the office of the Bank Comptroller at Madison, within three (3) years from the date of this notice, or the funds deposited for the redemption of said circulating notes will be appropriated to those entitled to the same.

Sept. 30th, 1864. 3yrs

WM. R. RAMSEY, Bank Comptroller.

JULIUS BAUER & CO.

Great Piano Forte & Melodeon

EMPORIUM,

CHICAGO, ILL.

Wholesale Agents for

PRINCE & CO.'S

IMPROVED

MELODEONS,

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

The Oldest Establishment in the United States!

THIRTY THOUSAND

Of these Instruments are now in use mostly in the United States and Canada, also in Europe, Asia, Africa, South America, and the West Indies, and from all these quarters we have the most flattering testimonials of the high estimation in which they are held. At all *Industrial Exhibitions*, they have invariably been

Awarded the Highest Premium!

whenever exhibiting in competition with others. We shall take pleasure in forwarding by mail (at our own expense) our *Illustrated Catalogue*, in which every instrument we manufacture, is fully described and illustrated by elegant engravings.

CAUTION!!

We daily see advertisements of some new reed instrument, (with strange name,) purporting to be superior to Melodeons and School Organs. A new exterior and a new name will naturally attract attention; but the public will bear in mind that *all Reed Instruments*, now manufactured in the United States and Canada, are as near *as they can be made without infringing our patents*, copies of our own.

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.

JULIUS BAUER & CO.

Wholesale Agents for

WM. KNABE & CO'S

CELEBRATED

Gold Medal Piano Fortes

Also, for

SOEBBELER & SMITH, BOARDMAN & GRAY,

And other First Class Pianos.

Manufacturers and Importers of

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

STRINGS, ACCORDEONS,

VIOLINS, CLARINETS,

DRUMS, GUITARS,

BRASS INSTRUMENTS

And other Musical Merchandise.

The SILVER and BRASS INSTRUMENTS, of our manufacture and importation, and used by all the best bands in the United States, and whenever exhibited have always received the Gold Medals and HIGHEST PREMIUMS.

☞ Having connection with Manufacturing Houses in Berlin, Leipsic, Dresden, England and Paris, we are prepared to furnish DEALERS, BANDS and INDIVIDUALS, with every article in this line, at the lowest manufacturers' prices.

Address Remember the Place,

JULIUS BAUER & CO.

WHOLESALE WAREROOMS,

99 S. Clark & 89 Washington Sts.

CHICAGO, ILL.

☞ SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.

DR SEELYE'S LIQUID

CATARRH

REMEDY.

Cure Warranted if Directions are Followed.

Single bottle will last a month—to be used three times a day.

SYMPTOMS.

The symptoms of Catarrh are at first very slight. Persons find they have a cold, that they have frequent attacks, and are more sensitive to the changes of temperature. In this condition the nose may be dry, or a slight discharge, thin and acrid, afterwards thick and adhesive, may ensue.

As the disease becomes chronic, the discharges are increased in quantity and changed in quality; they are now thick and heavy, and are hawked or coughed off. The secretions are offensive, causing a bad breath; the voice thick and nasal; the eyes are weak; the sense of smell is lessened or destroyed; deafness frequently takes place.

Another common and important symptom of Catarrh is, that the person is obliged to clear his throat in the morning of a thick or slimy mucous, which has fallen from the head during the night. When this takes place, the person may be sure that his disease is on its way to the lungs, and should lose no time in arresting it.

The above are but few of the many Catarrhal symptoms. Write to our Laboratory for our pamphlet describing fully all symptoms; it will be sent FREE to any address. Also directions where to procure the medicine.

We are daily receiving letters from soldiers in the army, and others in all parts of the Union, and also numerous testimonials from those using it, bearing evidence of its infallible merits.

This Remedy contains NO MINERAL OR POISONOUS INGREDIENTS, but is prepared from vegetable extracts EXCLUSIVELY; therefore it is PERFECTLY HARMLESS, even to the most tender and delicate child.

CALL for SEELYE'S CATARRH REMEDY, and take no other. If not sold by druggists in your vicinity, you can enclose the money in a letter to us, and we will send the medicine by Express. Price $2,00 per bottle.

Address Dr. D. H. SEELYE & Co.,

Freeport, Ill.

PRURIGO LOTIO.

The great Itch and Humor Killer of the 19th Century!

This new preparation possesses most wonderful properties, and is

A SURE CURE

For every species of the ITCH, PRAIRIE ITCH, BARBER'S ITCH, WABASH SCRATCHES, ILLINOIS MANGE, CUTANEOUS ERUPTIONS, PIMPLES ON THE FACE, SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, RINGWORMS, &c.

The PRURIGO LOTIO is a new and *certain* cure for all kinds of Itch, and being a fluid preparation it is free from all the gummy, disagreeable qualities of the ointments in general use.

The PRURIGO LOTIO is safe to use under ALL CIRCUMSTANCES; will not irritate the most tender skin, and CONTAINS NO MERCURY. Don't fail to try it. Manufactured by

E. T. & W. T. McFARLAND,

Sole Proprietors, Lafayette, Ind.

PRICE 50 CENTS.

LORD & SMITH, Chicago, Wholesale Agents.

Sold at Wholesale in Chicago by FULLER, FINCH & FULLER; CHARLES G. SMITH; BURNHAMS & VAN SCHAACK; W. D. HARRIS & CO.; SMITH & DWYER; J. H. REED & CO., and H. SCOVIL.

Sold by KIDDER & HARRIS and H. STONE, Racine. jun11-6m

BOOTS & SHOES.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity to inform his old friends and the public generally, that he has removed his Shoe Shop across the way from his old stand, and is now opening of the

LARGEST AND BEST STOCKS OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

that was ever opened in Racine. His stock is all made under his supervision, and he can warrant it to give

PERFECT SATISFATION.

Every variety of Shoes

LADIES, CHILDREN,

Misses and Boys,

as well as a very large stock of

BOOTS FOR GENTLEMEN,

can be found on his shelves. He flatters himself that by having the

Best of Workmen

and using the

BEST OF STOCK,

he can make work that

CANNOT BE BEAT

in this city.

Repairing done on Short Notice, and at a Reasonable Price.

☞ Remember the place, at No. 99 Main Street, formerly McCreary & Sorns' old stand.

Racine, March 5, 1865. B. REIGHERT.

Stray Pig.

LEFT THE PREMISES OF THE subscriber on or about the 11th of May, a white sow pig, about nine months old. Any person having information of said pig, will be suitably rewarded by leaving word at the JOURNAL office, or with

CASPER DICK,

At Case & Co.'s Blacksmith Shop.

Racine, May 19. 6t

CITY AND COUNTY ORDERS WANTed for Groceries, at the store of

Oct. 1, 1864. JOHN KUEHL.

FRIENDS AND RELATIVES
OF THE
Brave Soldiers and Sailors.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.

ALL WHO HAVE FRIENDS AND RELatives in the Army and Navy, should take special care, that they be amply supplied with these Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldiers' never-failing friend in the hour of need.

COUGHS & COLDS AFFECTING TROOPS

Will be speedily relieved and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

Sick Headaches and Want of Appetite, Incidental to Soldiers.

Those feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. The organs must be relieved, if you would be well. The Pills taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

Weakness or Debility Induced by Over Fatigue

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the Bowels be either costive or unduly accelerated. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the morbid humours from the system. This medicine will give